

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA
SESSION 2019

H.B. 988
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HOUSE PRINCIPAL CLERK

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HOUSE BILL DRH30413-NDa-120

Short Title: Next Step Act.

(Public)

Sponsors: Representatives Grange, R. Turner, and Hardister (Primary Sponsors).

Referred to:

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO AMEND THE LAWS GOVERNING THE REVOCATION OF DRIVERS
LICENSES FOR FAILURE TO PAY FINE, PENALTY, OR COSTS; TO PROMOTE THE
DIGNITY OF INCARCERATED WOMEN AND TO MODIFY PRISONER LOCATION
PRIORITIES; TO REQUIRE LOCAL CONFINEMENT FACILITIES TO TRANSFER
HEALTH INFORMATION WITH PRISONERS THAT ARE TRANSFERRED TO A
STATE PRISON FACILITY; TO ORDER A STUDY OF PRISONER MEDICAL
RELEASE AND EXTENSION OF LIMITS OF CONFINEMENT; AND TO
APPROPRIATE FUNDS.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

**PART I. MODIFICATIONS TO REVOCATION OF DRIVERS LICENSE DUE TO
FAILURE TO PAY FINE, PENALTY, OR COSTS OF MOTOR VEHICLE OFFENSES**

SECTION 1.(a) G.S. 20-24.1 reads as rewritten:

**"§ 20-24.1. Revocation for failure to appear or pay fine, penalty or costs for motor vehicle
offenses.**

(a) The Division must revoke the driver's license of a person upon receipt of notice from
a court that the person was charged with a motor vehicle offense and ~~he~~one of the following
occurs:

- (1) ~~failed~~The person failed to appear, after being notified to do so, when the case
was called for a trial or ~~hearing~~hearing.
- (2) ~~failed~~The person failed to pay a fine, penalty, or court costs ordered by the
~~court~~court, and there is a court finding at sentencing that the person is able to
pay and the license should be suspended if the person fails to pay.

Revocation orders entered under the authority of this section are effective on the sixtieth day
after the order is mailed or personally delivered to the person.

(b) A license revoked under this section remains revoked until ~~the person whose license~~
~~has been revoked~~one of the following occurs:

- (1) ~~disposes~~The person disposes of the charge in the trial division in which ~~he~~
the person failed to appear when the case was last called for trial or ~~hearing~~hearing.
- (2) ~~demonstrates~~The person demonstrates to the court that ~~he~~the person is not
the person charged with the ~~offense~~offense.
- (3) ~~pays~~The person pays the ~~penalty, fine, or costs~~fine or penalty ordered by the
~~court~~court.



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1 (4) ~~demonstrates~~ The person demonstrates to the court that ~~his~~ the failure to pay
2 the ~~penalty, fine, or costs~~ fine or penalty was not willful and that ~~he~~ the person
3 is making a good faith effort to pay or that the ~~penalty, fine, or costs~~ fine or
4 penalty should be remitted.

5 (5) For revocations under subdivision (a)(2) of this section, 12 months have
6 passed since revocation.

7 Upon receipt of notice from the court that the person has satisfied the conditions of this subsection
8 applicable to his case, the Division must restore the person's license as provided in subsection
9 (c). In addition, if the person whose license is revoked is not a resident of this State, the Division
10 may notify the driver licensing agency in the person's state of residence that the person's license
11 to drive in this State has been revoked.

12 ...

13 (c) If the person satisfies the conditions of subsection (b) that are applicable to ~~his~~ the
14 person's case before the effective date of the revocation order, the revocation order and any
15 entries on ~~his~~ the person's driving record relating to it shall be deleted and the person does not
16 have to pay the restoration fee set by G.S. 20-7(i1). For all other revocation orders issued
17 pursuant to this section, G.S. 50-13.12 or G.S. 110-142.2, the person must pay the restoration ~~fee~~
18 fee, unless the person is indigent, and satisfy any other applicable requirements of this Article
19 before the person may be relicensed.

