## **GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2023**

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## **SENATE BILL 174** Finance Committee Substitute Adopted 3/1/23 Third Edition Engrossed 3/9/23

Short Title: Rev. Laws Tech., Clarifying, & Admin. Chngs. (Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

March 1, 2023

A BILL TO BE EN	NTITLED
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1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO MAKE VARIOUS TECHNICAL, CLARIFYING, AND ADMINISTRATIVE
3	CHANGES TO THE REVENUE LAWS.
4	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
5	
6	PART I. CORPORATE AND INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX CHANGES
7	<b>SECTION 1.1.</b> G.S. 105-228.90(b)(7) reads as rewritten:
8	"(7) Code. – The Internal Revenue Code as enacted as of April 1, 2021, January 1,
9	2023, including any provisions enacted as of that date that become effective
10	either before or after that date."
11	SECTION 1.2. G.S. 105-122(b)(2) reads as rewritten:
12	"(2) An addition for the amount of indebtedness the corporation owes to a parent,
13	a subsidiary, an affiliate, or a noncorporate entity in which the corporation or
14	group of corporations owns directly or indirectly more than fifty percent
15	(50%) of the capital interest of the noncorporate entity, unless the
16	indebtedness creates qualified interest expense, as defined in
17	G.S. 105-130.7B(b)(4).G.S. 105-130.7B(b)(4)a. through
18	<u>G.S. 105-130.7B(b)(4)d.</u> "
19	<b>SECTION 1.3.</b> G.S. 105-153.4 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
20	"(d1) Sole Proprietorships. – In order to calculate the numerator of the fraction provided in
21	subsection (b) of this section for an individual that operates a business in one or more other states,
22	the amount of an individual's total net income of the business, as modified in G.S. 105-153.5 and
23	G.S. 105-153.6, that is includable in the numerator is determined in accordance with the
24	provisions of G.S. 105-130.4. As used in this subsection, total net income means the entire gross
25	income of the business less all expenses, taxes, interest, and other deductions allowable under
26	the Code that were incurred in the operation of the business."
27	<b>SECTION 1.4.</b> G.S. 105-153.9 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
28	"(c) The credit allowed under this section may not exceed the amount of tax imposed by
29	this Part for the taxable year reduced by the sum of all credits allowed, except payments of tax
30	made by or on behalf of the taxpayer."
31	<b>SECTION 1.5.(a)</b> G.S. 105-154(d) reads as rewritten:
32	"(d) Payment of Tax on Behalf of Nonresident Owner or Partner. – If a business conducted
33	in this State is owned by a nonresident individual or by a partnership having one or more
34	nonresident members, the business shall report information concerning the earnings of the
35	business in this State, the distributive share of the income of each nonresident owner or partner,



### **General Assembly Of North Carolina**

#### Session 2023

and any other information required by the Secretary. The distributive share of the income of each 1 2 nonresident partner includes any guaranteed payments made to the partner. The business shall 3 pay with the return the tax on each nonresident owner or partner's share of the income computed 4 at the rate levied on individuals under G.S. 105-153.7. The business may deduct the payment for 5 each nonresident owner or partner from the owner or partner's distributive share of the income 6 of the business in this State. The Secretary may enforce the business's liability for the tax on each 7 nonresident owner or partner's share of the income by sending the business a notice of proposed 8 assessment in accordance with G.S. 105-241.9. If the nonresident partner is not an individual and 9 the partner has executed an affirmation that (i) the partner will pay the tax with its corporate, 10 partnership, trust, or estate income tax return, or (ii) the partner is not subject to State income tax 11 under this Article, the business is not required to pay the tax on the partner's share. In this case, the business shall include a copy of the affirmation with the report required by this subsection. 12 13 The affirmation must be annually filed by the nonresident partner and submitted by the due date 14 of the report required in this subsection. Otherwise, the business is required to pay the tax on the nonresident partner's share. Notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 105-241.7(b), the business 15 may not request a refund of an overpayment made on behalf of a nonresident owner or partner if 16 17 the business has previously filed the return and paid the tax due. The nonresident owner or partner 18 may, on its own income tax return, request a refund of an overpayment made on its behalf by the 19 business within the provisions of G.S. 105-241.6. This subsection does not apply to a partnership 20 with respect to any taxable period for which it is a taxed partnership.partnership unless the taxed 21 partnership has a partner described in G.S. 105-154.1(a)(5). If a taxed partnership has a partner described in G.S. 105-154.1(a)(5), this subsection applies to the taxed partnership with respect 22 23 to the partner described in G.S. 105-154.1(a)(5)." 24 **SECTION 1.5.(b)** G.S. 105-154.1(a) is amended by adding a new subdivision to 25 read: 26 A partnership including an entity that is classified as a partnership for federal "(5) 27 income tax purposes, or an S Corporation as defined in G.S. 105-131(b)." **SECTION 1.5.(c)** G.S. 105-154.1(b)(1) reads as rewritten: 28 29 The North Carolina taxable income of a taxed partnership with respect to such "(1) 30 taxable period shall be equal to the sum of the following: following for partners defined under G.S. 105-154.1(a)(1) through G.S. 105-154.1(a)(4): 31 32 33 SECTION 1.5.(d) G.S. 105-153.9, as amended by Section 1.4 of this act, is amended 34 by adding the following new subsections to read: 35 Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (a)(5) of this section with respect to a "(d) 36 taxed partnership, for purposes of this section and G.S. 105-160.4, each resident partner is considered to have paid a tax imposed on the partner in an amount equal to the partner's 37 38 distributive share of any income tax paid by the partnership to a state or the District of Columbia 39 where the partnership was subject to an entity-level tax levied on the aggregate distributive share of the partnership's income allocable to one or more of its partners. A partnership is taxable in 40 another state or the District of Columbia if the partnership's business activity in that state or the 41 42 District of Columbia subjects the partnership to a net income tax or a tax measured by net income. Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (a)(4) of this section with respect to a 43 (e) taxed S Corporation, for purposes of this section and G.S. 105-160.4, each resident shareholder 44 is considered to have paid a tax imposed on the shareholder in an amount equal to the 45 shareholder's pro rata share of any income tax paid by the S Corporation to a state or the District 46 47 of Columbia where the S Corporation was subject to an entity-level tax levied on the aggregate 48 pro rata share of the S Corporation's income allocable to one or more of its shareholders. An S Corporation is taxable in another state or the District of Columbia if the S Corporation's business 49 50 activity in that state or the District of Columbia subjects the S Corporation to a net income tax or a tax measured by net income. A taxpayer that claims a credit under this subsection may not also 51

