GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2023

S

SENATE BILL 174 Finance Committee Substitute Adopted 3/1/23

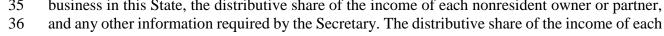
Short Title: Rev. Laws Tech., Clarifying, & Admin. Chngs.

(Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

	March 1, 2023
1 2 3	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO MAKE VARIOUS TECHNICAL, CLARIFYING, AND ADMINISTRATIVE CHANGES TO THE REVENUE LAWS.
4	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
5	PART I. CORPORATE AND INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX CHANGES
6 7	SECTION 1.1. G.S. 105-228.90(b)(7) reads as rewritten:
8	"(7) Code. – The Internal Revenue Code as enacted as of April 1, 2021, January 1,
o 9	$\frac{2023,}{100}$ including any provisions enacted as of that date that become effective
10	either before or after that date."
11	SECTION 1.2. G.S. 105-122(b)(2) reads as rewritten:
12	"(2) An addition for the amount of indebtedness the corporation owes to a parent,
13	a subsidiary, an affiliate, or a noncorporate entity in which the corporation or
14	group of corporations owns directly or indirectly more than fifty percent
15	(50%) of the capital interest of the noncorporate entity, unless the
16	indebtedness creates qualified interest expense, as defined in
17	G.S. 105-130.7B(b)(4).G.S. 105-130.7B(b)(4)a. through
18	<u>G.S. 105-130.7B(b)(4)d.</u> "
19	SECTION 1.3. G.S. 105-153.4 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
20	"(d1) Sole Proprietorships. – In order to calculate the numerator of the fraction provided in
21	subsection (b) of this section for an individual that operates a business in one or more other states,
22	the amount of an individual's total net income of the business, as modified in G.S. 105-153.5 and
23	G.S. 105-153.6, that is includable in the numerator is determined in accordance with the
24	provisions of G.S. 105-130.4. As used in this subsection, total net income means the entire gross
25	income of the business less all expenses, taxes, interest, and other deductions allowable under
26	the Code that were incurred in the operation of the business."
27	SECTION 1.4. G.S. 105-153.9 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
28	"(c) The credit allowed under this section may not exceed the amount of tax imposed by
29 30	this Part for the taxable year reduced by the sum of all credits allowed, except payments of tax made by or on behalf of the taxpayer."
30 31	SECTION 1.5.(a) G.S. 105-154(d) reads as rewritten:
32	"(d) Payment of Tax on Behalf of Nonresident Owner or Partner. – If a business conducted
33	in this State is owned by a nonresident individual or by a partnership having one or more
33 34	nonresident members, the business shall report information concerning the earnings of the
3 - 35	business in this State the distributive share of the income of each nonresident owner or partner





2

General Assembly Of North Carolina

1 nonresident partner includes any guaranteed payments made to the partner. The business shall 2 pay with the return the tax on each nonresident owner or partner's share of the income computed 3 at the rate levied on individuals under G.S. 105-153.7. The business may deduct the payment for 4 each nonresident owner or partner from the owner or partner's distributive share of the income 5 of the business in this State. The Secretary may enforce the business's liability for the tax on each 6 nonresident owner or partner's share of the income by sending the business a notice of proposed 7 assessment in accordance with G.S. 105-241.9. If the nonresident partner is not an individual and 8 the partner has executed an affirmation that (i) the partner will pay the tax with its corporate, 9 partnership, trust, or estate income tax return, or (ii) the partner is not subject to State income tax 10 under this Article, the business is not required to pay the tax on the partner's share. In this case, 11 the business shall include a copy of the affirmation with the report required by this subsection. 12 The affirmation must be annually filed by the nonresident partner and submitted by the due date 13 of the report required in this subsection. Otherwise, the business is required to pay the tax on the 14 nonresident partner's share. Notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 105-241.7(b), the business may not request a refund of an overpayment made on behalf of a nonresident owner or partner if 15 16 the business has previously filed the return and paid the tax due. The nonresident owner or partner 17 may, on its own income tax return, request a refund of an overpayment made on its behalf by the 18 business within the provisions of G.S. 105-241.6. This subsection does not apply to a partnership 19 with respect to any taxable period for which it is a taxed partnership.partnership unless the taxed 20 partnership has a partner described in G.S. 105-154.1(a)(5). If a taxed partnership has a partner 21 described in G.S. 105-154.1(a)(5), this subsection applies to the taxed partnership with respect 22 to the partner described in G.S. 105-154.1(a)(5)." 23 **SECTION 1.5.(b)** G.S. 105-154.1(a) is amended by adding a new subdivision to 24 read: 25 A partnership including an entity that is classified as a partnership for federal "(5) 26 income tax purposes, or an S Corporation as defined in G.S. 105-131(b)." 27 **SECTION 1.5.(c)** G.S. 105-154.1(b)(1) reads as rewritten: 28 "(1) The North Carolina taxable income of a taxed partnership with respect to such 29 taxable period shall be equal to the sum of the following: following for partners 30 defined under G.S. 105-154.1(a)(1) through G.S. 105-154.1(a)(4):" 31 32 SECTION 1.5.(d) G.S. 105-153.9, as amended by Section 1.4 of this act, is amended 33 by adding the following new subsections to read: 34 Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (a)(5) of this section with respect to a "(d) 35 taxed partnership, for purposes of this section and G.S. 105-160.4, each resident partner is 36 considered to have paid a tax imposed on the partner in an amount equal to the partner's distributive share of any income tax paid by the partnership to a state or the District of Columbia 37 38 where the partnership was subject to an entity-level tax levied on the aggregate distributive share 39 of the partnership's income allocable to one or more of its partners. A partnership is taxable in 40 another state or the District of Columbia if the partnership's business activity in that state or the District of Columbia subjects the partnership to a net income tax or a tax measured by net income. 41 42 Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (a)(4) of this section with respect to a (e) 43 taxed S Corporation, for purposes of this section and G.S. 105-160.4, each resident shareholder is considered to have paid a tax imposed on the shareholder in an amount equal to the 44 shareholder's pro rata share of any income tax paid by the S Corporation to a state or the District 45 46 of Columbia where the S Corporation was subject to an entity-level tax levied on the aggregate 47 pro rata share of the S Corporation's income allocable to one or more of its shareholders. An S 48 Corporation is taxable in another state or the District of Columbia if the S Corporation's business activity in that state or the District of Columbia subjects the S Corporation to a net income tax or 49 a tax measured by net income. A taxpayer that claims a credit under this subsection may not also 50

