GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2023

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FILED SENATE
Feb 28, 2023
S.B. 174
PRINCIPAL CLERK
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SENATE BILL DRS15073-SVxf-3A

Short Title:	Rev. Laws Tech., Clarifying, & Admin. Chngs.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Senators P. Newton, Perry, and Rabon (Primary Sponsors).	
Referred to:		

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO MAKE VARIOUS TECHNICAL, CLARIFYING, AND ADMINISTRATIVE
3	CHANGES TO THE REVENUE LAWS.
4	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
5	
6	PART I. CORPORATE AND INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX CHANGES
7	SECTION 1.1. G.S. 105-228.90(b)(7) reads as rewritten:
8	"(7) Code. – The Internal Revenue Code as enacted as of April 1, 2021, January 1,
9	2023, including any provisions enacted as of that date that become effective
10	either before or after that date."
11	SECTION 1.2. G.S. 105-122(b)(2) reads as rewritten:
12	"(2) An addition for the amount of indebtedness the corporation owes to a parent,
13	a subsidiary, an affiliate, or a noncorporate entity in which the corporation or
14	group of corporations owns directly or indirectly more than fifty percent
15	(50%) of the capital interest of the noncorporate entity, unless the
16	indebtedness creates qualified interest expense, as defined in
17	G.S. 105-130.7B(b)(4).G.S. 105-130.7B(b)(4)a. through
18	<u>G.S. 105-130.7B(b)(4)d.</u> "
19 20	SECTION 1.3. G.S. 105-153.4 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
20	"(d1) Sole Proprietorships. – In order to calculate the numerator of the fraction provided in subsection (b) of this section for an individual that operates a business in one or more other states,
22	the amount of an individual's total net income of the business, as modified in G.S. 105-153.5 and
23	<u>G.S. 105-153.6</u> , that is includable in the numerator is determined in accordance with the
24	provisions of G.S. 105-130.4. As used in this subsection, total net income means the entire gross
25	income of the business less all expenses, taxes, interest, and other deductions allowable under
26	the Code that were incurred in the operation of the business."
27	SECTION 1.4. G.S. 105-153.9 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
28	"(c) The credit allowed under this section may not exceed the amount of tax imposed by
29	this Part for the taxable year reduced by the sum of all credits allowed, except payments of tax
30	made by or on behalf of the taxpayer."
31	SECTION 1.5.(a) G.S. 105-154(d) reads as rewritten:
32	"(d) Payment of Tax on Behalf of Nonresident Owner or Partner. – If a business conducted
33	in this State is owned by a nonresident individual or by a partnership having one or more
34	nonresident members, the business shall report information concerning the earnings of the
35	business in this State, the distributive share of the income of each nonresident owner or partner,
36	and any other information required by the Secretary. The distributive share of the income of each



nonresident partner includes any guaranteed payments made to the partner. The business shall 1 2 pay with the return the tax on each nonresident owner or partner's share of the income computed 3 at the rate levied on individuals under G.S. 105-153.7. The business may deduct the payment for 4 each nonresident owner or partner from the owner or partner's distributive share of the income 5 of the business in this State. The Secretary may enforce the business's liability for the tax on each 6 nonresident owner or partner's share of the income by sending the business a notice of proposed 7 assessment in accordance with G.S. 105-241.9. If the nonresident partner is not an individual and 8 the partner has executed an affirmation that (i) the partner will pay the tax with its corporate, 9 partnership, trust, or estate income tax return, or (ii) the partner is not subject to State income tax 10 under this Article, the business is not required to pay the tax on the partner's share. In this case, 11 the business shall include a copy of the affirmation with the report required by this subsection. 12 The affirmation must be annually filed by the nonresident partner and submitted by the due date 13 of the report required in this subsection. Otherwise, the business is required to pay the tax on the 14 nonresident partner's share. Notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 105-241.7(b), the business may not request a refund of an overpayment made on behalf of a nonresident owner or partner if 15 the business has previously filed the return and paid the tax due. The nonresident owner or partner 16 17 may, on its own income tax return, request a refund of an overpayment made on its behalf by the 18 business within the provisions of G.S. 105-241.6. This subsection does not apply to a partnership 19 with respect to any taxable period for which it is a taxed partnership.partnership unless the taxed 20 partnership has a partner described in G.S. 105-154.1(a)(5). If a taxed partnership has a partner 21 described in G.S. 105-154.1(a)(5), this subsection applies to the taxed partnership with respect 22 to the partner described in G.S. 105-154.1(a)(5)." 23 **SECTION 1.5.(b)** G.S. 105-154.1(a) is amended by adding a new subdivision to 24 read: 25 A partnership including an entity that is classified as a partnership for federal "(5) 26 income tax purposes." 27 **SECTION 1.5.(c)** G.S. 105-154.1(b)(1) reads as rewritten: 28 "(1) The North Carolina taxable income of a taxed partnership with respect to such 29 taxable period shall be equal to the sum of the following: following for partners 30 defined under G.S. 105-154.1(a)(1) through G.S. 105-154.1(a)(4): " 31 32 SECTION 1.5.(d) G.S. 105-153.9, as amended by Section 1.4 of this act, is amended 33 by adding the following new subsections to read: 34 Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (a)(5) of this section with respect to a "(d) 35 taxed partnership, for purposes of this section and G.S. 105-160.4, each resident partner is 36 considered to have paid a tax imposed on the partner in an amount equal to the partner's distributive share of any income tax paid by the partnership to a state or the District of Columbia 37 where the partnership was subject to an entity-level tax levied on the aggregate distributive share 38 39 of the partnership's income allocable to one or more of its partners. A partnership is taxable in 40 another state or the District of Columbia if the partnership's business activity in that state or the District of Columbia subjects the partnership to a net income tax or a tax measured by net income. 41 42 Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (a)(4) of this section with respect to a (e) 43 taxed S Corporation, for purposes of this section and G.S. 105-160.4, each resident shareholder is considered to have paid a tax imposed on the shareholder in an amount equal to the 44 45 shareholder's pro rata share of any income tax paid by the S Corporation to a state or the District 46 of Columbia where the S Corporation was subject to an entity-level tax levied on the aggregate pro rata share of the S Corporation's income allocable to one or more of its shareholders. An S 47 Corporation is taxable in another state or the District of Columbia if the S Corporation's business 48 49 activity in that state or the District of Columbia subjects the S Corporation to a net income tax or 50 a tax measured by net income. A taxpayer that claims a credit under this subsection may not also