# General Assembly Of North Carolina

1 2		nder G.S. 105-131.8 with respect to the same income tax paid by the S		
	Corporation."			
3	<b>SECTION 1.5.(e)</b> This section is effective for taxable years beginning on or after			
4	January 1, 2022.			
5		<b>TION 1.6.(a)</b> The following statutes are repealed:		
6	(1)	G.S. 105-131.1A(b)(1)b.		
7	(2)	G.S. 105-131.1A(d)		
8	(3)	G.S. 105-153.9(a)(4)		
9	(4)	G.S. 105-153.9(a)(5)		
10	(5)	G.S. 105-154.1(b)(1)b.		
11	SECT	<b>TION 1.6.(b)</b> G.S. 105-131.1A(a) reads as rewritten:		
12	"(a) Taxed	S Corporation Election. – An S Corporation may elect, on its timely filed		
13	<del>annual</del> -return req	uired under G.S. 105-131.7, to have the tax under this Article imposed on the S		
14	Corporation for a	any taxable period covered by the return. An S Corporation may not make or		
15	revoke the election	on after the due date of the return including extensions.return is filed."		
16	SECT	<b>TION 1.6.(c)</b> G.S. 105-153.5(c3) reads as rewritten:		
17	"(c3) Taxed	Pass-Through Entities. – In calculating North Carolina taxable income, a		
18		ake the following adjustments to the taxpayer's adjusted gross income:		
19	(1)	A taxpayer that is a shareholder of a taxed S Corporation may deduct the		
20		amount of the taxpayer's pro rata share of income <u>attributable to the State from</u>		
21		the taxed S Corporation to the extent it-the income attributable to the State		
22		was included in the taxed S Corporation's North Carolina taxable income and		
23		was included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross income.income, subject to the		
24		adjustments provided in G.S. 105-153.5 and G.S. 105-153.6, attributable to		
25		the State.		
26	<u>(1a)</u>	A resident taxpayer that is a shareholder of an S Corporation may deduct the		
27	<u>()</u>	amount of the taxpayer's pro rata share of income not attributable to the State		
28		from the S Corporation to the extent the income not attributable to the State		
29		was included in the S Corporation's taxable income in another state or the		
30		District of Columbia, was subject to an entity-level tax levied on the aggregate		
31		pro rata share of the S Corporation's income allocable to one or more of its		
32		shareholders, and was included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross income subject		
33		to the adjustments provided in G.S. 105-153.5 and G.S. 105-153.6. An S		
34		<u>Corporation is taxable in another state or the District of Columbia if the S</u>		
35		<u>Corporation's business activity in that state or the District of Columbia</u>		
36		subjects the S Corporation to a net income tax or a tax measured by net		
37		income.		
38	(2)	A taxpayer that is a shareholder of a taxed S Corporation must add the amount		
39	(2)	of the taxpayer's pro rata share of <u>net taxable loss attributed to the State</u> from		
40		the taxed S Corporation to the extent it the net taxable loss was included in the		
40 41		taxed S Corporation's North Carolina taxable income and <u>was included in the</u>		
42		taxpayer's adjusted gross income.income, subject to the adjustments provided		
42 43				
43 44	(2)	in G.S. 105-153.5 and G.S. 105-153.6, attributable to the State. A taxpayer that is a partner of a taxed partnership may deduct the amount of		
	(3)			
45 46		the taxpayer's <u>share of distributive</u> <del>share of income</del> <u>attributable to the State</u> from the taxed performing to the extent it the share of distributive income		
46 47		from the taxed partnership to the extent it the share of distributive income		
47 48		<u>attributable to the State</u> was included in the taxed partnership's North Carolina		
48		taxable income and <u>was included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross</u>		
49 50		income.income, subject to the adjustments provided in G.S. 105-153.5 and		
50		G.S. 105-153.6, attributable to the State.		

	General Assemb	oly Of North Carolina	Session 2023
1	<u>(3a)</u>	A resident taxpayer that is a partner of a partnership may d	educt the amount
2		of the taxpayer's share of distributive income not attributable	to the State from
3		the partnership to the extent the share of distributive incom	e not attributable
4		to the State was included in the partnership's taxable incom	e in another state
5		or the District of Columbia, was subject to an entity-level	tax levied on the
6		aggregate distributive share of the partnership's income all	locable to one or
7		more of its partners, and was included in the taxpayer's adjust	-
8		subject to the adjustments provided in G.S. 105-153.5 and C	
9		partnership is taxable in another state or the District of	
10		partnership's business activity in that state or the District of C	
11		the partnership to a net income tax or a tax measured by net	
12	(4)	A taxpayer that is a partner of a taxed partnership must add	
13		taxpayer's share of distributive share of taxable loss attribu	
14		from the taxed partnership to the extent it the share of distrib	
15		attributable to the State was included in the taxed partnership	
16		taxable income and was included in the taxpayer's	
17		income.income, subject to the adjustments provided in G.	S. 105-153.5 and
18		G.S. 105-153.6, attributable to the State."	
19 20		<b>FION 1.6.(d)</b> G.S. 105-153.9, as amended by Sections 1.4, 1.5	(d), and $1.6(a)$ of
20 21	this act, reads as		ala
21	§ 105-155.9. 1a	ax credits for income taxes paid to other states by individu	als.
22	(d) Excer	ot as otherwise provided in subdivision (a)(5) of this section	with respect to a
23 24		<del>b, for <u>For</u> purposes of this section and G.S. 105-160.4, each r</del>	
2 <del>4</del> 25		we paid a tax imposed on the partner in an amount equal	
25 26		of any income tax paid by the partnership to a state or the Dis	1
20 27		ship was subject to an entity-level tax levied on the aggregate	
28	-	b's income allocable to one or more of its partners. A partner	
29		he District of Columbia if the partnership's business activity i	-
30		bia subjects the partnership to a net income tax or a tax measur	
31		ot as otherwise provided in subdivision (a)(4) of this section	-
32	· · · ·	ation, for For purposes of this section and G.S. 105-160.	-
33	-	nsidered to have paid a tax imposed on the shareholder in an	
34		pro rata share of any income tax paid by the S Corporation	-
35		nbia where the S Corporation was subject to an entity-level	
36		ata share of the S Corporation's income allocable to one	
37		S Corporation is taxable in another state or the District of C	
38	Corporation's bus	siness activity in that state or the District of Columbia subjects	the S Corporation
39	to a net income t	ax or a tax measured by net income. A taxpayer that claims a	credit under this
40	subsection may n	ot also claim a credit under G.S. 105-131.8 with respect to the	same income tax
41	paid by the S Cor	poration.	
42	<u>(f)</u> <u>No cr</u>	edit is allowed under this section for taxes paid to another sta	ate or the District
43	of Columbia on i	ncome eligible for the deduction provided in G.S. 105-153.5(d	<u>c3).</u> "
44		<b>TION 1.6.(e)</b> G.S. 105-154.1(a), as amended by Section 1.5(b)	) of this act, reads
45	as rewritten:		
46		l Partnership Election. – A partnership may elect, on its tin	-
47	-	under G.S. 105-154(c), to have the tax under this Article	-
48		ny taxable period covered by the return. A partnership may no	
49		the due date of the return, including extensions. return is fil	
50	cannot be made b	by a publicly traded partnership that is described in section 770	04(c) of the Code