20 (d) To facilitate the prompt return of licenses and to prevent unjustified charges of driving
21 while license revoked, the clerk of court, upon request, must give the person a copy of the notice
22 it sends to the Division to indicate that the person has complied with the conditions of subsection
23 (b) applicable to ~~his~~ the person's case. If the person complies with the condition before the
24 effective date of the revocation, the notice must indicate that the person is eligible to drive if ~~he~~
25 the person is otherwise validly licensed.

26 "

27 **SECTION 1.(b)** G.S. 20-24.2 reads as rewritten:

28 "**§ 20-24.2. Court to report failure to appear or pay fine, penalty or costs.**

29 (a) The court must report to the Division the name of any person charged with a motor
30 vehicle offense under this Chapter ~~who~~ who fails to do one of the following:

31 (1) ~~Fails to appear~~ Appear to answer the charge as scheduled, unless within 20
32 days after the scheduled appearance, ~~he~~ the person either appears in court to
33 answer the charge or disposes of the charge pursuant to ~~G.S. 7A-146;~~
34 ~~or~~ G.S. 7A-146.

35 (2) ~~Fails to pay~~ Pay a fine, penalty, or costs within 40 days of the date specified
36 in the court's judgment.

37 "

38 **SECTION 1.(c)** This section becomes effective December 1, 2019.

39 **PART II. DIGNITY FOR INCARCERATED WOMEN**

40 **SECTION 2.(a)** Part 2 of Article 13 of Chapter 143B of the General Statutes is
41 amended by adding a new Subpart to read:

42 "Subpart D. Dignity for Incarcerated Women Act.

43 "**§ 143B-725. Findings.**

44 The General Assembly finds the following:

45 (1) The number of incarcerated women in the State has increased from 2,842 in
46 2010 to 2,871 in 2018.

47 (2) Children who grow up with parents in prison are six to seven times more likely
48 to become incarcerated themselves.

49 (3) Prisoners who maintain close contact with their family members while
50 incarcerated have better post-release outcomes and lower recidivism rates.
51

- 1 (4) Children of inmates who are able to visit their imprisoned parents have
2 increased cognitive skills.
- 3 (5) To mitigate the collateral impact on families and children, the Department of
4 Public Safety should consider the location of family.
- 5 (6) Prenatal care significantly improves outcomes for pregnant women and
6 infants.
- 7 (7) Participation in post-delivery mother-infant residency or nursery programs is
8 associated with lower recidivism rates, reduced risk of babies entering foster
9 care, and improved odds that mothers and their babies will remain together
10 after the mother's period of incarceration.
- 11 (8) Use of restrictive housing and restraints on incarcerated pregnant women may
12 be extremely dangerous to the health of mothers, fetuses, and infants.
- 13 (9) Nationally, eighty-six percent (86%) of women in prison were victims of
14 sexual assault prior to entering the prison system.

15 **"§ 143B-726. Care for incarcerated women related to pregnancy and childbirth.**

16 (a) Limitation on Use of Restraints. – Upon notification or diagnosis of an inmate's
17 pregnancy, and for the duration of the pregnancy, and for 30 days following the inmate's delivery,
18 the Department of Public Safety and correctional facility employees shall not apply the following
19 restraints on a pregnant inmate unless a correctional facility employee has a reasonable belief
20 that the inmate will harm herself, the fetus, or any other person, or pose a substantial flight risk:

- 21 (1) Leg restraints.
- 22 (2) Handcuffs or other wrist restraints, except to restrain the inmate's wrists in
23 front of the inmate.
- 24 (3) Restraints connected to other inmates.

25 (b) Restraints During Labor and Delivery. – No restraints shall be used on any pregnant
26 inmate while in labor or during delivery unless a correctional facility employee has a reasonable
27 belief that the inmate will harm herself, the fetus, or any other person, or pose a substantial flight
28 risk. In such case, the correctional facility employee ordering use of restraints on any inmate
29 while in labor or during delivery shall submit a written report to the warden of the facility within
30 72 hours following the use of restraints, containing the justification for restraining the inmate
31 during labor and delivery.

