# **GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2023**

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### **HOUSE BILL 55 Committee Substitute Favorable 4/19/23**

	Short Title: Fire Investigation Law Revisions.	(Public)	
	Sponsors:		
	Referred to:		
	February 7, 2023		
1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED		
2	AN ACT TO EXPAND THE INVESTIGATORY POWERS OF THE OFFICE	OF THE STATE	
3	FIRE MARSHAL WITH RESPECT TO CERTAIN FIRE INVESTIGATION	ONS.	
4	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:		
5	SECTION 1. Article 79 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes read	ls as rewritten:	
6	"Article 79.		
7	"Investigation of Fires and Inspection of Premises.		
8	"§ 58-79-1. Fires investigated; reports; records.		
9	The Director of the State Bureau of Investigation, through the State Bureau	of Investigation,	
10	the Commissioner of Insurance, through the Office of the State Fire Marshal, ar		
11	fire department, or chief of police where there is no chief of the fire department,		
12	and towns, and the county fire marshal and the sheriff of the county and the chief	ef of the rural fire	
13	department where such fire occurs outside of a municipality, are hereby authori	zed to investigate	
14	the cause, origin, and circumstances of every fire occurring in such municipalit	ies or counties in	
15	which property has been destroyed or damaged, and shall specially make inve	0	
16	the fire was the result of carelessness or design. A preliminary investigation sha		
17	chief of fire department or chief of police, where there is no chief of fire		
18	municipalities, and by the county fire marshal and the sheriff of the county o		
19	rural fire department where such fire occurs outside of a municipality, and mus	•	
20	three days, exclusive of Sunday, of the occurrence of the fire, and either the Dir		
21	Bureau of Investigation, through the State Bureau of Investigation, or the		
22	Insurance, through the Office of the State Fire Marshal, shall have the right		
23	direct the investigation when he deems it expedient or necessary.as determine		
24	who conducts the preliminary investigation. If the official who conducts		
25	investigation requests investigative assistance from a State agency, the Dire		
26	Bureau of Investigation, through the State Bureau of Investigation, shall have the		
27	to supervise and direct investigations in cases involving death or serious bodil		
28	second-degree arson, buildings owned or occupied by State or local governme	ent, and buildings	
29	owned or leased by educational institutions, churches, or religious buildings.		
30	The officer making the investigation of fires shall forthwith notify the Dir		
31	Bureau of Investigation, and must within one week of the occurrence of the f		
32	Director of the State Bureau of Investigation a written statement of all facts rel		
33	and origin of the fire, the kind, value and ownership of the property destroyed		
34	information as is called for by the forms provided by the Director of the		
35	Investigation. Departments capable of submitting the required information by		
36	computers and related equipment, by means of an approved format of stand	ard punch cards,	



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1 magnetic tapes or an approved telecommunications system, may do so in lieu of the submission

2 of the written statement as provided for in this section. The Director of the State Bureau of

3 Investigation shall keep in his office a record of all reports submitted pursuant to this section.

4 These reports shall at all times be open to public inspection.

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#### "§ 58-79-5. Director of the State Bureau of Investigation and the Commissioner of Insurance, through the Office of the State Fire Marshal to make examination;

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# <u>Insurance, through the Office of the State Fire Marshal</u> to make examination; arrests and prosecution.

8 It is the duty of the Director of the State Bureau of Investigation and the Commissioner of 9 Insurance, through the Office of the State Fire Marshal, to examine, or cause examination to be made, into the cause, circumstances, and origin of all fires occurring within the State to which 10 11 his-their attention has been called in accordance with the provisions of G.S. 58-79-1, or by interested parties, by which property is accidentally or unlawfully burned, destroyed, or 12 13 damaged, whenever in his their judgment the evidence is sufficient, and to specially examine and 14 decide whether the fire was the result of carelessness or the act of an incendiary. The Director of the State Bureau of Investigation and the Commissioner of Insurance, through the Office of the 15 16 State Fire Marshal, shall, in person, by deputy or otherwise, fully investigate all circumstances 17 surrounding such fire, and, when in his-their opinion such proceedings are necessary, take or 18 cause to be taken the testimony on oath of all persons supposed to be cognizant of any facts or to 19 have means of knowledge in relation to the matters as to which an examination is herein required 20 to be made, and shall cause the same to be reduced in writing. If the Director of the State Bureau 21 of Investigation-Investigation, the Commissioner of Insurance, through the Office of the State Fire Marshal, or any deputy appointed to conduct such investigations, is investigations is of the 22 23 opinion that there is evidence to charge any person or persons with the crime of arson, or other 24 willful burning, or fraud in connection with the crime of arson or other willful burning, he the 25 Director may arrest with warrant or cause such person or persons to be arrested, charged with 26 such offense, and prosecuted, and shall furnish to the district attorney of the district all such 27 evidence, together with the names of witnesses and all other information obtained by him, 28 obtained, including a copy of all pertinent and material testimony taken in the case.