	General Assembly Of North CarolinaSession 2023
1 2	or by a partnership that has at any time during the taxable year a partner who is not one of the following:
$\frac{2}{3}$	(1) An individual.
4	(1) An estate.
5	<ul> <li>(2) An estate.</li> <li>(3) A trust described in section 1361(c)(2) of the Code.</li> </ul>
6	<ul> <li>(4) An organization described in section 1361(c)(2) of the Code.</li> </ul>
0 7	<ul> <li>(4) An organization described in section 1301(c)(0) of the Code.</li> <li>(5) A partnership including an entity that is classified as a partnership for federal</li> </ul>
8	
8 9	income tax purposes, or an S Corporation as defined in G.S. 105-131(b)."
	<b>SECTION 1.6.(f)</b> This section is effective for taxable years beginning on or after
10	January 1, 2023. SECTION 17 (a) $C \ge 105 240 2(k)$ reads as rewritten:
11	<b>SECTION 1.7.(a)</b> G.S. 105-249.2(b) reads as rewritten:
12	"(b) Disaster. – The penalties in G.S. $105-236(a)(2)$ , (3), and (4) (4), and (10)c. may not
13	be assessed for any period in which the time for filing a federal return or report or for paying a
14	federal tax is extended under section 7508A of the Code because of a presidentially declared
15	disaster. The extension of time granted by the Internal Revenue Service under section 7508A of
16	the Code only applies to the corresponding State tax return or payment. For State returns and
17	payments without a corresponding federal return and payment, the extension granted for
18	individual income tax returns and payments by the Internal Revenue Service under section 7508A
19	of the Code applies. For the purpose of this section, "presidentially declared disaster" has the
20	same meaning as in section 1033(h)(3) of the Code."
21	<b>SECTION 1.7.(b)</b> This section is effective when it becomes law and applies to
22	presidentially declared disasters occurring on or after that date.
23	<b>SECTION 1.8.</b> Except as otherwise provided, this Part is effective when it becomes
24	law.
25	
26	PART II. SALES TAX CHANGES
27	<b>SECTION 2.1.(a)</b> G.S. 105-164.3(179) reads as rewritten:
28	"(179) Prepared food. – Food that meets at least one of the conditions of this
29	subdivision. Prepared food does not include food the retailer sliced,
30	repackaged, or pasteurized but did not heat, mix, or sell with eating
31	utensils.Defined in G.S. 105-164.4L.
32	a. It is sold in a heated state or it is heated by the retailer.
33	b. It consists of two or more foods mixed or combined by the retailer for
34	sale as a single item. This sub-subdivision does not include foods
35	containing raw eggs, fish, meat, or poultry that require cooking by the
36	consumer as recommended by the Food and Drug Administration to
37	prevent food borne illnesses.
38	c. It is sold with eating utensils provided by the retailer, such as plates,
39	knives, forks, spoons, glasses, cups, napkins, and straws. A plate does
40	not include a container or packaging used to transport the food."
41	<b>SECTION 2.1.(b)</b> Article 5 of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes is amended by
42	adding the following new section to read:
43	" <u>§ 105-164.4L. Prepared food.</u>
44	(a) <u>Prepared Food Definition. – The term "prepared food" means food that meets at least</u>
45	one of the following conditions:
46	(1) It is sold in a heated state, or it is heated by the retailer.
47	(2) <u>It consists of two or more foods mixed or combined by the retailer for sale as</u>
48	a single item. This does not include:
49	a. <u>Food containing raw eggs, fish, meat, or poultry that requires cooking</u>
50	by the consumer as recommended by the Food and Drug

	General	Assemb	oly Of N	North Carolina	Session 2023
1				Administration in chapter 3, part	401.11 of its Food Code so as to
2				prevent foodborne illnesses.	
3			b.	Food that is only sliced, repackage	ed, or pasteurized by the retailer.
4		(3)		• • •	the retailer, such as plates, knives,
5		(3)		• • •	l straws. A plate does not include a
6				· · · ·	he food. An eating utensil placed in
7					n other than the retailer, if that other
8					at of a manufacturer, sector 311, is
8 9			-		
9				<b>e i</b>	by the retailer. For a packager with
1					the retailer is considered to have
	(1-)	Tterm	_	led the eating utensil.	a successful and a successful successful and succes
2	<u>(b)</u>			•	n a retailer's prepared food sales
3		-			f this section, the phrase "provided
4	•		s descri	bed in subdivision (3) of subsection	(a) of this section, has the following
5	meanings				
6		<u>(1)</u>			ive percent (75%). – If a retailer has
7					er than seventy-five percent (75%),
8			"provi	ded by the retailer" means the retail	er makes eating utensils available to
9			purcha	asers, except that an item sold by t	he retailer containing four or more
0			<u>servin</u>	gs packaged as one item and sold	for a single price does not become
1			prepar	red food because the retailer makes	utensils available to the purchaser of
2			the ite	m, but is prepared food if the retail	er physically gives or hands utensils
3			to the	purchaser of the item. Serving size	s are determined based on the label
4			of an	item sold. If no label is available, a	retailer must reasonably determine
5				mber of servings in an item.	
6		(2)			(75%) or less. – If a retailer has a
7					venty-five percent (75%) or less,
8					er's business practice is to physically
9			-	-	s, except that plates, bowls, glasses,
0			-	• •	receive the food need only be made
1				ble to purchasers.	<u> </u>
2	<u>(c)</u>	Prepa		d Sales Percentage. –	
3	<u>(c)</u>	$\frac{110 \text{pu}}{(1)}$			by dividing the following described
4		<u>(1)</u>		ator by the following described der	
5			<u>a.</u>	• •	ual sales of prepared food described
6			<u>a.</u>		estimates of prepared rood deserved psection (a) of this section and food
7					or cups are necessary to receive the
8					iclude alcoholic beverages or food
o 9				excluded from prepared food.	icitide alcoholic beverages of 100d
			1.		total annual sales of all food and
0			<u>b.</u>		total annual sales of all food and
1		$\langle \mathbf{O} \rangle$	A 1 ·	prepared food, excluding alcoholi	<u>c beverages.</u>
2		<u>(2)</u>	-	nistration of definition. –	
3			<u>a.</u>		ared food sales percentage for each
4				•	ased on the retailer's data from the
5					ll year, as soon as possible after
6					but not later than 90 days after the
7				beginning of the retailer's tax year	
8			<u>b.</u>		entage shall be determined annually
9				for all of the retailer's establishme	
0			<u>c.</u>		-faith estimate of its prepared food
1				sales percentage for its first year	in business. The new retailer must
				•	