32 (c) Invasive Searches. – No facility employee of the Department of Public Safety, other
33 than a certified health care professional, shall conduct invasive body cavity searches of pregnant
34 inmates unless the correctional facility employee has a reasonable belief that the inmate is
35 concealing contraband. In such case, the correctional facility employee shall submit a written
36 report to the warden of the facility within 72 hours following the invasive search, containing the
37 justification for the invasive search and the presence or absence of any contraband.

38 (d) Nutrition. – The Department of Public Safety shall ensure that pregnant inmates are
39 provided sufficient food and dietary supplements as ordered by a physician, a physician staff
40 member, or a facility nutritionist to meet generally accepted prenatal nutritional guidelines for
41 pregnant women.

42 (e) Restrictive Housing. – The Department of Public Safety shall not place any pregnant
43 inmate, or any female inmate who has given birth within the previous 30 days, in restrictive
44 housing unless a correctional facility employee has a reasonable belief that the inmate will harm
45 herself, the fetus, or any other person, or pose a substantial flight risk. In such case, the
46 correctional facility employee authorizing the placement of the inmate in restrictive housing shall
47 submit a written report to the warden of the facility within 72 hours following the transfer,
48 containing the justification for confining the inmate in restrictive housing.

49 (f) Bed Assignments. – The Department of Public Safety shall not assign any pregnant
50 inmate to any bed that is elevated more than 3 feet from the floor of the facility.

1 (g) Reporting. – The warden of the facility shall compile a monthly summary of all
2 written reports received pursuant to this section and G.S. 143B-727. The warden shall submit the
3 summary to the Secretary of the Department of Public Safety.

4 **"§ 143B-727. Inmate postpartum recovery.**

5 (a) Restraints During Postpartum Recovery. – No restraints shall be used on any inmate
6 who has given birth within the last 30 days and is in postpartum recovery, unless the Department
7 of Corrections has a reasonable belief that the inmate will harm herself, her newborn, or any
8 other person, or pose a substantial flight risk. In such case, the facility employee ordering use of
9 restraints on any inmate while in postpartum recovery shall submit a written report to the warden
10 of the facility within 72 hours following the use of restraints, containing the justification for
11 restraining the inmate during postpartum recovery.

12 (b) Bonding Period. – Following the delivery of a newborn by an inmate, the Department
13 of Public Safety shall permit the newborn to remain with the inmate for 72 hours unless the
14 medical provider has a reasonable belief that remaining with the inmate poses a health or safety
15 risk to the newborn.

16 (c) Nutritional and Hygiene Products. – During the period of postpartum recovery, the
17 Department of Public Safety shall make available the necessary nutritional and hygiene products,
18 including diapers, to care for the newborn. If the inmate qualifies as indigent, such products shall
19 be provided without cost to the inmate.

20 **"§ 143B-728. Family considerations; inmate placement; visitation.**

21 (a) Placement. – To the greatest extent practicable, after accounting for security and
22 capacity, the Department of Public Safety shall place inmates who are parents of minor children
23 within 250 miles of their permanent address of record.

24 (b) Visitation. – The Department of Public Safety shall adopt rules authorizing visitation
25 of inmates who are parents of minor children with low- or minimum-security classifications by
26 minor dependents with the minimum following requirements:

27 (1) Opportunities for dependent children under the age of 18 to visit an
28 incarcerated parent at least twice per week unless a correctional facility
29 employee has a reasonable belief that the dependent child:

30 a. May be harmed during visitation.

31 b. Poses a security risk due to a gang affiliation, prior conviction, or past
32 violation of facility contraband policy.

33 (2) Eliminating restrictions on the number of dependent children under the age of
34 18 that may be permitted visitation privileges.

35 (3) Authorizing contact visits for inmates who are parents of minor children.