	lit under G.S. 105-131.8 with respect to the same income tax paid by the S
Corporation.	
	ECTION 1.5.(e) This section is effective for taxable years beginning on or after
January 1, 20	22.
S	ECTION 1.6.(a) The following statutes are repealed:
() G.S. 105-131.1A(b)(1)b.
(G.S. $105-131.1A(d)$
,	G.S. $105-153.9(a)(4)$
•	G.S. 105-153.9(a)(5)
,	G.S. 105-154.1(b)(1)b.
•	ECTION 1.6.(b) G.S. 105-131.1A(a) reads as rewritten:
	axed S Corporation Election. – An S Corporation may elect, on its timely filed
()	required under G.S. 105-131.7, to have the tax under this Article imposed on the S
	for any taxable period covered by the return. An S Corporation may not <u>make or</u>
-	ection after the due date of the return including extensions.return is filed."
	ECTION 1.6.(c) G.S. 105-153.5(c3) reads as rewritten:
	axed Pass-Through Entities. – In calculating North Carolina taxable income, a
1 2	at make the following adjustments to the taxpayer's adjusted gross income:
(· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	amount of the taxpayer's pro rata share of income <u>attributable to the State</u> from
	the taxed S Corporation to the extent it the income attributable to the State
	was included in the taxed S Corporation's North Carolina taxable income and
	was included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross income.income, subject to the
	adjustments provided in G.S. 105-153.5 and G.S. 105-153.6, attributable to
	the State.
<u>(</u>	a) A resident taxpayer that is a shareholder of an S Corporation may deduct the
	amount of the taxpayer's pro rata share of income not attributable to the State
	from the S Corporation to the extent the income not attributable to the State
	was included in the S Corporation's taxable income in another state or the
	District of Columbia, was subject to an entity-level tax levied on the aggregate
	pro rata share of the S Corporation's income allocable to one or more of its
	shareholders, and was included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross income subject
	to the adjustments provided in G.S. 105-153.5 and G.S. 105-153.6. An S
	Corporation is taxable in another state or the District of Columbia if the S
	Corporation's business activity in that state or the District of Columbia
	subjects the S Corporation to a net income tax or a tax measured by net
	income.
(2	A taxpayer that is a shareholder of a taxed S Corporation must add the amount
	of the taxpayer's pro rata share of <u>net taxable loss attributed to the State from</u>
	the taxed S Corporation to the extent it the net taxable loss was included in the
	taxed S Corporation's North Carolina taxable income and was included in the
	taxpayer's adjusted gross income.income, subject to the adjustments provided
	in G.S. 105-153.5 and G.S. 105-153.6, attributable to the State.
C	A taxpayer that is a partner of a taxed partnership may deduct the amount of
(-	the taxpayer's <u>share of distributive</u> share of income <u>attributable to the State</u>
	from the taxed partnership to the extent it the share of distributive income
	<u>attributable to the State</u> was included in the taxed partnership's North Carolina
	taxable income and <u>was included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross</u>
	income.income, subject to the adjustments provided in G.S. 105-153.5 and
	G.S. 105-153.6, attributable to the State.

	General Assemb	ly Of North Carolina	Session 2023
1	<u>(3a)</u>	A resident taxpayer that is a partner of a partnership may	y deduct the amount
2	<u>,</u>	of the taxpayer's share of distributive income not attributa	
3		the partnership to the extent the share of distributive inco	
4		to the State was included in the partnership's taxable inco	ome in another state
5		or the District of Columbia, was subject to an entity-lev	el tax levied on the
6		aggregate distributive share of the partnership's income	allocable to one or
7		more of its partners, and was included in the taxpayer's ad	
8		subject to the adjustments provided in G.S. 105-153.5 and	
9		partnership is taxable in another state or the District	
10		partnership's business activity in that state or the District o	
11		the partnership to a net income tax or a tax measured by r	
12	(4)	A taxpayer that is a partner of a taxed partnership must ac	
13		taxpayer's share of distributive share of taxable loss attri	
14		from the taxed partnership to the extent it the share of dist	
15		attributable to the State was included in the taxed partners	-
16		taxable income and was included in the taxpaye	
17		income.income, subject to the adjustments provided in	<u>G.S. 105-153.5 and</u>
18	CECT	G.S. 105-153.6, attributable to the State."	1 (1) = 1 (1) (1)
19 20		TON 1.6.(d) G.S. 105-153.9, as amended by Sections 1.4,	1.5(a), and $1.6(a)$ of
20 21	this act, reads as 1		duala
21	§ 103-133.9. 18	ax credits for income taxes paid to other states by indivi	uuais.
22	(d) Excep	t as otherwise provided in subdivision (a)(5) of this section	on with respect to a
23 24		, for For purposes of this section and G.S. 105-160.4, each	
25		ve paid a tax imposed on the partner in an amount eq	
26		of any income tax paid by the partnership to a state or the I	· •
27		ship was subject to an entity-level tax levied on the aggrega	
28	1	o's income allocable to one or more of its partners. A partner	
29		ne District of Columbia if the partnership's business activit	
30		bia subjects the partnership to a net income tax or a tax meas	
31		t as otherwise provided in subdivision (a)(4) of this section	-
32	taxed S Corpora	tion, for For purposes of this section and G.S. 105-10	60.4, each resident
33	shareholder is co	nsidered to have paid a tax imposed on the shareholder in	an amount equal to
34		pro rata share of any income tax paid by the S Corporation	
35		bia where the S Corporation was subject to an entity-lev	
36		ta share of the S Corporation's income allocable to o	
37		S Corporation is taxable in another state or the District o	
38	-	iness activity in that state or the District of Columbia subjec	1
39		ax or a tax measured by net income. A taxpayer that claim	
40	•	ot also claim a credit under G.S. 105-131.8 with respect to t	the same income tax
41	paid by the S Cor	-	
42		edit is allowed under this section for taxes paid to another	
43		ncome eligible for the deduction provided in G.S. 105-153.	
44 45	as rewritten:	TON 1.6.(e) G.S. 105-154.1(a), as amended by Section 1.5	(b) of this act, reads
45 46		Partnership Election. – A partnership may elect, on its	timely filed annual
40 47		inder G.S. 105-154(c), to have the tax under this Artic	•
47	-	y taxable period covered by the return. A partnership may	-
48 49		the due date of the return, including extensions. return is	
4) 50		by a publicly traded partnership that is described in section	