	General Assembly Of North CarolinaSession 2023				
1	adjust its good-faith estimate prospectively after the first three months				
2	of its business operation if actual prepared food sales percentages				
3	materially affect the seventy-five percent (75%) threshold described in				
4	subsection (b) of this section."				
5	<b>SECTION 2.2.</b> G.S. 105-164.4J is amended by adding a new subsection to read:				
6	"(k) Efficient Administration. – When the Secretary finds it necessary for the efficient				
7	administration of this Article to regard any sales representatives, solicitors, representatives,				
8	consignees, peddlers, or truckers as agents of the dealers, distributors, consignors, supervisors,				
9	employers, or persons under whom they operate or from whom they obtain the items sold by				
10	them regardless of whether they are making sales on their own behalf or on behalf of these				
11	dealers, distributors, consignors, supervisors, employers, or persons, the Secretary may so regard				
12	them and may regard the dealers, distributors, consignors, supervisors, employers, or persons as				
13	"marketplace facilitators" for the purpose of this Article and may treat the sales they make as				
14	"marketplace-facilitated sales" and the sellers as "marketplace sellers.""				
15	SECTION 2.3. G.S. 105-164.11B reads as rewritten:				
16	"§ 105-164.11B. Recover sales tax paid.				
17	(a) <u>Retailers.</u> – A retailer who pays sales and use tax on an item that is separately stated				
18	on an invoice or similar billing document given to the retailer at the time of sale and subsequently				
19	resells the item at retail, without the item being used by the retailer, may recover the sales or use				
20	tax originally paid to a seller as provided in this section. subsection. A retailer entitled to recover				
21	tax under this section subsection may reduce taxable receipts by the taxable amount of the				
22	purchase price of the item resold for the period in which the retail sale occurs. A recovery of tax				
23	allowed under this section subsection is not an overpayment of tax and, where such the recovery				
24	is taken, a refund of the tax originally paid may not be requested from the seller pursuant to the				
25	authority under G.S. 105-164.11. Any amount for tax recovered under this section subsection in				
26	excess of tax due for a reporting period under this Article is not subject to refund. Any tax				
27	recovered under this section subsection may be carried forward to a subsequent reporting period				
28	and taken as an adjustment to taxable receipts. The records of the retailer must clearly reflect and				
29	support the adjustment to taxable receipts for the period in which the adjustment is made.				
30	(b) Marketplace Facilitators. – A marketplace facilitator may recover the sales or use tax				
31	originally paid to a marketplace seller as provided in this subsection when the marketplace				
32	facilitator pays sales and use tax to a marketplace seller on a marketplace-facilitated sale for				
33	which the marketplace facilitator is considered the retailer pursuant to G.S. 105-164.4J(b), and				
34 35	the tax is separately stated on an invoice or similar billing document given to the marketplace				
33 36	facilitator at the time of sale. A marketplace facilitator entitled to recover tax under this subsection may reduce taxable receipts by the taxable amount of the marketplace facilitated sale				
30 37	subsection may reduce taxable receipts by the taxable amount of the marketplace-facilitated sale that is taxed by the marketplace seller for the period in which the retail sale occurs. A recovery				
38	of tax allowed under this subsection is not an overpayment of tax and, where the recovery is				
39	taken, a refund of the tax originally paid may not be requested from the seller pursuant to the				
40	authority under G.S. 105-164.11. Any amount for tax recovered under this subsection in excess				
41	of tax due for a reporting period under this Article is not subject to refund. Any tax recovered				
42	under this subsection may be carried forward to a subsequent reporting period and taken as an				
43	adjustment to taxable receipts. The records of the retailer must clearly reflect and support the				
44	adjustment to taxable receipts for the period in which the adjustment is made."				
45	<b>SECTION 2.4.(a)</b> G.S. 105-164.13 reads as rewritten:				
46	"§ 105-164.13. Retail sales and use tax.				
47	The sale at retail and the use, storage, or consumption in this State of the following items are				
48	specifically exempted from the tax imposed by this Article:				
49					
50	(11) Any of the following fuel:				

	General Assembl	y Of North Carolina	Session 2023
1 2 3 4		a. Motor fuel, as taxed in Article 36C of this for which a refund of the per gallon ex G.S. 105-449.105A, G.S. 105-449.106(c), G.S. 105-449.107.	cise tax is allowed under
5 6 7		b. Alternative fuel taxed under Article 36D refund of that tax is allowed under G.S. 105-449.107.	-
8	"		
9		<b>ION 2.4.(b)</b> G.S. 105-164.13 reads as rewritten:	
10		etail sales and use tax.	
11 12		ail and the use, storage, or consumption in this State oted from the tax imposed by this Article:	s of the following items are
12	specifically exemp	the from the tax imposed by this Article.	
13	(35)	Sales by a nonprofit civic, charitable, education	nal scientific literary or
15 16	(00)	fraternal organization when all of the conditions li met. This exemption does not apply to gross	isted in this subdivision are
17		admission charge to an entertainment activity. The	
18		a. The sales are conducted only upon an annu	
19		raising funds for the organization's activitie	es.
20		b. The proceeds of the sale are actually us	sed for the organization's
21		activities.	
22		c. The products sold are delivered to the pure	
23 24		the first solicitation of any sale made durin sales period.	
25		<u>d.</u> Each annual sales period occurs at least 60	days after the beginning of
26		the prior annual sales period.	
27		e. Each annual sales period funds a distinct an	
28 29		<u>other annual sales periods occurring during</u>	
29 30		<u>f.</u> <u>Each annual sales period sells products that</u> <u>from the products sold during the other ann</u>	
31		during the year.	iuar sales perious occurring
32	"	during the year.	
33	SECT	<b>ION 2.4.(c)</b> Subsection (a) of this section is effecti	ive retroactively to January
34		es to applications for refunds submitted on or after	
35		ctive when it becomes law.	
36	SECT	<b>ION 2.5.</b> G.S. 105-164.3(259) reads as rewritten:	
37	"(259)	Streamlined Agreement The Streamlined Sales	-
38		amended as of December 21, 2021.December 22, 2	
39		<b>ION 2.6.</b> Except as otherwise provided, this Part is	effective when it becomes
40	law.		
41			
42 43		SE TAX CHANGES	
43 44		<b>ION 3.1.</b> G.S. 105-113.4(13a) reads as rewritten: Vapor product. – Any nonlighted, noncombustib	le product that employs a
45	(15a)	mechanical heating element, battery, or electronic	
46		or size and that can be used to produce vapor from	
47		<u>derived</u> , in a solution. The term includes any vapor	
48		of nicotine in a solution or other form that is intend	-
49		electronic cigarette, electronic cigar, electronic ci	
50		similar product or device. The term does not include	

General Assemb	oly Of North Carolina	Session 2023
	the United States Food and Drug Administration under	er Chapter V of the
	federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act."	I
SEC	<b>FION 3.2.(a)</b> G.S. 105-113.4(2) reads as rewritten:	
"(2)	Cost price. – The actual price <del>paid paid by the person liab</del>	ble for the tax before
(2)	any discount, rebate, or allowance, for an item identifie	
	unit by a unique code or identifier representing the item	
	tax imposed by Part 3 of this Article by the person liable f	
	price paid for an item may be either of the following: <u>Art</u>	
	a. The actual price paid for an item identified as a s	
	a unique code or identifier representing the item.	1 0 1
	b. If the actual price paid for an item is not availabl	
	actual price paid for the item over the 12 cale	-
	January 1 of the year in which the sale occurs."	
SEC	<b>FION 3.2.(b)</b> G.S. 105-113.36A(f) reads as rewritten:	
	mentation. – If a person liable for the tax imposed by this	Part cannot produce
• •	s satisfaction documentation of the cost price of the item	1
•	etermine a value based on the <u>either of the following:</u>	is subject to tail, the
<u>(1)</u>	<u>The cost price of comparable items.</u>	
(2)	The average of the actual price paid by the person liab	le for the tax for the
	item over the 12 calendar months before January 1 of the	
	sale occurs."	<u>ne jeur in winen the</u>
SEC	<b>FION 3.3.</b> G.S. 105-113.4A(e) reads as rewritten:	
	cate or Amended License. – Upon application to the Secre	etary, a licensee may
· · · ·	arge a duplicate or amended license as provided in this sul	
	use must state that it is a duplicate or amended license, as a	
(1)	A duplicate license, if the licensee establishes that the orig	
	lost, destroyed, or defaced.	
(2)	An amended license, if the licensee establishes that the	location of the place
	of business for which the license was issued has changed	-
SEC	<b>FION 3.4.(a)</b> G.S. 105-113.4F(c) reads as rewritten:	
	Requirement. – A delivery seller who has made a deliver	y sale, or shipped or
• • •	o products in connection with a delivery sale, for which t	
	he previous month shall, not later than the tenth day of each	
-	norandum or a copy of the invoice for every delivery sa	
-	A delivery seller who complies with 15 U.S.C. § 376 with	
1	d by that section is considered to have complied with	1
-	invoice shall contain the following information:	
(1)	The name, address, telephone number, and e-mail address	ss of the consumer.
(2)	The type and the brand, or brands, of tobacco products the	
(3)	The quantity of tobacco products that were sold."	
SEC	<b>FION 3.4.(b)</b> This section is effective when this act beco	mes law and applies
	or after that date for sales made during the previous month	
SEC	<b>FION 3.5.(a)</b> G.S. 105-113.4G reads as rewritten:	
	Records to be kept.	
(a) Requi	rement Every person required to be licensed under th	is Article and every
- · · · -	to make reports under this Article shall keep complete and	-
all purchases, in	ventories, sales, shipments, and deliveries of tobacco	products, and other
	equired under this Article. by the Secretary. The records	
prescribed by the	e Secretary and shall be open at all times for inspection by	y the Secretary or an
authorized repres	sentative of the Secretary.	