36 **"§ 143B-729. Inspection by employees of department.**

37 (a) Inspections Where a Female Inmate Is in the State of Undress. – To the greatest extent
38 practicable and consistent with safety and order, the Secretary of the Department of Public Safety
39 shall issue regulations that limit inspections by male correctional officers where a female inmate
40 is in a state of undress. Nothing in this section shall limit the ability of a male correctional officer
41 from conducting inspections where a female may be in a state of undress if no female correctional
42 officers are available.

43 (b) Documentation Requirement. – If a male correctional officer deems it is appropriate
44 to conduct an inspection or search while a female inmate is in a clear state of undress in an area
45 such as the shower, the medical examination room, toilet areas, or where a female inmate is
46 having a body cavity search, the male correctional officer shall submit a written report to the
47 warden of the facility within 72 hours following the inspection or search, containing the
48 justification for a male correctional officer to inspect the female inmate while in a state of
49 undress.

50 **"§ 143B-730. Access to feminine hygiene products.**

1 Access to Menstrual Hygiene Products. – The Department of Public Safety shall ensure that
2 sufficient menstrual products are available at each facility for all incarcerated women that have
3 an active menstrual cycle. Female inmates who otherwise qualify as indigent shall be provided
4 menstrual hygiene products as needed at no cost.

5 **"§ 143B-731. Training and technical assistance.**

6 (a) Correctional Facility Employee and Correctional Officer Training. – The Department
7 of Public Safety shall develop and provide to all correctional facility employees and correctional
8 officers who have contact with pregnant inmates training related to the physical and mental health
9 of pregnant inmates and fetuses, including:

- 10 (1) General care of pregnant women.
- 11 (2) The impact of restraints on pregnant inmates and fetuses.
- 12 (3) The impact of being placed in restrictive housing on pregnant inmates.
- 13 (4) The impact of invasive searches on pregnant inmates.

14 (b) Educational Programming for Pregnant Inmates. – The Department of Public Safety
15 shall develop and provide educational programming for pregnant inmates related to:

- 16 (1) Prenatal care.
- 17 (2) Pregnancy-specific hygiene.
- 18 (3) Parenting skills.
- 19 (4) The impact of alcohol and drugs on the fetus.
- 20 (5) General health of children.

21 **"§ 143B-732. Definitions.**

22 As used in this Subpart, the following definitions apply:

- 23 (1) Body cavity searches. – Invasive searches of inmates conducted by
24 correctional facility employees in search of contraband.
- 25 (2) Correctional facility employee. – Anyone who is employed by the facility or
26 the State Department of Public Safety.
- 27 (3) Flight risk. – An inmate who has shown the desire to escape the facility.
- 28 (4) Indigent. – An inmate who has less than an average of sixteen dollars (\$16.00)
29 in the inmate's prison account.
- 30 (5) Menstrual hygiene products. – Products that women use during their
31 menstrual cycle. These include tampons, sanitary napkins, and menstrual
32 cups.
- 33 (6) Postpartum recovery. – The eight-week period following delivery, or longer,
34 as determined by the health care professional responsible for the health and
35 safety of the prisoner.
- 36 (7) Restraints. – Any physical or mechanical device used to restrict or control the
37 movement of a prisoner's body, limbs, or both.
- 38 (8) Restrictive housing. – Any type of detention that involves both:
39 a. Removal from the general inmate population, whether voluntary or
40 involuntary.
41 b. An inability to leave a room or cell for the vast majority of the day.
- 42 (9) State of undress. – A situation where an inmate is partially or fully naked,
43 either in the shower, toilet areas, a medical examination room, or while having
44 a body cavity search conducted."

45 **SECTION 2.(b)** There is appropriated from the General Fund to the Department of
46 Public Safety, Division of Adult Correction, the sum of three million dollars (\$3,000,000) for the
47 2019-2020 fiscal year for the purposes of implementing the statutory requirements of this section
48 regarding restraint policies for inmates during pregnancy and postpartum recovery.