General Assembly Of North Carolina

1		under G.S. 105-131.8 with respect to the same income tax paid by the S
2	Corporation."	
3		TION 1.5.(e) This section is effective for taxable years beginning on or after
4	January 1, 2022.	
5		TION 1.6.(a) The following statutes are repealed:
6	(1)	G.S. 105-131.1A(b)(1)b.
7	(2)	G.S. 105-131.1A(d)
8	(3)	G.S. 105-153.9(a)(4)
9	(4)	G.S. 105-153.9(a)(5)
10	(5)	G.S. 105-154.1(b)(1)b.
11	SECT	FION 1.6.(b) G.S. 105-131.1A(a) reads as rewritten:
12	"(a) Taxed	I S Corporation Election. – An S Corporation may elect, on its timely filed
13		uired under G.S. 105-131.7, to have the tax under this Article imposed on the S
14	-	any taxable period covered by the return. An S Corporation may not make or
15	1	on after the due date of the return including extensions.return is filed."
16		FION 1.6.(c) G.S. 105-153.5(c3) reads as rewritten:
17		Pass-Through Entities. – In calculating North Carolina taxable income, a
18		ake the following adjustments to the taxpayer's adjusted gross income:
19	(1)	A taxpayer that is a shareholder of a taxed S Corporation may deduct the
20	(1)	amount of the taxpayer's pro rata share of income <u>attributable to the State</u> from
20		the taxed S Corporation to the extent it the income attributable to the State
22		was included in the taxed S Corporation's North Carolina taxable income and
23		was included in the taxed 5 corporations room carolina taxable income and was included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross income.income, subject to the
23 24		adjustments provided in G.S. 105-153.5 and G.S. 105-153.6, attributable to
2 4 25		the State.
23 26	<u>(1a)</u>	<u>A resident taxpayer that is a shareholder of an S Corporation may deduct the</u>
20 27	<u>(1a)</u>	amount of the taxpayer's pro rata share of income not attributable to the State
27		from the S Corporation to the extent the income not attributable to the State
28 29		•
29 30		was included in the S Corporation's taxable income in another state or the District of Columbia was subject to an antity level toy levied on the approach
30 31		District of Columbia, was subject to an entity-level tax levied on the aggregate
31 32		pro rata share of the S Corporation's income allocable to one or more of its
-		shareholders, and was included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross income subject
33		to the adjustments provided in G.S. 105-153.5 and G.S. 105-153.6. An S
34		Corporation is taxable in another state or the District of Columbia if the S
35		Corporation's business activity in that state or the District of Columbia
36		subjects the S Corporation to a net income tax or a tax measured by net
37		income.
38	(2)	A taxpayer that is a shareholder of a taxed S Corporation must add the amount
39		of the taxpayer's pro rata share of <u>net taxable loss attributed to the State</u> from
40		the taxed S Corporation to the extent it the net taxable loss was included in the
41		taxed S Corporation's North Carolina taxable income and <u>was included in</u> the
42		taxpayer's adjusted gross income.income, subject to the adjustments provided
43		in G.S. 105-153.5 and G.S. 105-153.6, attributable to the State.
44	(3)	A taxpayer that is a partner of a taxed partnership may deduct the amount of
45		the taxpayer's <u>share of distributive</u> share of income <u>attributable to the State</u>
46		from the taxed partnership to the extent it the share of distributive income
47		attributable to the State was included in the taxed partnership's North Carolina
48		taxable income and <u>was included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross</u>
49		income.income, subject to the adjustments provided in G.S. 105-153.5 and
50		G.S. 105-153.6, attributable to the State.

	General Assemb	ly Of North Carolina	Session 2023
1	(3a)	A resident taxpayer that is a partner of a partnership may	deduct the amount
2		of the taxpayer's share of distributive income not attributab	
3		the partnership to the extent the share of distributive inco	me not attributable
4		to the State was included in the partnership's taxable inco	me in another state
5		or the District of Columbia, was subject to an entity-leve	
6		aggregate distributive share of the partnership's income a	
7		more of its partners, and was included in the taxpayer's adj	-
8		subject to the adjustments provided in G.S. 105-153.5 and	
9		partnership is taxable in another state or the District of	
10		partnership's business activity in that state or the District of	•
11		the partnership to a net income tax or a tax measured by no	-
12	(4)	A taxpayer that is a partner of a taxed partnership must ad	
13		taxpayer's <u>share of distributive</u> share of <u>taxable</u> loss <u>attrib</u>	
14		from the taxed partnership to the extent it the share of distr	
15 16		attributable to the State was included in the taxed partnersh	
10 17		taxable income and <u>was included in the taxpayer</u>	
17		income.income, subject to the adjustments provided in C G.S. 105-153.6, attributable to the State."	J.S. 103-135.3 allu
19	SECT	TION 1.6.(d) G.S. 105-153.9, as amended by Sections 1.4, 1	5(d) and $1.6(a)$ of
20	this act, reads as		.5(u), and 1.6(u) of
20	,	ax credits for income taxes paid to other states by individ	luals.
22			
23	(d) Except	t as otherwise provided in subdivision (a)(5) of this sectio	n with respect to a
24		, for For purposes of this section and G.S. 105-160.4, each	
25	considered to ha	ve paid a tax imposed on the partner in an amount equ	al to the partner's
26	distributive share	of any income tax paid by the partnership to a state or the D	vistrict of Columbia
27	1	ship was subject to an entity-level tax levied on the aggregat	
28		o's income allocable to one or more of its partners. A partner	-
29		ne District of Columbia if the partnership's business activity	
30		bia subjects the partnership to a net income tax or a tax measured	-
31	· · · ·	t as otherwise provided in subdivision (a)(4) of this sectio	-
32	-	tion, for For purposes of this section and G.S. 105-16	
33		nsidered to have paid a tax imposed on the shareholder in a	-
34 35		pro rata share of any income tax paid by the S Corporation	
33 36		bia where the S Corporation was subject to an entity-levent a share of the S Corporation's income allocable to or	
30 37		S Corporation is taxable in another state or the District of	
38		iness activity in that state or the District of Columbia subject	
39	-	ax or a tax measured by net income. A taxpayer that claims	-
40		ot also claim a credit under G.S. 105-131.8 with respect to the	
41	paid by the S Cor	-	
42		edit is allowed under this section for taxes paid to another s	state or the District
43		ncome eligible for the deduction provided in G.S. 105-153.5	
44		TION 1.6.(e) G.S. 105-154.1(a), as amended by Section 1.5(
45	as rewritten:		
46		Partnership Election A partnership may elect, on its t	-
47	-	under G.S. 105-154(c), to have the tax under this Articl	-
48		ny taxable period covered by the return. A partnership may i	
49		the due date of the return, including extensions. return is	
50	cannot be made b	by a publicly traded partnership that is described in section 7	704(c) of the Code