	General Assembly Of North Carolina	Session 2023			
1	(b) Time Period. – These records shall be safely preserved for a peri	od of three years the			
2	applicable period of statute of limitations as set forth in Article 9 of this Chapter in a manner to				
3	ensure their security and accessibility for inspection by the Department. If the records apply to a				
4	transaction not required to be reported in a return, the records shall be kept for three years from				
5	the date of the transaction."	- ·			
6	<b>SECTION 3.5.(b)</b> This section is effective when this act become	mes law and applies			
7	to records for transactions occurring on or after that date.	11			
8	SECTION 3.6. G.S. 105-113.12(a) reads as rewritten:				
9	"(a) A distributor must obtain a license for each of the locations liste	d in this subsection.			
10	as applicable, and must pay a tax of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) for each lic	,			
11	effect until June 30 of the year following the second calendar year after the				
12	renewal. A license is renewable upon signed application with no renewa				
13	applied for after the June 30 expiration date. The locations are:				
14	(1) Each location where a distributor receives or stores non-t	ax-paid cigarettes in			
15	this State.	un puid eigurettes in			
16	(2) For a distributor that is a delivery seller, each locati	on from which the			
17	distributor ships receives or stores non-tax-paid cigarette				
18	of cigarettes if the location is a location other than the lo				
19	subdivision (1) of this subsection."				
20	SECTION 3.7. G.S. 105-113.38B reads as rewritten:				
20	"§ 105-113.38B. Records.				
22	In addition to the records required to be kept under G.S. 105-113.4G, a re	emote seller required			
23	to be licensed must maintain the following:	inote sener <u>required</u>			
24	(1) A list, updated annually, showing the cost price paid by	the remote seller for			
25	each stock keeping unit of tobacco products.				
26	(2) Invoices documenting remote or delivery sales to consum	hers in this State.			
27	(3) Records necessary to document the cost price of purch				
28	products sold to consumers in this State."				
29	<b>SECTION 3.8.(a)</b> G.S. 105-113.39A reads as rewritten:				
30	"§ 105-113.39A. License required.				
31	(a) Requirement. – A wholesale dealer or a retail dealer must obtain	n from the Secretary			
32	a license for each of the locations listed in this subsection, as applicable	•			
33	required license tax for each license. A license is in effect until June 30 of th				
34	second calendar year after the date of issuance or renewal, unless cancelled				
35	expiration. A license is renewable upon signed application with no renewa	-			
36	applied for after the June 30 expiration date. The locations are:	i neense ux, uness			
37	(1) Each location where a wholesale dealer makes tobacco pr	roducts			
38	(2) Each location where a wholesale dealer or a retail deale				
39	non-tax-paid tobacco products.				
40	(3) Each location from where a retail dealer that is a delive	erv seller or remote			
40 41	seller ships receives or stores non-tax-paid tobacco produ				
42	or remote sales if the location is a location other than th				
43	in subdivision (2) of this subsection.	e location described			
44	"				
44 45		n (a) of this section			
43 46	<b>SECTION 3.8.(b)</b> G.S. 105-113.39A, as amended by subsectio reads as rewritten:				
40 47	"§ 105-113.39A. License required.				
47 48		n from the Socratory			
48 49	(a) Requirement. $-A$ wholesale dealer or a retail dealer must obtain a license for each of the locations licted in this subsection as applicable	•			
49 50	a license for each of the locations listed in this subsection, as applicable, subsections (a1) and (a2) of this section and must pay the required license				
50 51	A license is in effect until June 30 of the year following the second calendar				

	General Assem	bly Of North Carolina	Session 2023		
1	of issuance or renewal, unless cancelled or revoked prior to expiration. A license is renewal				
2	upon signed application with no renewal license tax, unless applied for after the June 30				
3	expiration date. The locations are:				
4	(a1) Other	Tobacco Products License A wholesale dealer or a retail	dealer must obtain		
5	an other tobacco	products license for all of the following locations:			
6	(1)	Each location where a wholesale dealer makes tobacco	products.products		
7		other than vapor products.			
8	(2)	Each location where a wholesale dealer or a retail dealer	receives or stores		
9		non-tax-paid tobacco products.products other than vapor p	oroducts.		
10	(3)	Each location from where a retail dealer that is a deliver			
11		seller receives or stores non-tax-paid tobacco products for	or delivery sales or		
12		remote sales of tobacco products other than vapor products	<u>s</u> if the location is a		
13		location other than the location described in subdivision (2)	) of this subsection.		
14	<u>(a2)</u> <u>Vapo</u>	r Products License A wholesale dealer or a retail dealer n	nust obtain a vapor		
15	products license	for all of the following locations:			
16	<u>(1)</u>	Each location where a wholesale dealer makes vapor produced			
17	<u>(2)</u>	Each location where a wholesale dealer or a retail dealer	receives or stores		
18		non-tax-paid vapor products.			
19	<u>(3)</u>	Each location from where a retail dealer that is a delivery			
20		seller receives or stores non-tax-paid vapor products for d	lelivery sales if the		
21		location is a location other than the location described in	subdivision (2) of		
22		this subsection.			
23	(b) Licer	se Tax Amount. – The license tax amounts are as follows:			
24	(1)	Wholesale dealer \$25.00			
25	(2)	Retail dealer \$10.00			
26		of-State Wholesale Dealers An out-of-state wholesale			
27		not a delivery seller or a remote seller may obtain a wholes			
28		e with the provisions of G.S. 105-113.4A and payment of a	tax of twenty-five		
29	dollars (\$25.00).				
30		<b>FION 3.8.(c)</b> Subsection (b) of this section becomes effectiv	•		
31		es issued on or after that date. The remainder of this section	is effective when it		
32	becomes law.				
33		<b>FION 3.9.(a)</b> G.S. 105-113.88 reads as rewritten:			
34	-	Record-keeping requirements.			
35	_	o is required to file a report or return under this Article must	-		
36		to determine information the person provides in a report or			
37		nation required by the Secretary to determine the person's			
38		e records must be kept for three years from the due date of the			
39		ls apply.the applicable period of statute of limitations as set			
40		. If the records apply to a transaction not required to be report			
41		kept for three years from the date of the transaction. Th	e Secretary or the		
42		nee has the right at any reasonable time to inspect records."			
43		<b>FION 3.9.(b)</b> This section is effective when this act becom			
44		uired to be kept for transactions occurring on or after that dat	•		
45	-	the Secretary's designee to inspect records at any reasonable t			
46		records for transactions occurring on or after the effective da	te of this section.		
47		<b>FION 3.10.</b> G.S. 105-449.39 reads as rewritten:			
48		Credit for payment of motor fuel tax.	1.1. 1		
49 50		$t_{\rm t}$ – Every motor carrier subject to the tax levied by this Art			
50	-	terly return for tax paid by the carrier on fuel purchased in the			
51	of the credit is d	etermined using the tax rate in effect under G.S. 105-449.80	for the time period		