49 **SECTION 2.(c)** Subsection 2(a) of this section becomes effective October 1, 2019.
50 Subsection 2(b) of this section becomes effective July 1, 2019.
51

PART III. PRISONER LOCATION PRIORITY**SECTION 3.(a)** G.S. 148-4 reads as rewritten:**"§ 148-4. Control and custody of prisoners; authorizing prisoner to leave place of confinement.**

The Secretary of Public Safety shall have control and custody of all prisoners serving sentence in the State prison system, and such prisoners shall be subject to all the rules and regulations legally adopted for the government thereof. Any sentence to imprisonment in any unit of the State prison system, or to jail to be assigned to work under the Division of Adult Correction and Juvenile Justice of the Department of Public Safety, shall be construed as a commitment, for such terms of imprisonment as the court may direct, to the custody of the Secretary of Public Safety or his authorized representative, who shall designate the places of confinement within the State prison system where the sentences of all such persons shall be served. The Secretary shall, subject to (i) bed availability, (ii) the prisoner's security designation and other security concerns, (iii) the prisoner's programmatic needs, (iv) the prisoner's mental and medical health needs, (v) any request made by the prisoner related to faith-based needs, (vi) recommendations of the sentencing court, and (vii) other security concerns of the Department of Public Safety, place the prisoner in a facility as close as practicable to the prisoner's primary residence, and to the extent practicable, in a facility within 125 driving miles of that residence. The Secretary shall, subject to consideration of the factors described in the preceding sentence and the prisoner's preference for staying at the prisoner's current facility or being transferred, transfer prisoners to facilities that are closer to the prisoner's primary residence even if the prisoner is already in a facility within 125 driving miles of that residence. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a designation of a place of imprisonment under this section is not reviewable by any court. The authorized agents of the Secretary shall have all the authority of peace officers for the purpose of transferring prisoners from place to place in the State as their duties might require and for apprehending, arresting, and returning to prison escaped prisoners, and may be commissioned by the Governor, either generally or specially, as special officers for returning escaped prisoners or other fugitives from justice from outside the State, when such persons have been extradited or voluntarily surrendered. Employees of departments, institutions, agencies, and political subdivisions of the State hiring prisoners to perform work outside prison confines may be designated as the authorized agents of the Secretary of Public Safety for the purpose of maintaining control and custody of prisoners who may be placed under the supervision and control of such employees, including guarding and transferring such prisoners from place to place in the State as their duties might require, and apprehending and arresting escaped prisoners and returning them to prison. The governing authorities of the State prison system are authorized to determine by rules and regulations the manner of designating these agents and placing prisoners under their supervision and control, which rules and regulations shall be established in the same manner as other rules and regulations for the government of the State prison system.

The Secretary of Public Safety may extend the limits of the place of confinement of a prisoner, as to whom there is reasonable cause to believe he will honor his trust, by authorizing him, under prescribed conditions, to leave the confines of that place unaccompanied by a custodial agent for a prescribed period of time to

...

The willful failure of a prisoner to remain within the extended limits of his confinement, or to return within the time prescribed to the place of confinement designated by the Secretary of Public Safety, shall be deemed an escape from the custody of the Secretary of Public Safety punishable as provided in G.S. 148-45."

SECTION 3.(b) This section becomes effective October 1, 2019.**PART IV. REQUIRE JAILS TO PROVIDE HEALTH INFORMATION FOR INMATES TRANSFERRED FROM JAILS TO PRISONS**

1 **SECTION 4.(a)** G.S. 153A-225 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
2 "**(b2)** Whenever a local confinement facility transfers a prisoner from that facility to a State
3 prison facility, the transferring facility shall provide the receiving facility with any health
4 information or medical records the transferring facility has in its possession pertaining to the
5 transferred prisoner."

6 **SECTION 4.(b)** This section becomes effective October 1, 2019.
7

8 **PART V. STUDY OF USE OF PRISONER MEDICAL RELEASE AND EXTENSION OF**
9 **LIMITS OF CONFINEMENT**

10 **SECTION 5.** No later than one year from the date of enactment of this act, the
11 Secretary of Public Safety shall, in partnership with the Post-Release Supervision and Parole
12 Commission:

13 (a) Conduct a study of (i) the use of medical release for ill, disabled, and geriatric inmates,
14 pursuant to G.S. 15A-1369 and G.S. 15A-1369.1 through G.S. 15A-1369.5, over the previous
15 five fiscal years, and (ii) extensions of the limits of confinement for permanently and totally
16 disabled or terminally ill inmates, pursuant to G.S. 148-4, over the previous five fiscal years.