General As	sembly Of North Carolina	Session 2023
or by a parti following:	nership that has at any time during the taxable year a partner w	who is not one of the
. ((1) An individual.	
Ć	2) An estate.	
	(3) A trust described in section $1361(c)(2)$ of the Code.	
	(4) An organization described in section $1361(c)(6)$ of the C	Code.
	(5) A partnership including an entity that is classified as a partnership including an entity	
	income tax purposes."	r
S	SECTION 1.6.(f) This section is effective for taxable years b	beginning on or after
January 1, 2		
•	SECTION 1.7.(a) G.S. 105-249.2(b) reads as rewritten:	
	Disaster. – The penalties in G.S. 105-236(a)(2), (3), and (4) (4)), and (10)c, may not
	for any period in which the time for filing a federal return or r	· · · ·
	is extended under section 7508A of the Code because of a pr	
	e extension of time granted by the Internal Revenue Service un	-
	ily applies to the corresponding State tax return or payment. I	
	vithout a corresponding federal return and payment, the ex	
	ncome tax returns and payments by the Internal Revenue Service	
	e applies. For the purpose of this section, "presidentially decla	
	ng as in section 1033(h)(3) of the Code."	ned disuster thus the
	SECTION 1.7.(b) This section is effective when it becomes	s law and applies to
	ly declared disasters occurring on or after that date.	s iaw and applies to
-	SECTION 1.8. Except as otherwise provided, this Part is effect	tive when it becomes
law.	SECTION 1.8. Except as otherwise provided, this r art is check	live when it becomes
1a w .		
PART II S	ALES TAX CHANGES	
	SECTION 2.1.(a) G.S. 105-164.3(179) reads as rewritten:	
	(179) Prepared food. $-$ Food that meets at least one of th	a conditions of this
	subdivision. Prepared food does not include food	
	repackaged, or pasteurized but did not heat, mix,	
	utensils.Defined in G.S. 105-164.4L.	or sen white during
	a. It is sold in a heated state or it is heated by the re	toilor
	b. It consists of two or more foods mixed or combin	
	sale as a single item. This sub-subdivision doe	•
	containing raw eggs, fish, meat, or poultry that re	
	consumer as recommended by the Food and Dru	
	prevent food borne illnesses.	
	-	tailar such as platas
	c. It is sold with eating utensils provided by the re-	_
	knives, forks, spoons, glasses, cups, napkins, and	-
S	not include a container or packaging used to tran	-
	SECTION 2.1.(b) Article 5 of Chapter 105 of the General State	atutes is amended by
-	following new section to read:	
	<u>4L. Prepared food.</u>	ad that maata at least
	<u>Prepared Food Definition. – The term "prepared food" means fo</u> ollowing conditions:	ou mai meets at least
	(1) It is sold in a heated state, or it is heated by the retailer.	he retailer for cole of
<u>L</u>	(2) <u>It consists of two or more foods mixed or combined by t</u> a single item. This does not include:	ne retailer for sale as
	a single item. This does not include:	that requires cooking
	<u>a.</u> <u>Food containing raw eggs, fish, meat, or poultry to by the consumer as recommended by the the</u>	
	by the consumer as recommended by the	e Food and Drug

	General	Assemb	y Of North Carolina	Session 2023
1			Administration in chapter 3, part	401.11 of its Food Code so as to
2			prevent foodborne illnesses.	
3			b. Food that is only sliced, repackaged	d, or pasteurized by the retailer.
4		(3)	It is sold with eating utensils provided by	± •
5		<u>(5)</u>	forks, spoons, glasses, cups, napkins, and	-
6			container or packaging used to transport th	
7			a package with the food items by a person	• •
8			person's NAICS classification code is that	
8 9			-	
			not treated as an eating utensil provided b	
10			any other NAICS classification code, the	he retailer is considered to have
11			provided the eating utensil.	
12	<u>(b)</u>		s Provided by the Retailer Based on	+ +
13			nined in accordance with subsection (c) of	± +
14	by the ret	ailer," a	described in subdivision (3) of subsection (a) of this section, has the following
15	<u>meanings</u>	<u>:</u>		
16		<u>(1)</u>	Sales percentage of greater than seventy-fit	<u>ve percent (75%). – If a retailer has</u>
17			a prepared food sales percentage of greate	r than seventy-five percent (75%),
18			"provided by the retailer" means the retaile	r makes eating utensils available to
19			purchasers, except that an item sold by th	ne retailer containing four or more
20			servings packaged as one item and sold f	-
21			prepared food because the retailer makes up	
22			the item, but is prepared food if the retailer	-
23			to the purchaser of the item. Serving sizes	
24			of an item sold. If no label is available, a	
25			the number of servings in an item.	terenter must reasonably actomme
26		<u>(2)</u>	Sales percentage of seventy-five percent ((75%) or less – If a retailer has a
20		<u>(2)</u>	prepared food sales percentage of seven	
28			"provided by the retailer" means the retailer	
28 29			give or hand eating utensils to purchasers,	
30			and cups necessary for the purchaser to re	· · · ·
31			available to purchasers.	cerve the rood need only be made
32	(a)	Drama		
	<u>(c)</u>		ed Food Sales Percentage. –	, dividing the fellowing described
33		<u>(1)</u>	Definition. – A percentage determined by	
34 25			numerator by the following described deno	
35			<u>a.</u> <u>The numerator is the retailer's annu</u>	
36			in subdivisions (1) and (2) of subs	
37			sold when plates, bowls, glasses, o	
38			food. The numerator shall not inc	clude alcoholic beverages or food
39			excluded from prepared food.	
40			b. The denominator is the retailer's	
41			prepared food, excluding alcoholic	beverages.
42		<u>(2)</u>	Administration of definition. –	
43			a. <u>A retailer must calculate the prepa</u>	red food sales percentage for each
44			tax year or business fiscal year ba	sed on the retailer's data from the
45			prior tax year or business fiscal	year, as soon as possible after
46			accounting records are available, b	
47			beginning of the retailer's tax year	
48			b. A single prepared food sales percent	-
49			for all of the retailer's establishmen	
50			c. A new retailer shall make a good-	
51			sales percentage for its first year i	

	General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2023	5
1	adjust its good-faith estimate prospectively after the first three months	;
2	of its business operation if actual prepared food sales percentages	
3	materially affect the seventy-five percent (75%) threshold described in	
4	subsection (b) of this section."	
5	SECTION 2.2. G.S. 105-164.4J is amended by adding a new subsection to read:	
6	"(k) Efficient Administration. – When the Secretary finds it necessary for the efficient	<u>-</u>
7	administration of this Article to regard any sales representatives, solicitors, representatives,	L
8	consignees, peddlers, or truckers as agents of the dealers, distributors, consignors, supervisors,	<u>.</u>
9	employers, or persons under whom they operate or from whom they obtain the items sold by	
10	them regardless of whether they are making sales on their own behalf or on behalf of these	_
11	dealers, distributors, consignors, supervisors, employers, or persons, the Secretary may so regard	
12	them and may regard the dealers, distributors, consignors, supervisors, employers, or persons as	
13	"marketplace facilitators" for the purpose of this Article and may treat the sales they make as	<u>;</u>
14	"marketplace-facilitated sales" and the sellers as "marketplace sellers.""	
15	SECTION 2.3. G.S. 105-164.11B reads as rewritten:	
16	"§ 105-164.11B. Recover sales tax paid.	
17	(a) <u>Retailers. –</u> A retailer who pays sales and use tax on an item that is separately stated	
18	on an invoice or similar billing document given to the retailer at the time of sale and subsequently	
19 20	resells the item at retail, without the item being used by the retailer, may recover the sales or use	
20 21	tax originally paid to a seller as provided in this section. subsection. A retailer entitled to recover	
21	tax under this <u>section subsection</u> may reduce taxable receipts by the taxable amount of the purchase price of the item resold for the period in which the retail sale occurs. A recovery of tax	
22	allowed under this section subsection is not an overpayment of tax and, where such the recovery	
23 24	is taken, a refund of the tax originally paid may not be requested from the seller pursuant to the	
25	authority under G.S. 105-164.11. Any amount for tax recovered under this section subsection in	
26	excess of tax due for a reporting period under this Article is not subject to refund. Any tax	
27	recovered under this section subsection may be carried forward to a subsequent reporting period	
28	and taken as an adjustment to taxable receipts. The records of the retailer must clearly reflect and	
29	support the adjustment to taxable receipts for the period in which the adjustment is made.	
30	(b) Marketplace Facilitators. – A marketplace facilitator may recover the sales or use tax	
31	originally paid to a marketplace seller as provided in this subsection when the marketplace	
32	facilitator pays sales and use tax to a marketplace seller on a marketplace-facilitated sale for	-
33	which the marketplace facilitator is considered the retailer pursuant to G.S. 105-164.4J(b), and	L
34	the tax is separately stated on an invoice or similar billing document given to the marketplace	;
35	facilitator at the time of sale. A marketplace facilitator entitled to recover tax under this	<u>,</u>
36	subsection may reduce taxable receipts by the taxable amount of the marketplace-facilitated sale	
37	that is taxed by the marketplace seller for the period in which the retail sale occurs. A recovery	
38	of tax allowed under this subsection is not an overpayment of tax and, where the recovery is	-
39	taken, a refund of the tax originally paid may not be requested from the seller pursuant to the	
40	authority under G.S. 105-164.11. Any amount for tax recovered under this subsection in excess	
41	of tax due for a reporting period under this Article is not subject to refund. Any tax recovered	_
42	under this subsection may be carried forward to a subsequent reporting period and taken as an	
43	adjustment to taxable receipts. The records of the retailer must clearly reflect and support the	-
44 45	adjustment to taxable receipts for the period in which the adjustment is made."	
43 46	SECTION 2.4.(a) G.S. 105-164.13 reads as rewritten: "§ 105-164.13. Retail sales and use tax.	
40 47	The sale at retail and the use, storage, or consumption in this State of the following items are	
47	specifically exempted from the tax imposed by this Article:	,
49	specificary exempted from the tax imposed by this ration.	
50	(11) Any of the following fuel:	
20		