	General Assembly Of North CarolinaSession 2023
1 2	or by a partnership that has at any time during the taxable year a partner who is not one of the following:
$\frac{2}{3}$	(1) An individual.
4	(1) An estate.
5	 (2) An estate. (3) A trust described in section 1361(c)(2) of the Code.
6	 (4) An organization described in section 1361(c)(2) of the Code.
0 7	 (4) An organization described in section 1301(c)(0) of the Code. (5) A partnership including an entity that is classified as a partnership for federal
8	
8 9	income tax purposes, or an S Corporation as defined in G.S. 105-131(b)."
	SECTION 1.6.(f) This section is effective for taxable years beginning on or after
10	January 1, 2023. SECTION 17 (a) $C \ge 105 240 2(k)$ reads as rewritten:
11	SECTION 1.7.(a) G.S. 105-249.2(b) reads as rewritten:
12	"(b) Disaster. – The penalties in G.S. $105-236(a)(2)$, (3), and (4) (4), and (10)c. may not
13	be assessed for any period in which the time for filing a federal return or report or for paying a
14	federal tax is extended under section 7508A of the Code because of a presidentially declared
15	disaster. The extension of time granted by the Internal Revenue Service under section 7508A of
16	the Code only applies to the corresponding State tax return or payment. For State returns and
17	payments without a corresponding federal return and payment, the extension granted for
18	individual income tax returns and payments by the Internal Revenue Service under section 7508A
19	of the Code applies. For the purpose of this section, "presidentially declared disaster" has the
20	same meaning as in section 1033(h)(3) of the Code."
21	SECTION 1.7.(b) This section is effective when it becomes law and applies to
22	presidentially declared disasters occurring on or after that date.
23	SECTION 1.8. Except as otherwise provided, this Part is effective when it becomes
24	law.
25	
26	PART II. SALES TAX CHANGES
27	SECTION 2.1.(a) G.S. 105-164.3(179) reads as rewritten:
28	"(179) Prepared food. – Food that meets at least one of the conditions of this
29	subdivision. Prepared food does not include food the retailer sliced,
30	repackaged, or pasteurized but did not heat, mix, or sell with eating
31	utensils.Defined in G.S. 105-164.4L.
32	a. It is sold in a heated state or it is heated by the retailer.
33	b. It consists of two or more foods mixed or combined by the retailer for
34	sale as a single item. This sub-subdivision does not include foods
35	containing raw eggs, fish, meat, or poultry that require cooking by the
36	consumer as recommended by the Food and Drug Administration to
37	prevent food borne illnesses.
38	c. It is sold with eating utensils provided by the retailer, such as plates,
39	knives, forks, spoons, glasses, cups, napkins, and straws. A plate does
40	not include a container or packaging used to transport the food."
41	SECTION 2.1.(b) Article 5 of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes is amended by
42	adding the following new section to read:
43	" <u>§ 105-164.4L. Prepared food.</u>
44	(a) <u>Prepared Food Definition. – The term "prepared food" means food that meets at least</u>
45	one of the following conditions:
46	(1) It is sold in a heated state, or it is heated by the retailer.
47	(2) <u>It consists of two or more foods mixed or combined by the retailer for sale as</u>
48	a single item. This does not include:
49	a. <u>Food containing raw eggs, fish, meat, or poultry that requires cooking</u>
50	by the consumer as recommended by the Food and Drug

	General	Assemb	ly Of N	orth Carolina	Session 2023
1				Administration in chapter 3, part 401.11 of	its Food Code so as to
2				prevent foodborne illnesses.	
3			b.	Food that is only sliced, repackaged, or paste	urized by the retailer
4		(3)		old with eating utensils provided by the retaile	
5		<u>(5)</u>		spoons, glasses, cups, napkins, and straws. A	-
6				ner or packaging used to transport the food. An	•
7				age with the food items by a person other than	
8			-	• • •	
			1	's NAICS classification code is that of a mar	
9				ated as an eating utensil provided by the retain	
10			-	ther NAICS classification code, the retailer	is considered to have
11			-	ed the eating utensil.	
12	<u>(b)</u>			ided by the Retailer Based on a retaile	
13				n accordance with subsection (c) of this section	
14	by the ret	ailer," a	s descril	bed in subdivision (3) of subsection (a) of this s	section, has the following
15	<u>meanings</u>	<u>:</u>			
16		(1)	Sales	percentage of greater than seventy-five percent	(75%). – If a retailer has
17			a prep	ared food sales percentage of greater than sev	enty-five percent (75%),
18			"provi	ded by the retailer" means the retailer makes ea	ating utensils available to
19			purcha	sers, except that an item sold by the retailer	containing four or more
20			servin	gs packaged as one item and sold for a single	e price does not become
21			prepar	ed food because the retailer makes utensils ava	ilable to the purchaser of
22				m, but is prepared food if the retailer physicall	-
23				purchaser of the item. Serving sizes are deter	
24				tem sold. If no label is available, a retailer mu	
25				mber of servings in an item.	
26		(2)		percentage of seventy-five percent (75%) or 1	less. – If a retailer has a
27		<u>_/</u>		ed food sales percentage of seventy-five	
28				ded by the retailer" means the retailer's busines	-
29			-	r hand eating utensils to purchasers, except th	· · · ·
30			-	ps necessary for the purchaser to receive the	
31				ble to purchasers.	<u>tood need only be made</u>
32	<u>(c)</u>	Drena	-	1 Sales Percentage. –	
33	<u>(c)</u>	(1)		tion. – A percentage determined by dividing	the following described
33 34		(1)		ator by the following described denominator:	the following described
					managed food decembed
35			<u>a.</u>	The numerator is the retailer's annual sales of	
36				in subdivisions (1) and (2) of subsection (a)	
37				sold when plates, bowls, glasses, or cups are	
38				food. The numerator shall not include alco	holic beverages or food
39				excluded from prepared food.	
40			<u>b.</u>	The denominator is the retailer's total annu	
41				prepared food, excluding alcoholic beverages	<u>S.</u>
42		<u>(2)</u>	<u>Admi</u> ı	nistration of definition. –	
43			<u>a.</u>	A retailer must calculate the prepared food s	
44				tax year or business fiscal year based on the	
45				prior tax year or business fiscal year, as	*
46				accounting records are available, but not late	er than 90 days after the
47				beginning of the retailer's tax year or busines	<u>s fiscal year.</u>
48			<u>b.</u>	A single prepared food sales percentage shall	l be determined annually
49				for all of the retailer's establishments in this S	State.
50			<u>c.</u>	A new retailer shall make a good-faith estin	nate of its prepared food
51				sales percentage for its first year in business	• •
				·	