17 (b) Present a report to the judiciary committees of the House of Representatives and the
18 Senate of the General Assembly, including the following:

19 (1) Data on the number of current inmates who:

- 20 a. Are over age 55.
21 b. Are over age 65.
22 c. Have been diagnosed with a terminal illness.
23 d. Have been diagnosed with Alzheimer's, dementia, or other similar,
24 chronic, age-related illnesses.
25 e. Require the part-time or full-time use of a wheelchair for mobility.
26 f. Require the part-time or full-time use of a walker for mobility.
27 g. Are accounted for in sub-subdivisions a. through f. and are eligible for
28 parole.

29 (2) Data regarding medical release for ill, disabled, and geriatric inmates pursuant
30 to G.S. 15A-1369 and G.S. 15A-1369.1 through G.S. 15A-1369.5, over the
31 previous five fiscal years, including the following:

- 32 a. The number of requests received each year by the Secretary and by the
33 Commission, respectively.
34 b. The number of requests approved each year by the Secretary and by
35 the Commission, respectively.
36 c. The number of requests denied each year by the Secretary and by the
37 Commission, respectively.
38 d. The grounds cited for each request received by the Secretary and by
39 the Commission, respectively.
40 e. The reasons given for each denial of a request issued by the Secretary
41 and by the Commission, respectively.
42 f. The time that elapsed between receipt of the request by the Secretary
43 and by the Commission and the Secretary and the Commission's
44 decision to approve or deny the request, respectively.
45 g. The total number of inmates who died while awaiting responses to
46 requests from the Secretary and the Commission, respectively.
47 h. The time served by the inmate and the time remaining to be served on
48 the inmate's sentence at the time of release for each request that was
49 approved by the Secretary and the Commission, respectively.

- 1 For each of the categories listed in this subdivision, the Secretary and the
 2 Commission shall provide the (i) age, race, and gender for each inmate and
 3 (ii) offenses of conviction for each inmate.
 4 (3) Data regarding extensions of the limits of confinement for permanently and
 5 totally disabled or terminally ill inmates, pursuant to G.S. 148-4, over the
 6 previous five fiscal years, including the following:
 7 a. The number of requests received by the Department of Public Safety
 8 each year.
 9 b. The grounds cited for each request received.
 10 c. The number of requests approved each year.
 11 d. The number of requests denied each year.
 12 e. The reasons given for the denial of each denied request.
 13 f. The time that lapsed between receipt of each request and the Director
 14 of Prisons' decision to approve or deny the request.
 15 g. The total number of inmates who died while awaiting responses to
 16 requests for extension.
 17 h. The time served by the inmate and the time remaining to be served on
 18 the inmate's sentence at the time of release for each approved request.
 19 i. The number of notifications made annually by the Chief of Health
 20 Services to the Secretary classifying prisoners as terminally ill.
 21 j. An accounting of the regular reports on prisoners classified as
 22 permanently and totally disabled made each year by the Chief of
 23 Health Services to the Secretary.
 24 For each of the categories listed in this subdivision, the Secretary shall provide
 25 the (i) age, race, and gender of each inmate and (ii) offenses of conviction for
 26 each inmate.
 27 (4) Recommendations for how the General Assembly can improve, expedite, and
 28 increase the approval of requests for medical release of ill, disabled, and
 29 geriatric inmates pursuant to G.S. 15A-1369 and G.S. 15A-1369.1 through
 30 G.S. 15A-1369.5, and extensions of the limits of confinement for permanently
 31 and totally disabled or terminally ill inmates, pursuant to G.S. 148-4.
 32 (5) Recommendations for how the Department of Public Safety can improve,
 33 expedite, and increase the approval of requests for extensions of the limits of
 34 confinement for permanently and totally disabled or terminally ill inmates,
 35 pursuant to G.S. 148-4.
 36 (6) Recommendations for how the Department of Public Safety and the
 37 Post-Release Supervision and Parole Commission can improve, expedite, and
 38 increase the approval of requests for medical release of ill, disabled, and
 39 geriatric inmates pursuant to G.S. 15A-1369 and G.S. 15A-1369.1 through
 40 G.S. 15A-1369.5.
 41 (7) A list of the actions the Department of Public Safety and the Post-Release
 42 Supervision and Parole Commission are undertaking or will undertake to
 43 improve, expedite, and increase the approval of requests for medical release
 44 of ill, disabled, and geriatric inmates pursuant to G.S. 15A-1369 and
 45 G.S. 15A-1369.1 through G.S. 15A-1369.5, and extensions of the limits of
 46 confinement for permanently and totally disabled or terminally ill inmates,
 47 pursuant to G.S. 148-4.
 48