<b>General Assemb</b>	ly Of North Carolina	Session 2023
covered by the ret	turn. date the fuel is placed into the qualified mo	tor vehicle. To obtain a credit,
	must furnish evidence satisfactory to the Secret	
credit is claimed l	-	5
	<u>d. – If the amount of a credit to which a motor</u>	carrier is entitled for a quarter
	r carrier's liability for that quarter, the excess is	
G.S. 105-241.7."	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	<b>TON 3.11.</b> G.S. 105-449.42 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 105-449.42. P		
-	by this Article is due when a motor carrier files	-a quarterly return is due under
	The amount of tax due is calculated on the amou	1 J
	notor carrier in its operations within this State du	
	r carrier is exempt from filing a return under (	• •
	icle is due when the tax becomes collectible und	
•	<b>TON 3.12.</b> G.S. 105-449.45 reads as rewritten:	<u></u>
	Returns of carriers.	
0	n. – A motor carrier must report its operations t	o the Secretary on a quarterly
	ection (b) of this section exempts the motor car	• • •
	overs a calendar quarter and is due by the last da	-
	onth following the quarter. A return must be file	
Secretary.	onui tonowing the quarter. A feturi must be m	ed in the form required by the
	ptions. – A motor carrier is not required to file a	a quarterly return if any of the
following applies		a quarterry return in any of the
• • •	All the motor carrier's operations during the	quartar wara mada undar a
(1)	temporary permit issued under G.S. 105-449.49	-
( <b>2</b> )	The motor carrier is an intrastate motor carri	
(2)		
	carrier's application for licensure with the Sec	actury. Secretary, and operates
"	exclusively in North Carolina.	
	<b>TON 3.13.(a)</b> G.S. 105-449.46 reads as rewritte	
	nspection of books and records.Record-keepi	
autho	-	ing requirements, inspection
	d Keeping. – An interstate motor carrier shall m	agintain records in accordance
	ative agreements entered into in accordance wi	
•	ter information required by the Secretary. An	
	to determine the person's motor fuel or alterna	-
	as required by the Secretary. The intrastate moto	or carrier shall keep the records
	er the date of the transaction.	any's systemized scents and
· · · <b>·</b>	<u>etion. – The Secretary and his the Secreta</u>	
1	all have the right at any reasonable time to inspec	5
	ject to the tax imposed by this Article or to th	e registration fee imposed by
1	ter 20 of the General Statutes."	
	<b>ION 3.13.(b)</b> This section is effective when thi	
	nsactions occurring on or after that date. The aut	
•	rized agents to inspect the books and records at a	
	to records for transactions occurring on or after th	ne effective date of this section.
	<b>TON 3.14.</b> G.S. 105-449.47 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 105-449.47. L	icensure of vehicles.	
•••		
	se and Decal. – When the Secretary licenses a mo	-
	the motor carrier and a set of decals for each qu	
carrier must keep	p records of decals issued to it and must be ab	le to account for all decals it

1 2	receives from the Secretary. Licenses and decals issued by the Secretary are for a calendar year. All decals issued by the Secretary remain the property of the State. The Secretary may revoke a				
3	license or a decal when a motor carrier fails to comply with this Article or Article 36C or 36D of				
4	this Subchapter.				
5	(a2) A-Carrying License and Displaying Decal. – Except as provided in subsection (a3) of	•			
6	this section, a motor carrier must carry a copy of its <u>current calendar year</u> license in each <u>qualified</u>				
7	motor vehicle operated by the motor carrier when the vehicle is in this State. Unless operating				
8	under a temporary permit under G.S. 105-449.49, G.S. 105-449.49 or operating under the grace				
9	period in accordance with subsection (a3) of this section, a <u>qualified</u> motor vehicle must clearly				
10	display one <u>current calendar year</u> decal on each side of the vehicle at all times. A decal must be				
11	affixed to the qualified motor vehicle for which it was issued in the place and manner designated				
12	by the authority that issued it.				
13	(a3) <u>Grace Period. – Motor carriers shall have through the last day of February to display</u>				
14	the current calendar year decals on the qualified motor vehicle and carry a copy of its current				
15	calendar year license in the qualified motor vehicle. To be eligible for the grace period, the motor				
16	carrier shall do the following:				
17	(1) Hold an active motor carrier license as of December 31 of the preceding				
18	calendar year issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction	<u>l</u>			
19	pursuant to the International Fuel Tax Agreement.				
20	(2) Submit an application for licensure to the Department on or before December				
21	31 of the preceding year.				
22	(3) Display the previous calendar year's decal issued by the Department or issued	:			
23	by another jurisdiction pursuant to the International Fuel Tax Agreement.				
24	(4) <u>Carry a copy of the previous calendar year's license in the qualified motor</u>	•			
25	vehicle issued by the Department or issued by another jurisdiction.				
26	"				
27	<b>SECTION 3.15.</b> G.S. 105-449.61(a) reads as rewritten:				
28 29	"(a) No Local Tax. – A county or city may not impose a tax on the sale, distribution, or use of motor fuel, except motor fuel for which a refund of the per gallon excise tax is allowed				
29 30	under $G.S. 105-449.105A$ or $G.S. 105-449.107.G.S. 105-449.105A, 105-449.106(d), or$				
31	105-449.107."	•			
32	<b>SECTION 3.16.</b> G.S. 105-449.97 reads as rewritten:				
33	"§ 105-449.97. Deductions and discounts allowed a supplier when filing a return.				
34	(a) Taxes Not Remitted. – When a supplier files a return, the supplier may deduct from				
35	the amount of tax payable with the return the amount of tax any of the following licensees owes				
36	the supplier but failed to remit to the supplier:				
37	(1) A licensed distributor.				
38	(2) A licensed importer that removed the motor fuel on which the tax is due from	L			
39	a terminal of an elective or a permissive supplier.				
40	(3) Repealed by Session Laws 1995, c. $647$ , s. $32$ .				
41	(a1) Tax Paid After Deduction. – A supplier is not liable for tax a licensee listed in this	,			
42	subsection (a) of this section owes the supplier but fails to pay. If a listed licensee pays tax owed				
43	to a supplier after the supplier deducts the amount on a return, the supplier must promptly remit				
44	the payment to the Secretary.				
45					
46	(e) <u>Credit for Motor Fuel in Terminal. – When filing a return, a licensed supplier who is</u>	-			
47	the position holder may take a credit for tax-paid motor fuel in the terminal system."				
48	<b>SECTION 3.17.</b> G.S. 105-449.106(a) reads as rewritten:				
49	"(a) Nonprofits. – A nonprofit organization listed below that purchases and uses motor				