# 29 "§ 58-79-10. Powers of <u>the Director of the State Bureau of Investigation and the</u> 30 <u>Commissioner of Insurance, through the Office of the State Fire Marshal, in</u> 31 investigations.

32 The Director of the State Bureau of Investigation, the Commissioner of Insurance, through the Office of the State Fire Marshal, or his deputy their deputies appointed to conduct such 33 34 examination, has have the powers of a trial justice for the purpose of summoning and compelling 35 the attendance of witnesses to testify in relation to any matter which is by provisions of this 36 Article a subject of inquiry and investigation, and may administer oaths and affirmations to 37 persons appearing as witnesses before them. False swearing in any such matter or proceeding is 38 perjury and shall be punished as such. The Director of the State Bureau of Investigation 39 Investigation, the Commissioner of Insurance, through the Office of the State Fire Marshal, or 40 his deputy has their deputies have authority at all times of the day or night, in performance of the duties imposed by the provisions of this Article, to enter upon and examine any building or 41 42 premises where any fire has occurred, and other buildings and premises adjoining or near the 43 same. All investigations held by or under the direction of the Director of the State Bureau of 44 Investigation Investigation, the Commissioner of Insurance, through the Office of the State Fire Marshal, or his deputy their deputies may, in their discretion, be private, and persons other than 45 those required to be present by the provisions of this Article may be excluded from the place 46 47 where the investigation is held, and witnesses may be kept apart from each other and not allowed 48 to communicate with each other until they have been examined.

## 49 "§ 58-79-15. Failure to comply with summons or subpoena.

50 The failure of a person to comply with a summons or subpoena of the Director of the State 51 Bureau of Investigation Investigation, the Commissioner of Insurance, through the Office of the

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1 State Fire Marshal, or his deputy their deputies under G.S. 58-79-10 shall be brought before a 2 court of record and punished as for contempt in the same manner as if he the person had failed 3 to appear and testify before said court of record. 4 5 "§ 58-79-40. Insurance company to furnish information. The chief of any municipal fire or police department, county fire marshal or sheriff, 6 (a) 7 or special agent of the State Bureau of Investigation or the Office of the State Fire Marshal may 8 request any insurance company investigating a fire loss of real or personal property to release 9 any information in its possession relative to that loss. The company shall release the information 10 and cooperate with any official authorized to request such information pursuant to this section. 11 The information shall include, but is not limited to: 12 (1)Any insurance policy relevant to a fire loss under investigation and any 13 application for such a policy; 14 (2)Policy premium payment records; 15 History of previous claims made by the insured for fire loss; (3) 16 (4) Material relating to the investigation of the loss, including statements of any 17 person, proof of loss, and any other relevant evidence. If an insurance company (or insurance agency) has reason to suspect that a fire loss 18 (b) 19 to its insured's real or personal property was caused by incendiary means, the company shall 20 furnish the State Bureau of Investigation or the Office of the State Fire Marshal with all relevant 21 material acquired during its investigation of the fire loss, cooperate with and take such action as 22 may be requested of it by any law-enforcement agency, and permit any person ordered by a court 23 to inspect any of its records pertaining to the policy and the loss. 24 (c) In the absence of fraud or malice, no insurance company (or insurance agency), or 25 person who furnishes information on its behalf, shall be liable for damages in a civil action or 26 subject to criminal prosecution for any oral or written statement made or any other action that is 27 necessary to supply information required pursuant to this section. 28 The officials and departmental and agency personnel receiving any information (d) 29 furnished pursuant to this section shall hold the information in confidence until such time as its 30 release is required pursuant to a criminal or civil proceeding. 31 Any official referred to in subsection (a) of this section may be required to testify as (e) 32 to any information in his possession regarding the fire loss of real or personal property in any 33 civil action in which any person seeks recovery under a policy against an insurance company for 34 the fire loss. 35 ...." 36 **SECTION 2.** This act becomes effective October 1, 2023.