# GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2019

S SENATE BILL 51\*

Short Title:	Unborn Child Protection From Dismemberment.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Senators Krawiec, Ballard, Sawyer (Primary Sponsors); T. Alexande Edwards, Ford, Johnson, McInnis, Newton, and Steinburg.	r, Daniel,
Referred to:	Rules and Operations of the Senate	

	Referred	io. K	dies and Operations of the Schale				
			February 13, 2019				
1			A BILL TO BE ENTITLED				
2		AN ACT PROHIBITING DISMEMBERMENT ABORTIONS.					
3	The Gene	eral Ass	embly of North Carolina enacts:				
4		SEC	<b>FION 1.</b> Chapter 90 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new Article				
5	to read:						
6			"Article 1L.				
7			"The Unborn Child Protection From Dismemberment Act.				
8	8 " <u>§ 90-21.130. Definitions.</u>						
9	<u>(a)</u>	As us	ed in this Article, the following definitions apply:				
10		<u>(1)</u>	Abortion. – As defined in G.S. 90-21.81.				
11		<u>(2)</u>	Attempt to perform an abortion. – As defined in G.S. 90-21.81.				
12		<u>(3)</u>	<u>Dismemberment abortion. – With the intent to cause the death of an unborn</u>				
13			child, to dismember a living unborn child and extract that child in pieces from				
14			the uterus through use of clamps, grasping forceps, tongs, scissors, or similar				
15			instruments that, through the convergence of two rigid levers, slice, crush, or				
16			grasp, or a combination of these, a portion of the unborn child's body to cut or				
17			rip it off. The term does not include an abortion that uses suction to dismember				
18			the body of the unborn child by sucking fetal parts into a collection container.				
19			The term includes an abortion in which a dismemberment abortion is used to				
20			cause the death of an unborn child but suction is subsequently used to extract				
21			fetal parts after the death of the unborn child.				
22		<u>(4)</u>	Physician. – A person qualified to perform an abortion as described in				
23			<u>G.S. 14-45.1.</u>				
24		<u>(5)</u>	Serious health risk to the unborn child's mother. – In reasonable medical				
25			judgment, the mother has a condition that so complicates her medical				
26			condition that it necessitates the abortion of her pregnancy to avert her death				
27			or to avert serious risk of substantial and irreversible physical impairment of				
28			a major bodily function, not including psychological or emotional conditions.				
29			No such condition may be determined to exist if it is based on a claim or				
30			diagnosis that the woman will engage in conduct which she intends to result				
31			in her death or in substantial and irreversible physical impairment of a major				
32			bodily function.				
33		<u>(6)</u>	Woman. – A female human being whether or not she has reached the age of				
34			<u>majority.</u>				
35	" <u>§ 90-21.</u>	131. D	<u>ismemberment abortion unlawful.</u>				



It shall be unlawful for any person to willfully perform a dismemberment abortion and thereby kill an unborn child, or attempt to perform a dismemberment abortion, unless it is necessary to prevent serious health risk to the unborn child's mother.

#### "§ 90-21.132. Role of North Carolina Medical Board.

A physician accused in any proceeding of unlawful conduct under this Article may seek a hearing before the North Carolina Medical Board on whether the dismemberment abortion was necessary to prevent serious health risk to the unborn child's mother. The Board's findings are admissible on that issue at any trial in which such unlawful conduct is alleged.

## "§ 90-21.133. Immunity.

The following individuals are immune from civil liability under this Article for actions related to performing or attempting to perform a dismemberment abortion:

- (1) The woman upon whom a dismemberment abortion is performed or attempted to be performed.
- (2) Any nurse, technician, secretary, receptionist, or other employee or agent who is not a physician but who acts at the direction of a physician.
- (3) Any pharmacist or other individual who is not a physician but who fills a prescription or provides instruments or materials used in a dismemberment abortion at the direction of a physician.

#### "§ 90-21.134. Civil remedies.

- (a) The civil remedies specified in G.S. 90-21.88 apply to violations of this Article.
- (b) A court shall not allow a plaintiff to maintain a claim for relief for a violation of this Article if the pregnancy resulted from the plaintiff's criminal conduct.

### § 90-21.135. Protection of privacy in court proceedings.

The privacy protections specified in G.S. 90-21.89 apply to actions brought under this Article.

#### "§ 90-21.136. Construction of Article.

- (a) Nothing in this Article shall be construed to create or recognize a right to abortion, nor a right to a particular method of abortion.
- (b) This Article does not prohibit abortion for any reason, including rape and incest, by any other method.

#### "§ 90-21.137. Severability.

If any one or more provisions, sections, subsections, sentences, clauses, phrases, or words of this Article or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is found to be unconstitutional, the same is hereby declared to be severable and the balance of this Article shall remain effective notwithstanding such unconstitutionality. The General Assembly hereby declares that it would have passed the remaining parts of each provision, section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, or word of this Article if it had known that such part or parts of this Article would be declared unconstitutional."

**SECTION 2.** This act becomes effective October 1, 2019, and applies to claims for relief arising on or after that date.