	General Assembly Of North CarolinaSession 2023
1	adjust its good-faith estimate prospectively after the first three months
2	of its business operation if actual prepared food sales percentages
3	materially affect the seventy-five percent (75%) threshold described in
4	subsection (b) of this section."
5	SECTION 2.2. G.S. 105-164.4J is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
6	"(k) Efficient Administration. – When the Secretary finds it necessary for the efficient
7	administration of this Article to regard any sales representatives, solicitors, representatives,
8	consignees, peddlers, or truckers as agents of the dealers, distributors, consignors, supervisors,
9	employers, or persons under whom they operate or from whom they obtain the items sold by
10	them regardless of whether they are making sales on their own behalf or on behalf of these
11	dealers, distributors, consignors, supervisors, employers, or persons, the Secretary may so regard
12	them and may regard the dealers, distributors, consignors, supervisors, employers, or persons as
13	"marketplace facilitators" for the purpose of this Article and may treat the sales they make as
14	"marketplace-facilitated sales" and the sellers as "marketplace sellers.""
15	SECTION 2.3. G.S. 105-164.11B reads as rewritten:
16	"§ 105-164.11B. Recover sales tax paid.
17	(a) Retailers. – A retailer who pays sales and use tax on an item that is separately stated
18	on an invoice or similar billing document given to the retailer at the time of sale and subsequently
19	resells the item at retail, without the item being used by the retailer, may recover the sales or use
20	tax originally paid to a seller as provided in this section. subsection. A retailer entitled to recover
21	tax under this section subsection may reduce taxable receipts by the taxable amount of the
22	purchase price of the item resold for the period in which the retail sale occurs. A recovery of tax
23	allowed under this section subsection is not an overpayment of tax and, where such the recovery
24	is taken, a refund of the tax originally paid may not be requested from the seller pursuant to the
25	authority under G.S. 105-164.11. Any amount for tax recovered under this section subsection in
26	excess of tax due for a reporting period under this Article is not subject to refund. Any tax
27	recovered under this section subsection may be carried forward to a subsequent reporting period
28	and taken as an adjustment to taxable receipts. The records of the retailer must clearly reflect and
29	support the adjustment to taxable receipts for the period in which the adjustment is made.
30	(b) Marketplace Facilitators. – A marketplace facilitator may recover the sales or use tax
31	originally paid to a marketplace seller as provided in this subsection when the marketplace
32	facilitator pays sales and use tax to a marketplace seller on a marketplace-facilitated sale for
33	which the marketplace facilitator is considered the retailer pursuant to G.S. 105-164.4J(b), and
34	the tax is separately stated on an invoice or similar billing document given to the marketplace
35	facilitator at the time of sale. A marketplace facilitator entitled to recover tax under this
36	subsection may reduce taxable receipts by the taxable amount of the marketplace-facilitated sale
37	that is taxed by the marketplace seller for the period in which the retail sale occurs. A recovery
38	of tax allowed under this subsection is not an overpayment of tax and, where the recovery is
39	taken, a refund of the tax originally paid may not be requested from the seller pursuant to the
40	authority under G.S. 105-164.11. Any amount for tax recovered under this subsection in excess
41	of tax due for a reporting period under this Article is not subject to refund. Any tax recovered
42	under this subsection may be carried forward to a subsequent reporting period and taken as an
43	adjustment to taxable receipts. The records of the retailer must clearly reflect and support the
44	adjustment to taxable receipts for the period in which the adjustment is made."
45	SECTION 2.4.(a) G.S. 105-164.13 reads as rewritten:
46	"§ 105-164.13. Retail sales and use tax.
47	The sale at retail and the use, storage, or consumption in this State of the following items are
48	specifically exempted from the tax imposed by this Article:
49	
50	(11) Any of the following fuel:

	General Assemb	oly Of N	North Carolina	Session 2023
2 2 3		a.	Motor fuel, as taxed in Article 36C of the for which a refund of the per gallon G.S. 105-449.105A, G.S. 105-449.106 G.S. 105-449.107.	excise tax is allowed under
5	"	b.	Alternative fuel taxed under Article 3 refund of that tax is allowed und G.S. 105-449.107.	
})	••••	FION 2	4.(b) G.S. 105-164.13 reads as rewritten:	
)	"§ 105-164.13. I			
			the use, storage, or consumption in this S	tate of the following items are
2			om the tax imposed by this Article:	C
3		•		
 5	(35)		by a nonprofit civic, charitable, educa	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		met.	nal organization when all of the condition This exemption does not apply to gro	ss receipts derived from an
		admis	sion charge to an entertainment activity.	
		a.	The sales are conducted only upon an ar	
			raising funds for the organization's activ	
		b.	The proceeds of the sale are actually	used for the organization's
		0	activities.	wrahagar within 60 days after
		c.	The products sold are delivered to the p the first solicitation of any sale made du sales period.	-
		<u>d.</u>	Each annual sales period occurs at least	60 days after the beginning of
		<u>u.</u>	the prior annual sales period.	oo days arter the beginning or
		<u>e.</u>	Each annual sales period funds a distinct	and different project from the
		—	other annual sales periods occurring dur	
		<u>f.</u>	Each annual sales period sells products	
			from the products sold during the other a	annual sales periods occurring
			during the year.	
	"			
			4.(c) Subsection (a) of this section is effe	
			oplications for refunds submitted on or aft	er that date. The remainder of
			when it becomes law.	
			.5. G.S. 105-164.3(259) reads as rewritten	
	(239)		nlined Agreement. – The Streamlined Sal led as of December 21, 2021. December 2	
	SECT		.6. Except as otherwise provided, this Par	
	law.		.o. Except as otherwise provided, this Par	t is effective when it becomes
	law.			
	PART III. EXC	ISE TA	X CHANGES	
			1. G.S. 105-113.4(13a) reads as rewritten	1:
			product. – Any nonlighted, noncombus	
		-	anical heating element, battery, or electron	
			e and that can be used to produce vapor fro	• •
			d, in a solution. The term includes any vap	
		of nic	otine in a solution or other form that is int	ended to be used with or in an
			onic cigarette, electronic cigar, electronic	• • • •
		simila	r product or device. The term does not inc	lude any product regulated by

General Assem	bly Of North Carolina	Session 2023
	the United States Food and Drug Administration under	Chapter V of the
	federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act."	- · I · · · · · · · ·
SEC	TION 3.2.(a) G.S. 105-113.4(2) reads as rewritten:	
"(2)	Cost price. – The actual price paid paid by the person liable	e for the tax before
(2)	any discount, rebate, or allowance, for an item identified	
	unit by a unique code or identifier representing the item the	
	tax imposed by Part 3 of this Article by the person liable for	
	price paid for an item may be either of the following: Artic	
	a. The actual price paid for an item identified as a sto	
	a unique code or identifier representing the item.	ock keeping unit by
	b. If the actual price paid for an item is not available	the average of the
	actual price paid for the item over the 12 calen	-
	January 1 of the year in which the sale occurs."	
SEC	TION 3.2.(b) G.S. 105-113.36A(f) reads as rewritten:	
	imentation. – If a person liable for the tax imposed by this F	Part against produce
	's satisfaction documentation of the cost price of the items	1
•	-	subject to tax, the
	etermine a value based on the <u>either of the following:</u>	
$\frac{(1)}{(2)}$	<u>The cost price of comparable items.</u>	for the tay for the
<u>(2)</u>	The average of the actual price paid by the person liable	
	item over the 12 calendar months before January 1 of the	e year in which the
SEC	sale occurs."	
	TION 3.3. G.S. 105-113.4A(e) reads as rewritten:	
· · · ·	icate or Amended License. – Upon application to the Secret	
	harge a duplicate or amended license as provided in this subs	
	nse must state that it is a duplicate or amended license, as app	
(1)	A duplicate license, if the licensee establishes that the origin	nal license nas been
(2)	lost, destroyed, or defaced.	action of the alone
(2)	An amended license, if the licensee establishes that the lo	-
GEO	of business for which the license was issued has changed.'	
	TION 3.4.(a) G.S. 105-113.4F(c) reads as rewritten:	
	g Requirement. – A delivery seller who has made a delivery	
	co products in connection with a delivery sale, for which ta	
-	he previous month shall, not later than the tenth day of each n	
-	norandum or a copy of the invoice for every delivery sal	-
1	A delivery seller who complies with 15 U.S.C. § 376 with	1
-	d by that section is considered to have complied with the	is subsection. The
	invoice shall contain the following information:	6.4
(1)	The name, address, telephone number, and e-mail address	
(2)	The type and the brand, or brands, of tobacco products that	t were sold.
(3)	The quantity of tobacco products that were sold."	
	TION 3.4.(b) This section is effective when this act becom	nes law and applies
-	or after that date for sales made during the previous month.	
	TION 3.5.(a) G.S. 105-113.4G reads as rewritten:	
	Records to be kept.	
	<u>tirement. – Every person required to be licensed under this</u>	-
1 I	to make reports under this Article shall keep complete and	
	nventories, sales, shipments, and deliveries of tobacco p	
	required under this Article. by the Secretary. The records si	
	e Secretary and shall be open at all times for inspection by	the Secretary or an
authorized repre	sentative of the Secretary.	