#### **General Assembly Of North Carolina** Session 2023 1 equal to the tax rate in effect under G.S. 105-449.80 for the time period for which the refund is 2 claimed, less one cent $(1\phi)$ per gallon. 3 An application for a refund allowed under this subsection must be made in accordance with 4 this Part and must be signed by the chief executive officer of the organization. The chief 5 executive officer of a nonprofit organization is the president of the organization or another officer 6 of the organization designated in the charter or bylaws of the organization. 7 Any of the following entities may receive a refund under this subsection: 8 Repealed by Session Laws 2002-108, s. 13, effective January 1, 2003. (1)9 (2)A private, nonprofit organization that transports passengers under contract 10 with or at the express designation of a unit of local government. 11 A volunteer fire department. (3)A volunteer rescue squad. 12 (4) 13 (5)A sheltered workshop recognized by the Department of Health and Human 14 Services." 15 **SECTION 3.18.(a)** G.S. 105-449.121 reads as rewritten: 16 "§ 105-449.121. Record-keeping requirements; inspection authority. 17 What Must Be Kept. - A person who is subject to audit under subsection (b) of this (a) 18 section must keep a record of all shipping documents or other documents used to determine 19 information the person provides in a return or to determine the person's motor fuel transactions. 20 The records must be kept for three years from the due date of the return to which the records 21 apply or, if the applicable period of statute of limitations as set forth in Article 9 of this Chapter. 22 If the records apply to a transaction not required to be reported in a return, the records must be 23 kept for three years from the date of the transaction. 24 (b) Inspection. - The Secretary or a person designated by the Secretary shall have the 25 right at any reasonable time to inspect the records subject to audit under this subsection and may 26 do any of the following to determine tax liability under this Article: 27 Audit a person who is required to have or elects to have a license under this (1)28 Article. 29 Audit a distributor, a retailer, a bulk end-user, or a motor fuel user that is not (2)30 licensed under this Article. 31 Examine a tank or other equipment used to make, store, or transport motor (3) 32 fuel, diesel dyes, or diesel markers. 33 Take a sample of a product from a vehicle, a tank, or another container in a (4) 34 quantity sufficient to determine the composition of the product. 35 Stop a vehicle for the purpose of taking a sample of motor fuel from the (5) 36 vehicle." 37 **SECTION 3.18.(b)** This section is effective when this act becomes law and applies 38 to documents required to be kept for transactions occurring on or after that date. The authority of 39 the Secretary or the Secretary's designee to inspect records at any reasonable time is ongoing and 40 is not limited to records for transactions occurring on or after the effective date of this section. SECTION 3.19.(a) G.S. 105-449.139(a) reads as rewritten: 41 42 Records. - A licensee person required to be licensed under this Article must keep a "(a) record of all documents used to determine the information provided in a return filed under this 43 Article. The records must be kept for three years from the due date of the return to which the 44 records apply. applicable period of statute of limitations as set forth under Article 9 of this 45 Chapter. If the records apply to a transaction not required to be reported in a return, the records 46 47 must be kept for three years from the date of the transaction. The records are open to inspection 48 during business hours by the Secretary or a person designated by the Secretary. Secretary or a 49 person designated by the Secretary shall have the right at any reasonable time to inspect the

Page 14

# General Assembly Of North Carolina

	General Assembly Of N		Session 2025		
1 2		<b>19.(b)</b> This section is effective when this act become be kept for transactions occurring on or after that date			
3	the Secretary or the Secretary's designee to inspect records at any reasonable time is ongoing and				
4	is not limited to records for transactions occurring on or after the effective date of this section.				
5	SECTION 3.20.(a) G.S. 119-18 reads as rewritten:				
6	"§ 119-18. Inspection ta	ax and distribution of the tax proceeds.			
7	(a) Tax. – An ins	spection tax of one fourth of one cent (1/4 of 1¢) pe	r gallon is levied		
8	upon all of the fuel liste	d in this subsection regardless of whether the fuel is	exempt from the		
9	per-gallon excise tax imp	osed by Article 36C or 36D of Chapter 105 of the Gen	ieral Statutes. The		
10		fuel is due and payable to the Secretary of Revenue o			
11	gallon excise tax on mo	tor fuel is due and payable under Article 36C of Cl	hapter 105 of the		
12	General Statutes. The in	spection tax on alternative fuel is due and payable to	the Secretary of		
13	Revenue on the date the excise tax on alternative fuel is due and payable under Article 36D of				
14	Chapter 105 of the Gene	ral Statutes. The inspection tax on kerosene is payab	le monthly to the		
15	Secretary by a supplier th	nat is licensed under Part 2 of Article 36C of Chapter 1	05 of the General		
16	Statutes and by a keroser	ne supplier. A monthly report is due on the date a mor	thly return is due		
17	under G.S. 105-449.90 a	nd applies to kerosene sold during the preceding mo	onth by a supplier		
18	licensed under that Part	and to kerosene received during the preceding mon	th by a kerosene		
19	supplier. A kerosene terr	minal operator must file a return in accordance with	the provisions of		
20	G.S. 105-449.90. The ins	spection tax on jet fuel and aviation gasoline is payab	le as specified by		
21	the Secretary of Revenue	e. A return must be in the form prescribed by, and co	ntain information		
22	required by, the Secretar				
23	(1) Motor				
24		ative fuel used to operate a highway vehicle.			
25	(3) Keros				
26	(4) Jet fue				
27	(5) Aviati	on gasoline.			
28	 (d) Decende A	noncon negotiand to non-it the test immeded by this as	ation shall been a		
29 30		person required to remit the tax imposed by this secured to determine the information provided in a return.	-		
30 31		e period of statute of limitations as set forth under Ar			
32		es. The Secretary or a person designated by the Secret			
33		me to inspect the records."	<u>ar y shan nave the</u>		
34		<b>20.(b)</b> This section is effective when this act become	es law and applies		
35		be kept for transactions occurring on or after that date			
36	1	etary's designee to inspect records at any reasonable tin	•		
37	•	for transactions occurring on or after the effective date			
38		<b>21.</b> G.S. 105-449.81 reads as rewritten:			
39	"§ 105-449.81. Excise ta				
40		notor fuel rate is imposed on motor fuel that is:			
41	•••	L			
42	(3b) Fuel g	grade ethanol or biodiesel fuel if the fuel meets at	least one of the		
43	follow	ving descriptions:			
44	a.	Is produced in this State and is removed from the stor	rage facility at the		
45		production location.			
46	b.	Is imported to this State by means of a transport true			
47		car, a tank wagon, or a marine vessel where fuel			
48		biodiesel from the vessel is not delivered to a term			
49		assigned a terminal control number by the Internal R			
50	с.	Repealed by Session Laws 2009-445, s. 34(a), eff	ective January 1,		
51		2010.			

