

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

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HOUSE BILL 977

Short Title: Parents on School Improvement Teams.

(Public)

Sponsors: Representatives Jeffus; Adams, Boyd-McIntyre, Hiatt, Jarrell, Moore, Mosley, Wainwright, and Watson.

Referred to: Education.

April 17, 1997

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO ALLOW PARENTS TO ELECT THE PARENTS WHO SERVE ON
SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT TEAMS.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. G.S. 115C-105.27 reads as rewritten:

"§ 115C-105.27. Development and approval of school improvement plans.

In order to improve student performance, each school shall develop a school improvement plan that takes into consideration the annual performance goal for that school that is set by the State Board under G.S. 115C-105.35. The principal of each school, representatives of the assistant principals, instructional personnel, instructional support personnel, and teacher assistants assigned to the school building, and parents of children enrolled in the school shall constitute a school improvement team to develop a school improvement plan to improve student performance. Parents serving on school improvement teams shall be elected by parents of children enrolled in the school in an election conducted by the parent and teacher organization of the school or, if none exists, by the largest organization of parents formed for this purpose. Parents serving on school improvement teams shall reflect the racial and socioeconomic composition of the students enrolled in that school and shall not be members of the building-level staff. Parental involvement is a critical component of school success and positive student

1 achievement; therefore, it is the intent of the General Assembly that parents, along with
2 teachers, have a substantial role in developing school improvement plans. To this end,
3 school improvement team meetings shall be held at a convenient time to assure
4 substantial parent participation. The strategies for improving student performance shall
5 include a plan for the use of staff development funds that may be made available to the
6 school by the local board of education to implement the school improvement plan. The
7 strategies may include a decision to use State funds in accordance with G.S. 115C-
8 105.25. The strategies may also include requests for waivers of State laws, rules, or
9 policies for that school. A request for a waiver shall meet the requirements of G.S. 115C-
10 105.26.

11 Support among affected staff members is essential to successful implementation of a
12 school improvement plan to address improved student performance at that school. The
13 principal of the school shall present the proposed school improvement plan to all of the
14 principals, assistant principals, instructional personnel, instructional support personnel,
15 and teacher assistants assigned to the school building for their review and vote. The vote
16 shall be by secret ballot. The principal shall submit the school improvement plan to the
17 local board of education only if the proposed school improvement plan has the approval
18 of a majority of the staff who voted on the plan.

19 The local board of education shall accept or reject the school improvement plan. The
20 local board shall not make any substantive changes in any school improvement plan that
21 it accepts. If the local board rejects a school improvement plan, the local board shall state
22 with specificity its reasons for rejecting the plan; the school improvement team may then
23 prepare another plan, present it to the principals, assistant principals, instructional
24 personnel, instructional support personnel, and teacher assistants assigned to the school
25 building for a vote, and submit it to the local board to accept or reject. If no school
26 improvement plan is accepted for a school within 60 days after its initial submission to
27 the local board, the school or the local board may ask to use the process to resolve
28 disagreements recommended in the guidelines developed by the State Board under G.S.
29 115C-105.20(b)(5). If this request is made, both the school and local board shall
30 participate in the process to resolve disagreements. If there is no request to use that
31 process, then the local board may develop a school improvement plan for the school. The
32 General Assembly urges the local board to utilize the school's proposed school
33 improvement plan to the maximum extent possible when developing such a plan.

34 A school improvement plan shall remain in effect for no more than three years;
35 however, the school improvement team may amend the plan as often as is necessary or
36 appropriate. If, at any time, any part of a school improvement plan becomes unlawful or
37 the local board finds that a school improvement plan is impeding student performance at
38 a school, the local board may vacate the relevant portion of the plan and may direct the
39 school to revise that portion. The procedures set out in this subsection shall apply to
40 amendments and revisions to school improvement plans.”

41 Section 2. This act becomes effective July 1, 1997, and applies beginning with
42 the 1997-98 school year.