	General Assembly Of North Carolina	Session 2023
1	(b) <u>Time Period. – These records shall be safely preserved for a pe</u>	riod of three years the
2	applicable period of statute of limitations as set forth in Article 9 of this C	-
3	ensure their security and accessibility for inspection by the Department. If	-
4	transaction not required to be reported in a return, the records shall be kep
5	the date of the transaction."	•
6	SECTION 3.5.(b) This section is effective when this act bec	omes law and applies
7	to records for transactions occurring on or after that date.	11
8	SECTION 3.6. G.S. 105-113.12(a) reads as rewritten:	
9	"(a) A distributor must obtain a license for each of the locations lis	ted in this subsection.
10	as applicable, and must pay a tax of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) for each l	,
11	effect until June 30 of the year following the second calendar year after the	
12	renewal. A license is renewable upon signed application with no renew	
13	applied for after the June 30 expiration date. The locations are:	
14	(1) Each location where a distributor receives or stores non	-tax-paid cigarettes in
15	this State.	tun puid eigurettes in
16	(2) For a distributor that is a delivery seller, each loca	tion from which the
17	distributor ships receives or stores non-tax-paid cigare	
18	of cigarettes if the location is a location other than the	
19	subdivision (1) of this subsection."	
20	SECTION 3.7. G.S. 105-113.38B reads as rewritten:	
20	"§ 105-113.38B. Records.	
22	In addition to the records required to be kept under G.S. 105-113.4G, a	remote seller required
23	to be licensed must maintain the following:	remote sener <u>required</u>
24	(1) A list, updated annually, showing the cost price paid by	w the remote seller for
25	each stock keeping unit of tobacco products.	y the remote sener for
26	(2) Invoices documenting remote or delivery sales to consu	mers in this State
20 27	(3) Records necessary to document the cost price of pur	
28	products sold to consumers in this State."	endses of an tobacco
20 29	SECTION 3.8.(a) G.S. 105-113.39A reads as rewritten:	
30	"§ 105-113.39A. License required.	
31	(a) Requirement. – A wholesale dealer or a retail dealer must obta	in from the Secretary
32	a license for each of the locations listed in this subsection, as applicab	
33	required license tax for each license. A license is in effect until June 30 of	
33 34	second calendar year after the date of issuance or renewal, unless cancello	
35	expiration. A license is renewable upon signed application with no renew	-
35 36	applied for after the June 30 expiration date. The locations are:	vai neense tax, uniess
30 37	(1) Each location where a wholesale dealer makes tobacco	products
38	(1) Each location where a wholesale dealer or a retail dealer or a ret	-
38 39	non-tax-paid tobacco products.	lier receives or stores
40		vory collar or romoto
40 41		
41	seller ships receives or stores non-tax-paid tobacco prod or remote sales if the location is a location other than	
		the location described
43	in subdivision (2) of this subsection.	
44		ion (a) of this sostion
45 46	SECTION 3.8.(b) G.S. 105-113.39A, as amended by subsect	ion (a) of this section,
46	reads as rewritten:	
47	"§ 105-113.39A. License required.	in from the O
48	(a) Requirement. – A wholesale dealer or a retail dealer must obta	-
49 50	a license for each of the locations listed in this subsection, as applicable $(a,b) = (a,b) =$	
50	<u>subsections (a1) and (a2) of this section and must pay the required license</u> A license is in effect until June 30 of the year following the second calend	
51	A license is in effect unit. June 30 of the year following the second calend	uar year after the date

	General Assen	nbly Of North Carolina	Session 2023
1	of issuance or 1	renewal, unless cancelled or revoked prior to expiration. A lie	cense is renewable
2	upon signed ap	oplication with no renewal license tax, unless applied for	after the June 30
3	expiration date.	The locations are:	
4	<u>(a1)</u> Othe	er Tobacco Products License. – A wholesale dealer or a retail	dealer must obtain
5	an other tobacc	o products license for all of the following locations:	
6	(1)	Each location where a wholesale dealer makes tobacco	products.products
7		other than vapor products.	
8	(2)	Each location where a wholesale dealer or a retail dealer	receives or stores
9		non-tax-paid tobacco products.products other than vapor p	roducts.
10	(3)	Each location from where a retail dealer that is a deliver	y seller or remote
11		seller receives or stores non-tax-paid tobacco products fo	r delivery sales or
12		remote sales of tobacco products other than vapor products	if the location is a
13		location other than the location described in subdivision (2)	of this subsection.
14	<u>(a2)</u> Vap	or Products License A wholesale dealer or a retail dealer m	nust obtain a vapor
15	products license	e for all of the following locations:	_
16	<u>(1)</u>	Each location where a wholesale dealer makes vapor produ	<u>icts.</u>
17	<u>(2)</u>	Each location where a wholesale dealer or a retail dealer	receives or stores
18		non-tax-paid vapor products.	
19	<u>(3)</u>	Each location from where a retail dealer that is a delivery	seller or a remote
20		seller receives or stores non-tax-paid vapor products for d	elivery sales if the
21		location is a location other than the location described in	subdivision (2) of
22		this subsection.	
23	(b) Lice	nse Tax Amount. – The license tax amounts are as follows:	
24	(1)	Wholesale dealer \$25.00	
25	(2)	Retail dealer \$10.00	
26	(c) Out-	of-State Wholesale Dealers An out-of-state wholesale	dealer of tobacco
27	products that is	not a delivery seller or a remote seller may obtain a wholesa	ale dealer's license
28	upon compliant	ce with the provisions of G.S. 105-113.4A and payment of a	tax of twenty-five
29	dollars (\$25.00)		•
30	SEC	CTION 3.8.(c) Subsection (b) of this section becomes effectiv	e July 1, 2024, and
31	applies to licens	ses issued on or after that date. The remainder of this section i	s effective when it
32	becomes law.		
33	SEC	CTION 3.9.(a) G.S. 105-113.88 reads as rewritten:	
34	"§ 105-113.88.	Record-keeping requirements.	
35	A person w	ho is required to file a report or return under this Article must l	keep a record of all
36	documents used	d to determine information the person provides in a report or	return. return and
37		mation required by the Secretary to determine the person's a	
38		he records must be kept for three years from the due date of the	
39		ds apply.the applicable period of statute of limitations as set	-
40		er. If the records apply to a transaction not required to be report	
41	_	e kept for three years from the date of the transaction. Th	
42		gnee has the right at any reasonable time to inspect records."	-
43	-	CTION 3.9.(b) This section is effective when this act becom	es law and applies
44		equired to be kept for transactions occurring on or after that dat	
45		the Secretary's designee to inspect records at any reasonable t	•
46	•	records for transactions occurring on or after the effective dat	
47		CTION 3.10. G.S. 105-449.39 reads as rewritten:	
48		Credit for payment of motor fuel tax.	
49		lit. – Every motor carrier subject to the tax levied by this Art	icle is entitled to a
50		rterly return for tax paid by the carrier on fuel purchased in the	
51	-	determined using the tax rate in effect under G.S. 105-449.80	
			1