	General Assemb	ly Of North Carolina	Session 2023
1 2 3 4		a. Motor fuel, as taxed in Article 36C of this Ch for which a refund of the per gallon excis G.S. 105-449.105A, G.S. 105-449.106(c), G.S. 105-449.107.	se tax is allowed under
5 6 7		b. Alternative fuel taxed under Article 36D or refund of that tax is allowed under G.S. 105-449.107.	-
8	"		
9		ION 2.4.(b) G.S. 105-164.13 reads as rewritten:	
10 11		Retail sales and use tax.	of the following items are
11		tail and the use, storage, or consumption in this State or pted from the tax imposed by this Article:	of the following items are
12	specifically exem	pled from the tax imposed by this Article.	
13 14 15	(35)	Sales by a nonprofit civic, charitable, educationa fraternal organization when all of the conditions liste	•
16		met. This exemption does not apply to gross re	
17 18		admission charge to an entertainment activity. <u>The cr</u> a. The sales are conducted only upon an annual	
18 19		raising funds for the organization's activities.	1 1
20		b. The proceeds of the sale are actually use	
21		activities.	a for the organizations
22		c. The products sold are delivered to the purcha	aser within 60 days after
23 24		the first solicitation of any sale made during sales period.	
25		d. Each annual sales period occurs at least 60 da	ays after the beginning of
26		the prior annual sales period.	
27		<u>e.</u> <u>Each annual sales period funds a distinct and e</u>	different project from the
28		other annual sales periods occurring during the	-
29		<u>f.</u> <u>Each annual sales period sells products that</u>	
30		from the products sold during the other annua	al sales periods occurring
31	"	during the year.	
32 33	···· Sect	TON 2.4 (a) Subsection (a) of this section is affective	ratroactivaly to Ianuary
33 34		TON 2.4.(c) Subsection (a) of this section is effective ies to applications for refunds submitted on or after that	
35		ective when it becomes law.	
36		TON 2.5. G.S. 105-164.3(259) reads as rewritten:	
37		Streamlined Agreement. – The Streamlined Sales an	d Use Tax Agreement as
38	· · · · ·	amended as of December 21, 2021.December 22, 20	-
39	SECT	TON 2.6. Except as otherwise provided, this Part is e	ffective when it becomes
40	law.		
41			
42		ISE TAX CHANGES	
43		TON 3.1. G.S. 105-113.4(13a) reads as rewritten:	
44	"(13a)	Vapor product Any nonlighted, noncombustible	
45		mechanical heating element, battery, or electronic ci	
46 47		or size and that can be used to produce vapor from ni	
47 48		<u>derived</u> , in a solution. The term includes any vapor ca of nicotine in a solution or other form that is intended	-
48 49		electronic cigarette, electronic cigar, electronic ciga	
49 50		similar product or device. The term does not include	

	General Assembly Of North CarolinaSession 2023
1	the United States Food and Drug Administration under Chapter V of the
2	federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act."
3	SECTION 3.2.(a) G.S. 105-113.4(2) reads as rewritten:
4	"(2) Cost price. – The actual price paid for an item <u>identified as a stock keeping</u>
5	unit by a unique code or identifier representing the item that is subject to the
6	tax imposed by Part 3 of this Article by the person liable for the tax. The actual
7	price paid for an item may be either of the following:
3	a. The actual price paid for an item identified as a stock keeping unit by
)	a unique code or identifier representing the item.
)	b. If the actual price paid for an item is not available, the average of the
	actual price paid for the item over the 12 calendar months before
	January 1 of the year in which the sale occurs."
	SECTION 3.2.(b) G.S. 105-113.36A(f) reads as rewritten:
	"(f) Documentation. – If a person liable for the tax imposed by this Part cannot produce
	to the Secretary's satisfaction documentation of the cost price of the items subject to tax, the
)	Secretary may determine a value based on the either of the following:
	(1) <u>The cost price of comparable items.</u>
	(2) The average of the actual price paid by the person liable for the tax for the
	item over the 12 calendar months before January 1 of the year in which the
	sale occurs."
	SECTION 3.3. G.S. 105-113.4A(e) reads as rewritten:
	"(e) Duplicate or Amended License. – Upon application to the Secretary, a licensee may
	obtain without charge a duplicate or amended license as provided in this subsection. A duplicate
	or amended license must state that it is a duplicate or amended license, as appropriate: follows:
	(1) A duplicate license, if the licensee establishes that the original license has been
	lost, destroyed, or defaced.
	(2) An amended license, if the licensee establishes that the location of the place
	of business for which the license was issued has changed."
	SECTION 3.4.(a) G.S. 105-113.4F(c) reads as rewritten:
	"(c) Filing Requirement. – A delivery seller who has made a delivery sale, or shipped or
	delivered tobacco products in connection with a delivery sale, for which tax is due under this
	Article, during the previous month shall, not later than the tenth day of each month, file with the
	Secretary a memorandum or a copy of the invoice for every delivery sale made during the
	previous month. A delivery seller who complies with 15 U.S.C. § 376 with respect to tobacco
	products covered by that section is considered to have complied with this subsection. The
	memorandum or invoice shall contain the following information:
	(1) The name, address, telephone number, and e-mail address of the consumer.
	(2) The type and the brand, or brands, of tobacco products that were sold.
	(3) The quantity of tobacco products that were sold."
	SECTION 3.4.(b) This section is effective when this act becomes law and applies
	to filings due on or after that date for sales made during the previous month.
	SECTION 3.5.(a) G.S. 105-113.4G reads as rewritten:
	"§ 105-113.4G. Records to be kept.
	(a) <u>Requirement.</u> – Every person required to be licensed under this Article and every
	person required to make reports under this Article shall keep complete and accurate records of
	all purchases, inventories, sales, shipments, and deliveries of tobacco products, and other
	information as required under this Article. by the Secretary. The records shall be in the form
	prescribed by the Secretary and shall be open at all times for inspection by the Secretary or an
	authorized representative of the Secretary.
	(b) <u>Time Period. –</u> These records shall be safely preserved for a period of three years the
	applicable period of statute of limitations as set forth in Article 9 of this Chapter in a manner to
	approache period of suitate of miniations as set form in Autere 7 of this Chapter in a mainter to