49 **PART VI. APPROPRIATION FOR TELEMEDICINE**

50 **SECTION 6.(a)** There is appropriated from the General Fund to the Department of
 51 Public Safety, Division of Adult Correction, the sum of three million two hundred thousand

1 dollars (\$3,200,000) for the 2019-2020 fiscal year to provide inmates with access to telemedicine
2 for mental health support during hours when no in-person specialist is available.

3 **SECTION 6.(b)** This section becomes effective July 1, 2019.
4

5 **PART VII. APPROPRIATION FOR IMPROVING AND EXPANDING COURT DATE**
6 **NOTIFICATION SYSTEM**

7 **SECTION 7.(a)** There is appropriated from the General Fund to the Administrative
8 Office of the Courts the sum of two million five hundred thousand dollars (\$2,500,000) for the
9 2019-2020 fiscal year for the purposes of (i) revising current citation and summons forms to
10 include a notice regarding participation in court date notification systems, (ii) improving court
11 date notification systems where these systems are already in place, and (iii) creating court date
12 reminder systems where these systems do not exist so that all defendants in the State may have
13 access to a court date reminder system.

14 **SECTION 7.(b)** This section becomes effective July 1, 2019.
15

16 **PART VIII. APPROPRIATION FOR BEHAVIORAL HEALTH AND THERAPEUTIC**
17 **DIVERSION UNITS**

18 **SECTION 8.(a)** There is appropriated from the General Fund to the Department of
19 Public Safety, Division of Adult Correction, the sum of twelve million dollars (\$12,000,000) for
20 the purpose of hiring staff to address the growing prison population in need of behavioral health
21 and substance use treatment.

22 **SECTION 8.(b)** This section becomes effective July 1, 2019.
23

24 **PART IX. APPROPRIATION FOR DAY TREATMENT PROGRAM FOR NORTH**
25 **CAROLINA CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION FOR WOMEN**

26 **SECTION 9.(a)** There is appropriated from the General Fund to the Department of
27 Public Safety, Division of Adult Correction, the sum of seven million five hundred thousand
28 dollars (\$7,500,000) for the purpose of reestablishing a Day Treatment Program within the North
29 Carolina Correctional Institution for Women.

30 **SECTION 9.(b)** This section becomes effective July 1, 2019.
31

32 **PART X. APPROPRIATION FOR LOCAL REENTRY COUNCILS TO HIRE MORE**
33 **WORKERS AND CREATE SPECIFIC PROGRAMS**

34 **SECTION 10.(a)** There is appropriated from the General Fund to the Department of
35 Public Safety the sum of two million eight hundred thousand dollars (\$2,800,000) to provide
36 funding to Local Reentry Councils to fund housing support specialists and peer support
37 counselors and to fund rental assistance programs and transportation assistance programs.

38 **SECTION 10.(b)** This section becomes effective July 1, 2019.
39

40 **PART XI. EFFECTIVE DATE**

41 **SECTION 11.** Except as otherwise provided in this act, this act is effective when it
42 becomes law.