General Assembly Of North Carolina	Session 2023
covered by the return. date the fuel is placed into the qualified motor ver	hicle. To obtain a credit,
the motor carrier must furnish evidence satisfactory to the Secretary th	
credit is claimed has been paid.	
(b) <u>Refund.</u> If the amount of a credit to which a motor carrier	is entitled for a quarter
exceeds the motor carrier's liability for that quarter, the excess is refund	_
G.S. 105-241.7."	
SECTION 3.11. G.S. 105-449.42 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 105-449.42. Payment of tax.	
The tax levied by this Article is due when a motor carrier files a quar	rtarly raturn is due under
G.S. 105-449.45. The amount of tax due is calculated on the amount of	
fuel used by the motor carrier in its operations within this State during th	
•	
return. If a motor carrier is exempt from filing a return under G.S. 10	
levied by this Article is due when the tax becomes collectible under G.S.	<u>. 105-241.22.</u>
SECTION 3.12. G.S. 105-449.45 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 105-449.45. Returns of carriers.	Comptoner on a groutouler
(a) Return. $-A$ motor carrier must report its operations to the	
basis unless subsection (b) of this section exempts the motor carrier fr	_
quarterly return covers a calendar quarter and is due by the last day $\frac{1}{100}$	
January. of the month following the quarter. A return must be filed in t	the form required by the
Secretary.	
(b) Exemptions. – A motor carrier is not required to file a quart	terly return if any of the
following applies:	
(1) All the motor carrier's operations during the quart	ter were made under a
temporary permit issued under G.S. 105-449.49.	
(2) The motor carrier is an intrastate motor carrier, as	
carrier's application for licensure with the Secretary	.Secretary, and operates
exclusively in North Carolina.	
"	
SECTION 3.13.(a) G.S. 105-449.46 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 105-449.46. Inspection of books and records. <u>Record-keeping records</u>	quirements; inspection
authority.	
(a) <u>Record Keeping. – An interstate motor carrier shall maintai</u>	
with any cooperative agreements entered into in accordance with G.	
maintain any other information required by the Secretary. An intras	
maintain records to determine the person's motor fuel or alternative fu	
other information as required by the Secretary. The intrastate motor carri	er shall keep the records
for four years after the date of the transaction.	
(b) <u>Inspection.</u> The Secretary and <u>his</u> <u>the Secretary's</u>	-
representatives shall have the right at any reasonable time to inspect the b	•
motor carrier subject to the tax imposed by this Article or to the regi	stration fee imposed by
Article 3 of Chapter 20 of the General Statutes."	
SECTION 3.13.(b) This section is effective when this act b	
to records for transactions occurring on or after that date. The authority	-
Secretary's authorized agents to inspect the books and records at any rea	
and is not limited to records for transactions occurring on or after the effe	ctive date of this section.
SECTION 3.14. G.S. 105-449.47 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 105-449.47. Licensure of vehicles.	
(a1) License and Decal. – When the Secretary licenses a motor ca	-
issue a license for the motor carrier and a set of decals for each qualified	
carrier must keep records of decals issued to it and must be able to a	account for all decals it

1 2		om the Secretary. Licenses and decals issued by the Secretary are for a calendar year. issued by the Secretary remain the property of the State. The Secretary may revoke a				
3	license or a decal when a motor carrier fails to comply with this Article or Article 36C or 36D of					
4	this Subchapter.					
5	<u>(a2)</u>	A-Carrying License and Displaying Decal. – Except as provided in subsection (a3) of				
6		n, a motor carrier must carry a copy of its <u>current calendar year license in each qualified</u>				
7		icle operated by the motor carrier when the vehicle is in this State. Unless operating				
8		mporary permit under G.S. 105-449.49, G.S. 105-449.49 or operating under the grace				
9		accordance with subsection (a3) of this section, a <u>qualified</u> motor vehicle must clearly				
10		e <u>current calendar year</u> decal on each side of the vehicle at all times. A decal must be				
11		the qualified motor vehicle for which it was issued in the place and manner designated				
12	•	hority that issued it.				
13	<u>(a3)</u>	Grace Period. – Motor carriers shall have through the last day of February to display				
14		t calendar year decals on the qualified motor vehicle and carry a copy of its current				
15		ear license in the qualified motor vehicle. To be eligible for the grace period, the motor				
16	carrier sha	<u>Il do the following:</u>				
17		(1) Hold an active motor carrier license as of December 31 of the preceding				
18		calendar year issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction				
19		pursuant to the International Fuel Tax Agreement.				
20		(2) Submit an application for licensure to the Department on or before December				
21		(2) <u>Diarlay the previous colordor year's decel issued by the Department or issued</u>				
22 23		(3) Display the previous calendar year's decal issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction pursuant to the International Eval Tax Agreement				
23 24		 (4) by another jurisdiction pursuant to the International Fuel Tax Agreement. (4) Carry a copy of the previous calendar year's license in the qualified motor 				
24 25		vehicle issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction.				
26	"	veniere issued by the Department of issued by another jurisdiction.				
27	••••	SECTION 3.15. G.S. 105-449.61(a) reads as rewritten:				
28	"(a)	No Local Tax. – A county or city may not impose a tax on the sale, distribution, or				
29		tor fuel, except motor fuel for which a refund of the per gallon excise tax is allowed				
30		S. 105-449.105A or G.S. 105-449.107.G.S. 105-449.105A, 105-449.106(d), or				
31	105-449.1					
32		SECTION 3.16. G.S. 105-449.97 reads as rewritten:				
33	"§ 105-44	9.97. Deductions and discounts allowed a supplier when filing a return.				
34	(a)	Taxes Not Remitted. – When a supplier files a return, the supplier may deduct from				
35	the amoun	t of tax payable with the return the amount of tax any of the following licensees owes				
36	the supplie	er but failed to remit to the supplier:				
37		(1) A licensed distributor.				
38		(2) A licensed importer that removed the motor fuel on which the tax is due from				
39		a terminal of an elective or a permissive supplier.				
40		(3) Repealed by Session Laws 1995, c. 647, s. 32.				
41	<u>(a1)</u>	<u>Tax Paid After Deduction.</u> – A supplier is not liable for tax a licensee listed in this				
42		(a) of this section owes the supplier but fails to pay. If a listed licensee pays tax owed				
43		er after the supplier deducts the amount on a return, the supplier must promptly remit				
44	the payme	nt to the Secretary.				
45	•••					
46	<u>(e)</u>	Credit for Motor Fuel in Terminal. – When filing a return, a licensed supplier who is				
47 48	ine positio	on holder may take a credit for tax-paid motor fuel in the terminal system."				
48	"(~)	SECTION 3.17. G.S. 105-449.106(a) reads as rewritten:				
49	"(a)	Nonprofits A nonprofit organization listed below that purchases and uses motor				