	General Assembly Of North CarolinaSession 2023
1	ensure their security and accessibility for inspection by the Department. If the records apply to a
2	transaction not required to be reported in a return, the records shall be kept for three years from
3	the date of the transaction."
4	SECTION 3.5.(b) This section is effective when this act becomes law and applies
5	to records for transactions occurring on or after that date.
6	SECTION 3.6. G.S. 105-113.12(a) reads as rewritten:
7	"(a) A distributor must obtain a license for each of the locations listed in this subsection,
8 9	as applicable, and must pay a tax of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) for each license. A license is in effect until June 30 of the year following the second calendar year after the date of issuance or
10	renewal. A license is renewable upon signed application with no renewal license tax, unless
1	applied for after the June 30 expiration date. The locations are:
12	(1) Each location where a distributor receives or stores non-tax-paid cigarettes in
3	this State.
14	(2) For a distributor that is a delivery seller, each location from which the
5	distributor ships-receives or stores non-tax-paid cigarettes for delivery sales
16	of cigarettes if the location is a location other than the location described in
17	subdivision (1) of this subsection."
8	SECTION 3.7. G.S. 105-113.38B reads as rewritten:
19	"§ 105-113.38B. Records.
20	In addition to the records required to be kept under G.S. 105-113.4G, a remote seller required
21	to be licensed must maintain the following:
22	(1) A list, updated annually, showing the cost price paid by the remote seller for
23	each stock keeping unit of tobacco products.
24	(2) Invoices documenting remote or delivery sales to consumers in this State.
25	(3) Records necessary to document the cost price of purchases of all tobacco
26	products sold to consumers in this State."
27	SECTION 3.8.(a) G.S. 105-113.39A reads as rewritten:
28	"§ 105-113.39A. License required.
29	(a) Requirement. – A wholesale dealer or a retail dealer must obtain from the Secretary
30	a license for each of the locations listed in this subsection, as applicable, and must pay the
31	required license tax for each license. A license is in effect until June 30 of the year following the
32	second calendar year after the date of issuance or renewal, unless cancelled or revoked prior to
33	expiration. A license is renewable upon signed application with no renewal license tax, unless
34	applied for after the June 30 expiration date. The locations are:
35	(1) Each location where a wholesale dealer makes tobacco products.
36	(2) Each location where a wholesale dealer or a retail dealer receives or stores
37	non-tax-paid tobacco products.
38	(3) Each location from where a retail dealer that is a delivery seller or remote
39	seller ships receives or stores non-tax-paid tobacco products for delivery sales
40	or remote sales if the location is a location other than the location described
41	in subdivision (2) of this subsection.
42	"
43	SECTION 3.8.(b) G.S. 105-113.39A, as amended by subsection (a) of this section,
14	reads as rewritten:
15	"§ 105-113.39A. License required.
46	(a) Requirement. – A wholesale dealer or a retail dealer must obtain from the Secretary
47	a license for each of the locations listed in this subsection, as applicable, in accordance with
48	subsections (a1) and (a2) of this section and must pay the required license tax for each license.
49	A license is in effect until June 30 of the year following the second calendar year after the date
50	of issuance or renewal, unless cancelled or revoked prior to expiration. A license is renewable

General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2023
upon signed application with no renewal license tax, unless applied for after the June 30
expiration date. The locations are:
(a1) Other Tobacco Products License. – A wholesale dealer or a retail dealer must obtain
an other tobacco products license for all of the following locations:
(1) Each location where a wholesale dealer makes tobacco products.products
other than vapor products.
(2) Each location where a wholesale dealer or a retail dealer receives or stores
non-tax-paid tobacco products.products other than vapor products.
(3) Each location from where a retail dealer that is a delivery seller or remote
seller receives or stores non-tax-paid tobacco products for delivery sales or
remote sales of tobacco products other than vapor products if the location is a
location other than the location described in subdivision (2) of this subsection.
(a2) <u>Vapor Products License. – A wholesale dealer or a retail dealer must obtain a vapor</u>
products license for all of the following locations:
(1) Each location where a wholesale dealer makes vapor products.
(2) Each location where a wholesale dealer or a retail dealer receives or stores
<u>non-tax-paid vapor products.</u>
(3) Each location from where a retail dealer that is a delivery seller or a remote
seller receives or stores non-tax-paid vapor products for delivery sales if the
location is a location other than the location described in subdivision (2) of
this subsection.
(b) License Tax Amount. – The license tax amounts are as follows:
(1) Wholesale dealer \$25.00
(1) Wholesale dealer \$25.00 (2) Retail dealer \$10.00
(c) Out-of-State Wholesale Dealers. – An out-of-state wholesale dealer of tobacco
products that is not a delivery seller or a remote seller may obtain a wholesale dealer's license
upon compliance with the provisions of G.S. 105-113.4A and payment of a tax of twenty-five
dollars (\$25.00)."
SECTION 3.8.(c) Subsection (b) of this section becomes effective July 1, 2024, and
applies to licenses issued on or after that date. The remainder of this section is effective when it
becomes law.
SECTION 3.9.(a) G.S. 105-113.88 reads as rewritten:
"§ 105-113.88. Record-keeping requirements.
A person who is required to file a report or return under this Article must keep a record of all
documents used to determine information the person provides in a report or return. return and
any other information required by the Secretary. The records must be kept for three years from
the due date of the report or return to which the records apply. the applicable period of statute of
limitations as set forth under Article 9 of this Chapter. If the records apply to a transaction not
required to be reported in a return, the records must be kept for three years from the date of the
transaction. The Secretary or the Secretary's designee has the right at any reasonable time to
inspect records."
SECTION 3.9.(b) This section is effective when this act becomes law and applies
to documents required to be kept for transactions occurring on or after that date. The authority of
the Secretary or the Secretary's designee to inspect records at any reasonable time is ongoing and
is not limited to records for transactions occurring on or after the effective date of this section.
SECTION 3.10. G.S. 105-449.39 reads as rewritten:
"§ 105-449.39. Credit for payment of motor fuel tax.
(a) <u>Credit. – Every motor carrier subject to the tax levied by this Article is entitled to a</u>
credit on its quarterly return for tax paid by the carrier on fuel purchased in the State. The amount
of the credit is determined using the tax rate in effect under G.S. 105-449.80 for the time period
of the creaters determined using the tax rate in effect and of 0.5. 105 (17,00 for the time period