Gener	al Assemb	ly Of North Carolina	Session 2023
		d. Is removed from the terminal transfer system and	is not subject to the
		federal excise tax imposed by § 4081 of the Code.	
	(4)	Blended fuel made in this State or imported to this State.	
	(5)	Transferred within the terminal transfer system and is sul	oject, upon transfer,
		to the federal excise tax imposed by section § 4081	of the Code or is
		transferred to a person at a terminal who is not licensed u	under this Article as
		a supplier."	
	SECT	<b>TION 3.22.(a)</b> G.S. 105-449.88 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 105	-449.88. 1	Exemptions from the excise tax.	
The	e excise ta	x on motor fuel does not apply to the following:	
	•••		
	<u>(12)</u>	Fuel grade ethanol or biodiesel transferred between term	
		Carolina, if the fuel grade ethanol or biodiesel is owned b	y the same licensed
		supplier."	
_		<b>TION 3.22.(b)</b> This section is effective when it becomes	law and applies to
transfe		ng on or after that date.	
	SEC	<b>TION 3.23.</b> Except as otherwise provided, this Part is effectively and the set of the s	ve when it becomes
law.			
ра рт			
PAKI		PERTY TAX CHANGES TION 4.1. G.S. 105-277.9 is repealed.	
		<b>TION 4.1.</b> C.S. 105-277.9 is repeated.	
	SEC	<b>1011 4.2.</b> This Part is effective when it becomes law.	
рлрт	V TAX	ADMINISTRATION AND COLLECTIONS CHANGES	2
IANI		<b>TION 5.1.(a)</b> G.S. 105-236 reads as rewritten:	9
"8 105		alties; situs of violations; penalty disposition.	
(a)		ties. – The following civil penalties and criminal offenses a	nnlv:
(4)	(1)	Penalty for Bad Checks. – When the bank upon which ar	
	(-)	tendered to the Department of Revenue in payment of ar	•
		the Department returns the check because of insuffic	
		nonexistence of an account of the drawer, the Secretary sha	
		of the check a penalty equal to ten percent (10%) of the	
		minimum of one dollar (\$1.00) and a maximum of or	-
		(\$1,000). This penalty does not apply if the Secretary f	
		check was presented for payment, the drawer of the check	had sufficient funds
		in an account at a financial institution to pay the check ar	nd, by inadvertence,
		the drawer of the check failed to draw the check on the	
		sufficient funds. For purposes of this subdivision, in the ca	use of a garnishment
		payment, the term "drawer" refers to the garnishee.	-
	(1a)	Penalty for Bad Electronic Funds Transfer When a	an electronic funds
		transfer cannot be completed due to insufficient funds or	the nonexistence of
		an account of the transferor, the Secretary shall assess the	transferor a penalty
		equal to ten percent (10%) of the amount of the transfer, su	bject to a minimum
		of one dollar (\$1.00) and a maximum of one thousand do	ollars (\$1,000). This
		penalty may be waived by the Secretary in accordance with	h G.S. 105-237. For
		purposes of this subdivision, in the case of a garnishmen	t payment, the term
		"transferor" refers to the garnishee."	
	SECT	<b>TON 5.1.(b)</b> G.S. 105-242.1(b) reads as rewritten:	
"(b	) Actio	n A garnishee must comply with a notice of garnishme	ent or file a written
-		notice within the time set in this subsection. A garnishee	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	amply or file a response within 20 days after receiving a no	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

51 institution must comply or file a response within 20 days after receiving a notice of garnishment.

1 All other garnishees must comply or file a response within 30 days after receiving a notice of 2 garnishment. A written response must explain why the garnishee is not subject to garnishment 3 and attachment. 4 Upon receipt of a written response, the Department must contact the garnishee and schedule 5 a conference to discuss the response or inform the garnishee of the Department's position 6 concerning the response. If the Department does not agree with the garnishee on the garnishee's 7 liability, the Department may proceed to enforce the garnishee's liability for the tax by sending 8 notice proposed assessment accordance the garnishee a of in with G.S. 9 <del>105-241.9.</del>G.S. 105-241.9, including any penalties imposed in this Article. If the garnishee does 10 not file a response to the notice of garnishment within the time set in this subsection and fails to 11 comply with the notice, the garnishee is subject to the penalties imposed in this Article." SECTION 5.2. G.S. 105-241.11(a) reads as rewritten: 12 13 Procedure. - A taxpayer who objects to a proposed denial of a refund or a proposed "(a) assessment of tax may request a Departmental review of the proposed action by filing a request 14 15 for review. The request for review must either be in-on the form prescribed by the Secretary or be a written statement clearly indicating the taxpayer requests review of a proposed denial of a 16 17 refund or a proposed assessment of tax and include an explanation for the request for review. The 18 request must be filed with the Department as follows: ....." 19 20 **SECTION 5.3.(a)** Article 9 of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes is amended by 21 adding the following new section to read: "§ 105-241.24. Statute of limitations on collections. 22 23 The Department may collect a tax for a period of 10 years from the date it becomes collectible 24 under G.S. 105-241.22. The 10-year period may be tolled for the same reasons the enforcement 25 period for a certificate of tax liability may be tolled under G.S. 105-242(c). If the tax is not 26 collected within the time frame authorized under this section, the remaining liability is abated." 27 **SECTION 5.3.(b)** G.S. 105-242(c) reads as rewritten: 28 "(c) Certificate of Tax Liability. – The Department may file a certificate of tax liability to 29 collect a tax that is owed by a taxpayer and is collectible under G.S. 105-241.22. A certificate of 30 tax liability must state the taxpayer's name and the type and amount of tax owed. If the taxpayer 31 resides in this State or has property in this State, the Department must file the certificate of tax 32 liability with the clerk of the superior court of a county in which the taxpayer resides or has 33 property. If the taxpayer does not reside in this State or have property in this State, the Department 34 must file the certificate of tax liability in Wake County. 35 The clerk of court must record a certificate of tax liability in the same manner as a judgment. 36 A recorded certificate of tax liability is considered a judgment and is enforceable in the same 37 manner as other judgments. The legal rate of interest set in G.S. 24-1 applies to the principal 38 amount of tax stated on the certificate of tax liability. The tax stated on a certificate of tax liability 39 is a lien on real and personal property from the date the certificate is recorded. 40 A certificate of tax liability is enforceable for a period of 10 years from the date it is recorded. recorded, however, the enforcement period may not extend beyond the statute of limitations 41 42 provided for under G.S. 105-241.24. If the certificate is not satisfied within this period, the 43 remaining liability of the taxpayer is abated and the Department must cancel the certificate. An 44 execution sale initiated before the end of the 10-year enforcement period may be completed after 45 the end of this period, regardless of whether resales are required because of the posting of 46 increased bids. The Secretary may accept tax payments made after a certificate has expired, regardless of whether any collection actions were taken before the certificate expired. A taxpayer 47 48 may waive the 10 year enforcement period for enforcement of the certificate for either a definite 49 or an indefinite time. 50 The 10-year enforcement period in which of a certificate of tax liability is enforceable is tolled during the following periods: 51

	General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2023				
1	(1)	While the taxpayer is absent from the State. The period is may be tolled during			
2		the taxpayer's absence plus one year after the taxpayer returns.			
3	(2)	Upon the death of the taxpayer. The period is tolled while the taxpayer's estate			
4		is administered plus one year after the estate is closed.			
5	(3)	While an action is pending to set aside a conveyance made by the taxpayer as			
6		a fraudulent conveyance.			
7	(4)	While an insolvency proceeding against the taxpayer is pending.			
8	(5)	During the period of any statutory or judicial bar to the enforcement of the			
9		certificate.			
10	(6)	The period for which a taxpayer has waived the 10-year enforcement period."			
11					
12	PART VI. EFFECTIVE DATE				
13	SEC	<b>CTION 6.</b> Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes			
14	law.				