General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2023 1 equal to the tax rate in effect under G.S. 105-449.80 for the time period for which the refund is 2 claimed, less one cent (1ϕ) per gallon. 3 An application for a refund allowed under this subsection must be made in accordance with 4 this Part and must be signed by the chief executive officer of the organization. The chief 5 executive officer of a nonprofit organization is the president of the organization or another officer 6 of the organization designated in the charter or bylaws of the organization. 7 Any of the following entities may receive a refund under this subsection: 8 Repealed by Session Laws 2002-108, s. 13, effective January 1, 2003. (1)9 (2)A private, nonprofit organization that transports passengers under contract 10 with or at the express designation of a unit of local government. 11 A volunteer fire department. (3)A volunteer rescue squad. 12 (4) 13 (5)A sheltered workshop recognized by the Department of Health and Human 14 Services." 15 **SECTION 3.18.(a)** G.S. 105-449.121 reads as rewritten: 16 "§ 105-449.121. Record-keeping requirements; inspection authority. 17 What Must Be Kept. - A person who is subject to audit under subsection (b) of this (a) 18 section must keep a record of all shipping documents or other documents used to determine 19 information the person provides in a return or to determine the person's motor fuel transactions. 20 The records must be kept for three years from the due date of the return to which the records 21 apply or, if the applicable period of statute of limitations as set forth in Article 9 of this Chapter. 22 If the records apply to a transaction not required to be reported in a return, the records must be 23 kept for three years from the date of the transaction. 24 (b) Inspection. - The Secretary or a person designated by the Secretary shall have the 25 right at any reasonable time to inspect the records subject to audit under this subsection and may 26 do any of the following to determine tax liability under this Article: 27 Audit a person who is required to have or elects to have a license under this (1)28 Article. 29 Audit a distributor, a retailer, a bulk end-user, or a motor fuel user that is not (2)30 licensed under this Article. 31 Examine a tank or other equipment used to make, store, or transport motor (3) 32 fuel, diesel dyes, or diesel markers. 33 Take a sample of a product from a vehicle, a tank, or another container in a (4) 34 quantity sufficient to determine the composition of the product. 35 Stop a vehicle for the purpose of taking a sample of motor fuel from the (5) 36 vehicle." 37 **SECTION 3.18.(b)** This section is effective when this act becomes law and applies 38 to documents required to be kept for transactions occurring on or after that date. The authority of 39 the Secretary or the Secretary's designee to inspect records at any reasonable time is ongoing and 40 is not limited to records for transactions occurring on or after the effective date of this section. SECTION 3.19.(a) G.S. 105-449.139(a) reads as rewritten: 41 42 Records. - A licensee person required to be licensed under this Article must keep a "(a) record of all documents used to determine the information provided in a return filed under this 43 Article. The records must be kept for three years from the due date of the return to which the 44 records apply. applicable period of statute of limitations as set forth under Article 9 of this 45 Chapter. If the records apply to a transaction not required to be reported in a return, the records 46 47 must be kept for three years from the date of the transaction. The records are open to inspection 48 during business hours by the Secretary or a person designated by the Secretary. Secretary or a 49 person designated by the Secretary shall have the right at any reasonable time to inspect the

Page 14

General Assembly Of North Carolina

	General Assembly Of No		56551011 2025		
1 2		9.(b) This section is effective when this act become be kept for transactions occurring on or after that date			
3	the Secretary or the Secretary's designee to inspect records at any reasonable time is ongoing and				
4	is not limited to records for transactions occurring on or after the effective date of this section.				
5	SECTION 3.20.(a) G.S. 119-18 reads as rewritten:				
6	"§ 119-18. Inspection ta	x and distribution of the tax proceeds.			
7	(a) Tax. $-$ An ins	pection tax of one fourth of one cent (1/4 of 1¢) per	r gallon is levied		
8	upon all of the fuel listed	in this subsection regardless of whether the fuel is	exempt from the		
9	per-gallon excise tax impo	osed by Article 36C or 36D of Chapter 105 of the Gen	eral Statutes. The		
10	inspection tax on motor f	uel is due and payable to the Secretary of Revenue of	n the date the per		
11	gallon excise tax on motor fuel is due and payable under Article 36C of Chapter 105 of the				
12	General Statutes. The inspection tax on alternative fuel is due and payable to the Secretary of				
13	Revenue on the date the excise tax on alternative fuel is due and payable under Article 36D of				
14	Chapter 105 of the General Statutes. The inspection tax on kerosene is payable monthly to the				
15	Secretary by a supplier that is licensed under Part 2 of Article 36C of Chapter 105 of the General				
16	Statutes and by a kerosene supplier. A monthly report is due on the date a monthly return is due				
17		nd applies to kerosene sold during the preceding mo	• • • •		
18		and to kerosene received during the preceding mon	•		
19		ninal operator must file a return in accordance with	-		
20	-	pection tax on jet fuel and aviation gasoline is payable	1 ·		
21	•	A return must be in the form prescribed by, and con	ntain information		
22	required by, the Secretary	=			
23	(1) Motor				
24		tive fuel used to operate a highway vehicle.			
25 26	(3) Kerose				
26 27	(4) Jet fuel (5) Avietic				
27		on gasoline.			
28 29	(d) Records. – A	person required to remit the tax imposed by this sec	tion shall keen a		
30		sed to determine the information provided in a return.	-		
31		period of statute of limitations as set forth under Art			
32		s. The Secretary or a person designated by the Secret			
33	right at any reasonable tin		<u>ar y shan na to tho</u>		
34		20.(b) This section is effective when this act become	s law and applies		
35		be kept for transactions occurring on or after that date			
36	-	tary's designee to inspect records at any reasonable tim	•		
37	-	or transactions occurring on or after the effective date			
38	SECTION 3.2	21. G.S. 105-449.81 reads as rewritten:			
39	"§ 105-449.81. Excise ta	x on motor fuel.			
40	An excise tax at the m	otor fuel rate is imposed on motor fuel that is:			
41					
42	(3b) Fuel g	rade ethanol or biodiesel fuel if the fuel meets at	least one of the		
43	followi	ng descriptions:			
44	а.	Is produced in this State and is removed from the stor	age facility at the		
45		production location.			
46	b.	Is imported to this State by means of a transport truc			
47		car, a tank wagon, or a marine vessel where <u>fuel</u>			
48		biodiesel from the vessel is not delivered to a termi			
49 50		assigned a terminal control number by the Internal R			
50	с.	Repealed by Session Laws 2009-445, s. 34(a), effe	ective January 1,		
51		2010.			