covered by the return. reporting period. To obtain a credit, the motor carrier must furnish 1 2 evidence satisfactory to the Secretary that the tax for which the credit is claimed has been paid. 3 Refund. - If the amount of a credit to which a motor carrier is entitled for a quarter (b) 4 exceeds the motor carrier's liability for that quarter, the excess is refundable in accordance with 5 G.S. 105-241.7." 6 SECTION 3.11. G.S. 105-449.42 reads as rewritten: 7 "§ 105-449.42. Payment of tax. 8 The tax levied by this Article is due when a motor carrier files a quarterly return is due under 9 G.S. 105-449.45. The amount of tax due is calculated on the amount of motor fuel or alternative 10 fuel used by the motor carrier in its operations within this State during the quarter covered by the return. If a motor carrier is exempt from filing a return under G.S. 105-449.45(b)(2), the tax 11 12 levied by this Article is due when the tax becomes collectible under G.S. 105-241.22." 13 SECTION 3.12. G.S. 105-449.45 reads as rewritten: 14 "§ 105-449.45. Returns of carriers. Return. – A motor carrier must report its operations to the Secretary on a quarterly 15 (a) basis unless subsection (b) of this section exempts the motor carrier from this requirement. A 16 quarterly return covers a calendar quarter and is due by the last day in April, July, October, and 17 18 January. of the month following the quarter. A return must be filed in the form required by the 19 Secretary. 20 (b) Exemptions. - A motor carrier is not required to file a quarterly return if any of the 21 following applies: 22 (1)All the motor carrier's operations during the quarter were made under a 23 temporary permit issued under G.S. 105-449.49. 24 (2)The motor carrier is an intrastate motor carrier, as indicated on the motor 25 carrier's application for licensure with the Secretary. Secretary, and operates 26 exclusively in North Carolina." 27 28 **SECTION 3.13.(a)** G.S. 105-449.46 reads as rewritten: 29 "§ 105-449.46. Inspection of books and records. Record-keeping requirements; inspection 30 authority. 31 Record Keeping. - An interstate motor carrier shall maintain records in accordance (a) 32 with any cooperative agreements entered into in accordance with G.S. 105-449.57 and shall 33 maintain any other information required by the Secretary. An intrastate motor carrier shall 34 maintain records to determine the person's motor fuel transactions and any other information as required by the Secretary. The intrastate motor carrier shall keep the records for four years after 35 36 the date of the transaction. 37 (b) Inspection. - The Secretary and his-the Secretary's authorized agents and 38 representatives shall have the right at any reasonable time to inspect the books and records of any 39 motor carrier subject to the tax imposed by this Article or to the registration fee imposed by 40 Article 3 of Chapter 20 of the General Statutes." 41 **SECTION 3.13.(b)** This section is effective when this act becomes law and applies 42 to records for transactions occurring on or after that date. The authority of the Secretary and the 43 Secretary's authorized agents to inspect the books and records at any reasonable time is ongoing 44 and is not limited to records for transactions occurring on or after the effective date of this section. 45 SECTION 3.14. G.S. 105-449.47 reads as rewritten: 46 "§ 105-449.47. Licensure of vehicles. 47 48 (a1) License and Decal. – When the Secretary licenses a motor carrier, the Secretary must 49 issue a license for the motor carrier and a set of decals for each qualified motor vehicle. A motor 50 carrier must keep records of decals issued to it and must be able to account for all decals it 51 receives from the Secretary. Licenses and decals issued by the Secretary are for a calendar year.

1	All decals issued by the Secretary remain the property of the State. The Secretary may revoke a				
2	license or a decal when a motor carrier fails to comply with this Article or Article 36C or 36D of				
3	this Subchapter.				
4	(a2) A Carrying License and Displaying Decal. – Except as provided in subsection (a3) of				
5		otor carrier must carry a copy of its <u>current calendar year</u> license in each <u>qualified</u>			
6		perated by the motor carrier when the vehicle is in this State. Unless operating			
7	under a temporary permit under G.S. 105-449.49, G.S. 105-449.49 or operating under the grace				
8	-	lance with subsection (a3) of this section, a qualified motor vehicle must clearly			
9	display one <u>current calendar year</u> decal on each side of the vehicle at all times. A decal must be				
10	affixed to the qualified motor vehicle for which it was issued in the place and manner designated				
11	by the authority that issued it.				
12	(a3) Grace Period. – Motor carriers shall have through the last day of February to display				
13	the current calendar year decals on the qualified motor vehicle and carry a copy of its current				
14	calendar year license in the qualified motor vehicle. To be eligible for the grace period, the motor				
15	carrier shall do				
16	(1)	Hold an active motor carrier license as of December 31 of the preceding			
17	<u>, - /</u>	calendar year issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction			
18		pursuant to the International Fuel Tax Agreement.			
19	<u>(2)</u>	Submit an application for licensure to the Department on or before December			
20	<u>_/</u>	31 of the preceding year.			
21	<u>(3)</u>	Display the previous calendar year's decal issued by the Department or issued			
22	<u>(3)</u>	by another jurisdiction pursuant to the International Fuel Tax Agreement.			
23	<u>(4)</u>	<u>Carry a copy of the previous calendar year's license in the qualified motor</u>			
24	<u> </u>	vehicle issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction.			
25	"	veniere issued of the Department of issued of unother jurisdiction			
26		TION 3.15. G.S. 105-449.61(a) reads as rewritten:			
27		Local Tax. – A county or city may not impose a tax on the sale, distribution, or			
28	· · ·	el, except motor fuel for which a refund of the per gallon excise tax is allowed			
29		05-449.105A or G.S. 105-449.107. <u>G.S. 105-449.105A</u> , 105-449.106(d), or			
30	105-449.107."				
31		TION 3.16. G.S. 105-449.97 reads as rewritten:			
32		Deductions and discounts allowed a supplier when filing a return.			
33		es Not Remitted. – When a supplier files a return, the supplier may deduct from			
34		ax payable with the return the amount of tax any of the following licensees owes			
35		failed to remit to the supplier:			
36	(1)	A licensed distributor.			
37	(2)	A licensed importer that removed the motor fuel on which the tax is due from			
38	(-/	a terminal of an elective or a permissive supplier.			
39	(3)	Repealed by Session Laws 1995, c. 647, s. 32.			
40		<u>Paid After Deduction. – A supplier is not liable for tax a licensee listed in this</u>			
41		<u>f this section</u> owes the supplier but fails to pay. If a listed licensee pays tax owed			
42	to a supplier after the supplier deducts the amount on a return, the supplier must promptly remit				
43	the payment to t				
44					
45	(e) Cred	lit for Motor Fuel in Terminal. – When filing a return, a licensed supplier who is			
46		der may take a credit for tax-paid motor fuel entering the terminal system."			
47	_	TION 3.17. G.S. 105-449.106(a) reads as rewritten:			
48		profits. – A nonprofit organization listed below that purchases and uses motor			
49		e a quarterly refund, for the excise tax paid during the preceding quarter, at a rate			
50	equal to the tax rate in effect under G.S. 105-449.80 for the time period for which the refund is				
51		the cent (1ϕ) per gallon.			
	,				

