## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2011

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## HOUSE DRH70127-LL-133 (03/22)

| Short Title:   | Chief Magistrate. (Public   |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|
| Sponsors:  | Representative Cotham.  |  |  |
| Referred to:   |   |  |  |
|  |   |  |  |
|  |   |  |  |
| A BILL TO BE ENTITLED  |   |  |  |
| AN ACT TO ESTABLISH THE POSITION OF CHIEF MAGISTRATE IN CERTAIN COUNTIES.                |   |  |  |
| The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:   |   |  |  |
| SECTION 1. G.S. 7A-146 reads as rewritten:   |   |  |  |
| "§ 7A-146. Administrative authority and duties of chief district judge.                  |   |  |  |
| The chief district judge, subject to the general supervision of the Chief Justice of the |   |  |  |
|  | rt, has administrative supervision and authority over the operation of the distric  |  |  |
| courts and ma  | agistrates in his district. These powers and duties include, but are not limited to   |  |  |
| the following:   |   |  |  |
| (1)  |   |  |  |
| (2)  | courts.   |  |  |
| (2)  | Arranging or supervising the calendaring of noncriminal matters for trial o hearing.  |  |  |
| (3)  | e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e   |  |  |
| ,  | functions of the district court.  |  |  |
| (4)  | Assigning matters to magistrates, and consistent with the salaries set by the   |  |  |
|  | Administrative Officer of the Courts, prescribing times and places at which   |  |  |
|  | magistrates shall be available for the performance of their duties; however   |  |  |
|  | the chief district judge may in writing delegate his authority to prescribe   |  |  |
|  | times and places at which magistrates in a particular county shall be   |  |  |
|  | available for the performance of their duties to another district court judge of the clouds of the suppositor court, on the judge may appoint a chief magistrate to   |  |  |
|  | the clerk of the superior court, <u>or the judge may appoint a chief magistrate to</u> fulfill those duties under subdivision (12) of this section, and the person to |  |  |
|  | whom such authority is delegated shall make monthly reports to the chie   |  |  |
|  | district judge of the times and places actually served by each magistrate.  |  |  |
| (5)  |   |  |  |
| , ,  | jury panels and determining which sessions of district court shall be jury  |  |  |
|  | sessions.   |  |  |
| (6)  | Arranging for the reporting of civil cases by court reporters or othe   |  |  |
|  | authorized means.   |  |  |
| (7)  |   |  |  |
|  | including traffic, domestic relations, and other types of cases, and assigning  |  |  |
|  | district judges to preside over these sessions so as to permit maximum  |  |  |
|  | practicable specialization by individual judges.  |  |  |



- Repealed by Session Laws 1991 (Regular Session, 1992), c. 900, s. 118(b), effective July 15, 1992.

  Assigning magistrates during an emergency to temporary duty outside the county of their residence but within that district; and, upon the request of a
  - (9) Assigning magistrates during an emergency to temporary duty outside the county of their residence but within that district; and, upon the request of a chief district judge of an adjoining district and upon the approval of the Administrative Officer of the Courts, to temporary duty in the district of the requesting chief district judge.
  - (10) Designating another district judge of his district as acting chief district judge, to act during the absence or disability of the chief district judge.
  - (11) Designating certain magistrates to appoint counsel pursuant to Article 36 of this Chapter. This designation may only be given to magistrates who are duly licensed attorneys and does not give any magistrate the authority to: (i) appoint counsel for potentially capital offenses, as defined by rules adopted by the Office of Indigent Defense Services; or (ii) accept a waiver of counsel.
  - (12) Designating a full-time magistrate in a county to serve as chief magistrate for that county for an indefinite term and at the judge's pleasure. The chief magistrate shall have the derivative administrative authority of the chief district court judge under subdivision (4) of this section to assign matters to magistrates and, consistent with the salaries set by the Administrative Office of the Courts, prescribe times and places at which the magistrates shall be available for the performance of their duties. This subdivision applies only to counties for which 20 or more magistrates are authorized under G.S. 7A-133(c) and in which the chief district court judge determines that designating a chief magistrate would be in the interest of justice."

## **SECTION 2.** G.S. 7A-171.1(a) reads as rewritten:

- "(a) The Administrative Officer of the Courts, after consultation with the chief district judge and pursuant to the following provisions, shall set an annual salary for each magistrate.
  - (1) A full-time magistrate shall be paid the annual salary indicated in the table set out in this subdivision. A full-time magistrate is a magistrate who is assigned to work an average of not less than 40 hours a week during the term of office. The Administrative Officer of the Courts shall designate whether a magistrate is full-time. Initial appointment shall be at the entry rate. A magistrate's salary shall increase to the next step every two years on the anniversary of the date the magistrate was originally appointed for increases to Steps 1 through 3, and every four years on the anniversary of the date the magistrate was originally appointed for increases to Steps 4 through 6.

Table of Salaries of Full-Time Magistrates

| Step Level | Annual Salary |
|------------|---------------|
| Entry Rate | \$32,633      |
| Step 1     | 35,525        |
| Step 2     | 38,671        |
| Step 3     | 42,134        |
| Step 4     | 45,999        |
| Step 5     | 50,335        |
| Step 6     | 55.238.       |

In addition to the amount provided under this subdivision, the salary of a full-time magistrate who is designated chief magistrate under G.S. 7A-146(12) shall include an additional amount equaling the difference in pay between a chief district court judge and other district court judges.

- (2) A part-time magistrate is a magistrate who is assigned to work an average of less than 40 hours of work a week during the term, except that no magistrate shall be assigned an average of less than 10 hours of work a week during the term. A part-time magistrate is included, in accordance with G.S. 7A-170, under the provisions of G.S. 135-1(10) and G.S. 135-40.2(a). The Administrative Officer of the Courts designates whether a magistrate is a part-time magistrate. A part-time magistrate shall receive an annual salary based on the following formula: The average number of hours a week that a part-time magistrate is assigned work during the term shall be multiplied by the annual salary payable to a full-time magistrate who has the same number of years of service prior to the beginning of that term as does the part-time magistrate and the product of that multiplication shall be divided by the number 40. The quotient shall be the annual salary payable to that part-time magistrate.
- (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, a magistrate who is licensed to practice law in North Carolina or any other state shall receive the annual salary provided in the Table in subdivision (1) of this subsection for Step 4."

**SECTION 3.** This act becomes effective July 1, 2011.

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