Gener	al Assemb	ly Of North Carolina	Session 2023
		<u>d.</u> <u>Is removed from the terminal transfer system and</u>	is not subject to the
		federal excise tax imposed by § 4081 of the Code.	-
	(4)	Blended fuel made in this State or imported to this State.	
	(5)	Transferred within the terminal transfer system and is sul	pject, upon transfer,
		to the federal excise tax imposed by section § 4081	of the Code or is
		transferred to a person at a terminal who is not licensed u	inder this Article as
		a supplier."	
	SECT	TION 3.22.(a) G.S. 105-449.88 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 105	-449.88. I	Exemptions from the excise tax.	
The	e excise ta	x on motor fuel does not apply to the following:	
	<u>(12)</u>	Fuel grade ethanol or biodiesel transferred between term	
		Carolina, if the fuel grade ethanol or biodiesel is owned b	y the same licensed
		supplier."	
		TION 3.22.(b) This section is effective when it becomes	law and applies to
transfe		ig on or after that date.	
	SECT	TION 3.23. Except as otherwise provided, this Part is effective	ve when it becomes
law.			
=			
PART		PERTY TAX CHANGES	
		TION 4.1. G.S. 105-277.9 is repealed.	
	SECT	TION 4.2. This Part is effective when it becomes law.	
			n a constant
PART		ADMINISTRATION AND COLLECTIONS CHANGES	6
		TION 5.1.(a) G.S. 105-236 reads as rewritten:	
		alties; situs of violations; penalty disposition.	1
(a)		ties. – The following civil penalties and criminal offenses a	
	(1)	Penalty for Bad Checks. – When the bank upon which an	•
		tendered to the Department of Revenue in payment of an	
		the Department returns the check because of insuffic	
		nonexistence of an account of the drawer, the Secretary sha	
		of the check a penalty equal to ten percent (10%) of the minimum of one dollar ($\$100$) and a maximum of or	-
		minimum of one dollar (\$1.00) and a maximum of or (\$1,000). This penalty does not apply if the Secretary f	
		check was presented for payment, the drawer of the check	
		in an account at a financial institution to pay the check ar	
		the drawer of the check failed to draw the check on the	
		sufficient funds. For purposes of this subdivision, in the ca	
		payment, the term "drawer" refers to the garnishee.	ise of a garmsmitelle
	(1a)	Penalty for Bad Electronic Funds Transfer. – When a	on electronic funds
	(14)	transfer cannot be completed due to insufficient funds or	
		an account of the transferor, the Secretary shall assess the	
		equal to ten percent (10%) of the amount of the transfer, su	
		of one dollar (\$1.00) and a maximum of one thousand do	•
		penalty may be waived by the Secretary in accordance with	
		purposes of this subdivision, in the case of a garnishmen	
		"transferor" refers to the garnishee."	i payment, the term
	SECT	TION 5.1.(b) G.S. 105-242.1(b) reads as rewritten:	
"(b		h. – A garnishee must comply with a notice of garnishme	ent or file a written
		notice within the time set in this subsection. A garnishee	
-		amply or file a response within 20 days after receiving a new	

51 institution must comply or file a response within 20 days after receiving a notice of garnishment.

1 All other garnishees must comply or file a response within 30 days after receiving a notice of 2 garnishment. A written response must explain why the garnishee is not subject to garnishment 3 and attachment. 4 Upon receipt of a written response, the Department must contact the garnishee and schedule 5 a conference to discuss the response or inform the garnishee of the Department's position 6 concerning the response. If the Department does not agree with the garnishee on the garnishee's 7 liability, the Department may proceed to enforce the garnishee's liability for the tax by sending 8 notice proposed assessment accordance the garnishee a of in with G.S. 9 105-241.9.G.S. 105-241.9, including any penalties imposed in this Article. If the garnishee does 10 not file a response to the notice of garnishment within the time set in this subsection and fails to 11 comply with the notice, the garnishee is subject to the penalties imposed in this Article." SECTION 5.2. G.S. 105-241.11(a) reads as rewritten: 12 13 Procedure. - A taxpayer who objects to a proposed denial of a refund or a proposed "(a) assessment of tax may request a Departmental review of the proposed action by filing a request 14 15 for review. The request for review must either be in-on the form prescribed by the Secretary or be a written statement clearly indicating the taxpayer requests review of a proposed denial of a 16 17 refund or a proposed assessment of tax and include an explanation for the request for review. The 18 request must be filed with the Department as follows:" 19 20 **SECTION 5.3.(a)** Article 9 of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes is amended by 21 adding the following new section to read: "§ 105-241.24. Statute of limitations on collections. 22 23 The Department may collect a tax for a period of 10 years from the date it becomes collectible 24 under G.S. 105-241.22. The 10-year period may be tolled for the same reasons the enforcement 25 period for a certificate of tax liability may be tolled under G.S. 105-242(c). If the tax is not 26 collected within the time frame authorized under this section, the remaining liability is abated." 27 **SECTION 5.3.(b)** G.S. 105-242(c) reads as rewritten: 28 "(c) Certificate of Tax Liability. – The Department may file a certificate of tax liability to 29 collect a tax that is owed by a taxpayer and is collectible under G.S. 105-241.22. A certificate of 30 tax liability must state the taxpayer's name and the type and amount of tax owed. If the taxpayer 31 resides in this State or has property in this State, the Department must file the certificate of tax 32 liability with the clerk of the superior court of a county in which the taxpayer resides or has 33 property. If the taxpayer does not reside in this State or have property in this State, the Department 34 must file the certificate of tax liability in Wake County. 35 The clerk of court must record a certificate of tax liability in the same manner as a judgment. 36 A recorded certificate of tax liability is considered a judgment and is enforceable in the same 37 manner as other judgments. The legal rate of interest set in G.S. 24-1 applies to the principal 38 amount of tax stated on the certificate of tax liability. The tax stated on a certificate of tax liability 39 is a lien on real and personal property from the date the certificate is recorded. 40 A certificate of tax liability is enforceable for a period of 10 years from the date it is recorded. recorded, however, the enforcement period may not extend beyond the statute of limitations 41 42 provided for under G.S. 105-241.24. If the certificate is not satisfied within this period, the 43 remaining liability of the taxpayer is abated and the Department must cancel the certificate. An 44 execution sale initiated before the end of the 10-year enforcement period may be completed after 45 the end of this period, regardless of whether resales are required because of the posting of 46 increased bids. The Secretary may accept tax payments made after a certificate has expired, regardless of whether any collection actions were taken before the certificate expired. A taxpayer 47 48 may waive the 10 year enforcement period for enforcement of the certificate for either a definite 49 or an indefinite time. 50 The 10-year enforcement period in which of a certificate of tax liability is enforceable is tolled during the following periods: 51

	General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2023				
1	(1)	While the taxpayer is absent from the State. The period is tolled during the			
2		taxpayer's absence plus one year after the taxpayer returns.			
3	(2)	Upon the death of the taxpayer. The period is tolled while the taxpayer's estate			
4		is administered plus one year after the estate is closed.			
5	(3)	While an action is pending to set aside a conveyance made by the taxpayer as			
6		a fraudulent conveyance.			
7	(4)	While an insolvency proceeding against the taxpayer is pending.			
8	(5)	During the period of any statutory or judicial bar to the enforcement of the			
9		certificate.			
10	(6)	The period for which a taxpayer has waived the 10-year enforcement period."			
11					
12	PART VI. EFFECTIVE DATE				
13	SECTION 6. Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes				
14	law.				