	General Assem	bly Of North Carolina Session 2023		
1	An application	on for a refund allowed under this subsection must be made in accordance with		
2	this Part and must be signed by the chief executive officer of the organization. The chi			
3	executive officer of a nonprofit organization is the president of the organization or another officer			
4	of the organization designated in the charter or bylaws of the organization.			
5	Any of the following entities may receive a refund under this subsection:			
6	(1)	Repealed by Session Laws 2002-108, s. 13, effective January 1, 2003.		
7	(2)	A private, nonprofit organization that transports passengers under contract		
8		with or at the express designation of a unit of local government.		
9	(3)	A volunteer fire department.		
10	(4)	A volunteer rescue squad.		
11	(5)	A sheltered workshop recognized by the Department of Health and Human		
12		Services."		
13	SEC'	FION 3.18.(a) G.S. 105-449.121 reads as rewritten:		
14		Record-keeping requirements; inspection authority.		
15		Must Be Kept. – A person who is subject to audit under subsection (b) of this		
16		ep a record of all shipping documents or other documents used to determine		
17		person provides in a return or to determine the person's motor fuel transactions.		
18	-	st be kept for three years from the due date of the return to which the records		
19		pplicable period of statute of limitations as set forth in Article 9 of this Chapter.		
20		ply to a transaction not required to be reported in a return, the records must be		
21		ars from the date of the transaction.		
22		ction The Secretary or a person designated by the Secretary shall have the		
23		onable time to inspect the records required to be kept under subsection (a) of this		
24	-	do any of the following to determine tax liability under this Article:		
25	(1)	Audit a person who is required to have or elects to have a license under this		
26		Article.		
27	(2)	Audit a distributor, a retailer, a bulk end-user, or a motor fuel user that is not		
28		licensed under this Article.		
29	(3)	Examine a tank or other equipment used to make, store, or transport motor		
30		fuel, diesel dyes, or diesel markers.		
31	(4)	Take a sample of a product from a vehicle, a tank, or another container in a		
32		quantity sufficient to determine the composition of the product.		
33	(5)	Stop a vehicle for the purpose of taking a sample of motor fuel from the		
34		vehicle."		
35		FION 3.18.(b) This section is effective when this act becomes law and applies		
36		juired to be kept for transactions occurring on or after that date. The authority of		
37	•	the Secretary's designee to inspect records at any reasonable time is ongoing and		
38		records for transactions occurring on or after the effective date of this section.		
39		TION 3.19.(a) G.S. 105-449.139(a) reads as rewritten:		
40		rds. – A licensee person required to be licensed under this Article must keep a		
41		uments used to determine the information provided in a return filed under this		
42		or any other information required by the Secretary. The records must be kept for		
43	•	the due date of the return to which the records apply. applicable period of statute		
44		set forth under Article 9 of this Chapter. If the records apply to a transaction not		
45		ported in a return, the records must be kept for three years from the date of the		
46		records are open to inspection during business hours by the Secretary or a person		
47		e Secretary. Secretary or a person designated by the Secretary shall have the right		
48	•	e time to inspect the records."		
49	SEC'	TION 3.19.(b) This section is effective when this act becomes law and applies		

1	the Secretary or the Secretary's designee to inspect records at any reasonable time is ongoing and		
2	is not limited to records for transactions occurring on or after the effective date of this section.		
3	SECTION 3.20.(a) G.S. 119-18 reads as rewritten:		
4	"§ 119-18. Inspection tax and distribution of the tax proceeds.		
5	(a) Tax. – An inspection tax of one fourth of one cent $(1/4 \text{ of } 1c)$ per gallon is levied		
6	upon all of the fuel listed in this subsection regardless of whether the fuel is exempt from the		
7	per-gallon excise tax imposed by Article 36C or 36D of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes. The		
8	inspection tax on motor fuel is due and payable to the Secretary of Revenue on the date the per		
9	gallon excise tax on motor fuel is due and payable under Article 36C of Chapter 105 of the		
10	General Statutes. The inspection tax on alternative fuel is due and payable to the Secretary of		
11	Revenue on the date the excise tax on alternative fuel is due and payable under Article 36D of		
12	Chapter 105 of the General Statutes. The inspection tax on kerosene is payable monthly to the		
13	Secretary by a supplier that is licensed under Part 2 of Article 36C of Chapter 105 of the General		
14	Statutes and by a kerosene supplier. A monthly report is due on the date a monthly return is due		
15	under G.S. 105-449.90 and applies to kerosene sold during the preceding month by a supplier		
16	licensed under that Part and to kerosene received during the preceding month by a kerosene		
17	supplier. A kerosene terminal operator must file a return in accordance with the provisions of		
18	G.S. 105-449.90. The inspection tax on jet fuel and aviation gasoline is payable as specified by		
19	the Secretary of Revenue. A return must be in the form prescribed by, and contain information		
20	required by, the Secretary.		
21	(1) Motor fuel.		
22	(2) Alternative fuel used to operate a highway vehicle.		
23	(3) Kerosene.		
24	(4) Jet fuel.		
25	(5) Aviation gasoline.		
26			
27	(d) <u>Records. – A person required to remit the tax imposed by this section shall keep a</u>		
28	record of all documents used to determine the information provided in a return or any other		
29	information required by the Secretary of Revenue. The records shall be kept for the applicable		
30	period of statute of limitations as set forth under Article 9 of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes.		
31	The Secretary or a person designated by the Secretary shall have the right at any reasonable time		
32	to inspect the records."		
	to inspect the records." SECTION 3.20.(b) This section is effective when this act becomes law and applies		
32			
32 33	SECTION 3.20.(b) This section is effective when this act becomes law and applies		
32 33 34	SECTION 3.20.(b) This section is effective when this act becomes law and applies to documents required to be kept for transactions occurring on or after that date. The authority of		
32 33 34 35	SECTION 3.20.(b) This section is effective when this act becomes law and applies to documents required to be kept for transactions occurring on or after that date. The authority of the Secretary or the Secretary's designee to inspect records at any reasonable time is ongoing and		
32 33 34 35 36	SECTION 3.20.(b) This section is effective when this act becomes law and applies to documents required to be kept for transactions occurring on or after that date. The authority of the Secretary or the Secretary's designee to inspect records at any reasonable time is ongoing and is not limited to records for transactions occurring on or after the effective date of this section.		
32 33 34 35 36 37	SECTION 3.20.(b) This section is effective when this act becomes law and applies to documents required to be kept for transactions occurring on or after that date. The authority of the Secretary or the Secretary's designee to inspect records at any reasonable time is ongoing and is not limited to records for transactions occurring on or after the effective date of this section. SECTION 3.21. Except as otherwise provided, this Part is effective when it becomes		
32 33 34 35 36 37 38	SECTION 3.20.(b) This section is effective when this act becomes law and applies to documents required to be kept for transactions occurring on or after that date. The authority of the Secretary or the Secretary's designee to inspect records at any reasonable time is ongoing and is not limited to records for transactions occurring on or after the effective date of this section. SECTION 3.21. Except as otherwise provided, this Part is effective when it becomes		
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	SECTION 3.20.(b) This section is effective when this act becomes law and applies to documents required to be kept for transactions occurring on or after that date. The authority of the Secretary or the Secretary's designee to inspect records at any reasonable time is ongoing and is not limited to records for transactions occurring on or after the effective date of this section. SECTION 3.21. Except as otherwise provided, this Part is effective when it becomes law.		
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	 SECTION 3.20.(b) This section is effective when this act becomes law and applies to documents required to be kept for transactions occurring on or after that date. The authority of the Secretary or the Secretary's designee to inspect records at any reasonable time is ongoing and is not limited to records for transactions occurring on or after the effective date of this section. SECTION 3.21. Except as otherwise provided, this Part is effective when it becomes law. PART IV. PROPERTY TAX CHANGES 		
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	 SECTION 3.20.(b) This section is effective when this act becomes law and applies to documents required to be kept for transactions occurring on or after that date. The authority of the Secretary or the Secretary's designee to inspect records at any reasonable time is ongoing and is not limited to records for transactions occurring on or after the effective date of this section. SECTION 3.21. Except as otherwise provided, this Part is effective when it becomes law. PART IV. PROPERTY TAX CHANGES SECTION 4.1. G.S. 105-277.9 is repealed. 		
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	 SECTION 3.20.(b) This section is effective when this act becomes law and applies to documents required to be kept for transactions occurring on or after that date. The authority of the Secretary or the Secretary's designee to inspect records at any reasonable time is ongoing and is not limited to records for transactions occurring on or after the effective date of this section. SECTION 3.21. Except as otherwise provided, this Part is effective when it becomes law. PART IV. PROPERTY TAX CHANGES SECTION 4.1. G.S. 105-277.9 is repealed. 		
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	General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 202	23
1 2	of the check a penalty equal to ten percent (10%) of the check, subject to minimum of one dollar (\$1.00) and a maximum of one thousand dollar	ars
3 4	(\$1,000). This penalty does not apply if the Secretary finds that, when the check was presented for payment, the drawer of the check had sufficient functions.	
5	in an account at a financial institution to pay the check and, by inadvertence	
6	the drawer of the check failed to draw the check on the account that ha	
7	sufficient funds. For purposes of this subdivision, in the case of a garnishmer	ent
8	payment, the term "drawer" refers to the garnishee.	
9	(1a) Penalty for Bad Electronic Funds Transfer. – When an electronic fund	ds
0	transfer cannot be completed due to insufficient funds or the nonexistence of	of
1	an account of the transferor, the Secretary shall assess the transferor a penalt	lty
2	equal to ten percent (10%) of the amount of the transfer, subject to a minimum	m
3	of one dollar (\$1.00) and a maximum of one thousand dollars (\$1,000). The	iis
4	penalty may be waived by the Secretary in accordance with G.S. 105-237.Fc	or
5	purposes of this subdivision, in the case of a garnishment payment, the terr	m
6	"transferor" refers to the garnishee."	
7	SECTION 5.1.(b) G.S. 105-242.1(b) reads as rewritten:	
8	"(b) Action. – A garnishee must comply with a notice of garnishment or file a writte	
9	response to the notice within the time set in this subsection. A garnishee that is a financia	
20	institution must comply or file a response within 20 days after receiving a notice of garnishmen	
21	All other garnishees must comply or file a response within 30 days after receiving a notice of	
22	garnishment. A written response must explain why the garnishee is not subject to garnishmer	ent
23	and attachment.	
24	Upon receipt of a written response, the Department must contact the garnishee and schedul	
25	a conference to discuss the response or inform the garnishee of the Department's positio	
26	concerning the response. If the Department does not agree with the garnishee on the garnishee	
27	liability, the Department may proceed to enforce the garnishee's liability for the tax by sendin	-
28	the garnishee a notice of proposed assessment in accordance with G.S.	
29	105-241.9. G.S. 105-241.9, including any penalties imposed in this Article. If the garnishee doe	
30	not file a response to the notice of garnishment within the time set in this subsection and fails t	<u>to</u>
81	comply with the notice, the garnishee is subject to the penalties imposed in this Article."	
32	SECTION 5.2. G.S. 105-241.11(a) reads as rewritten:	- d
33 34	"(a) Procedure. – A taxpayer who objects to a proposed denial of a refund or a propose	
84 85	assessment of tax may request a Departmental review of the proposed action by filing a request for review. The request for review must <u>either be in-on</u> the form prescribed by the Secretary of	
,5 86	be a written statement clearly indicating the taxpayer requests review of a proposed denial of	
37	refund or a proposed assessment of tax and include an explanation for the request for review. Th	
38	request must be filed with the Department as follows:	ne
39	"	
,,, 10	SECTION 5.3.(a) Article 9 of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes is amended b	hv
41	adding the following new section to read:	J
12	" <u>§ 105-241.24. Statute of limitations on collections.</u>	
13	The Department may collect a tax for a period of 10 years from the date it becomes collectible	ole
14	under G.S. 105-241.22. The 10-year period may be tolled for the same reasons the enforcement	
15	period for a certificate of tax liability may be tolled under G.S. 105-242(c). If the tax is no	
16	collected within the time frame authorized under this section, the remaining liability is abated.	
17	SECTION 5.3.(b) G.S. 105-242(c) reads as rewritten:	-
18	"(c) Certificate of Tax Liability. – The Department may file a certificate of tax liability t	to
19	collect a tax that is owed by a taxpayer and is collectible under G.S. 105-241.22. A certificate of	
0	tax liability must state the taxpayer's name and the type and amount of tax owed. If the taxpayer	
51	resides in this State or has property in this State, the Department must file the certificate of ta	
	-	

liability with the clerk of the superior court of a county in which the taxpayer resides or has 1 2 property. If the taxpayer does not reside in this State or have property in this State, the Department 3 must file the certificate of tax liability in Wake County. 4 The clerk of court must record a certificate of tax liability in the same manner as a judgment. 5 A recorded certificate of tax liability is considered a judgment and is enforceable in the same 6 manner as other judgments. The legal rate of interest set in G.S. 24-1 applies to the principal 7 amount of tax stated on the certificate of tax liability. The tax stated on a certificate of tax liability 8 is a lien on real and personal property from the date the certificate is recorded. 9 A certificate of tax liability is enforceable for a period of 10 years from the date it is recorded. 10 recorded, however, the enforcement period may not extend beyond the statute of limitations provided for under G.S. 105-241.24. If the certificate is not satisfied within this period, the 11 12 remaining liability of the taxpayer is abated and the Department must cancel the certificate. An 13 execution sale initiated before the end of the 10-year enforcement period may be completed after 14 the end of this period, regardless of whether resales are required because of the posting of 15 increased bids. The Secretary may accept tax payments made after a certificate has expired, 16 regardless of whether any collection actions were taken before the certificate expired. A taxpayer 17 may waive the 10-year enforcement period for enforcement of the certificate for either a definite 18 or an indefinite time. 19 The 10-year-enforcement period in which of a certificate of tax liability is enforceable is 20 tolled during the following periods: 21 (1)While the taxpayer is absent from the State. The period is tolled during the 22 taxpayer's absence plus one year after the taxpayer returns. 23 Upon the death of the taxpayer. The period is tolled while the taxpayer's estate (2)24 is administered plus one year after the estate is closed. 25 (3) While an action is pending to set aside a conveyance made by the taxpayer as 26 a fraudulent conveyance. 27 While an insolvency proceeding against the taxpayer is pending. (4) 28 During the period of any statutory or judicial bar to the enforcement of the (5) 29 certificate. 30 (6) The period for which a taxpayer has waived the 10-year enforcement period." 31 32 PART VI. EFFECTIVE DATE 33 **SECTION 6.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes

34 law.