GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2023

S SENATE BILL 50

Short Title:	Require Cooperation with ICE 2.0.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Senators Britt, Sanderson, and B. Newton (Primary Sponsors).	
Referred to:	Rules and Operations of the Senate	

February 1, 2023

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO REQUIRE COMPLIANCE WITH IMMIGRATION DETAINERS AND ADMINISTRATIVE WARRANTS AND TO REQUIRE CERTAIN REPORTS FROM LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 162-62 reads as rewritten:

"§ 162-62. Legal status of prisoners.

- (a) When any person eharged with a felony or an impaired driving offense is confined for any period in a county jail, local confinement facility, district confinement facility, or satellite jail/work release unit, satellite jail, or work release unit, the administrator or other person in charge of the facility shall attempt to determine if the prisoner is a legal resident of the United States by an inquiry of the prisoner, or by examination of any relevant documents, or both.both, if the person is charged with any of the following offenses:
 - (1) A felony under G.S. 90-95.
 - (2) A felony under Article 6, Article 7B, Article 10, Article 10A, or Article 13A of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes.
 - (3) A Class A1 misdemeanor or felony under Article 8 of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes.
 - (4) Any violation of G.S. 50B-4.1.
- (b) If the administrator or other person in charge of the facility is unable to determine if that prisoner is a legal resident or citizen of the United States or its territories, the administrator or other person in charge of the facility holding the <u>prisoner</u>, where <u>possible</u>, <u>prisoner</u> shall make a query of Immigration and Customs Enforcement of the United States Department of Homeland Security. If the prisoner has not been lawfully admitted to the United States, the United States Department of Homeland Security will have been notified of the prisoner's status and confinement at the facility by its receipt of the query from the facility.
- (b1) When any person charged with a criminal offense is confined for any period in a county jail, local confinement facility, district confinement facility, satellite jail, or work release unit, and the administrator or other person in charge of the facility has been notified that Immigration and Customs Enforcement of the United States Department of Homeland Security has issued a detainer and administrative warrant that reasonably appears to be for the person in custody, the following shall apply:
 - (1) Prior to the prisoner's release, and after receipt of the detainer and administrative warrant, or a copy thereof, by the administrator or other person in charge of the facility, the prisoner shall be taken without unnecessary delay



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1		before a State judicial official who shall be provided with the detainer and		
2		administrative warrant, or a copy thereof.		
3	<u>(2)</u>	The judicial official shall issue an order directing the prisoner be held in		
4		custody if the prisoner appearing before the judicial official is the same person		
5		subject to the detainer and administrative warrant.		
6	(3)	Unless continued custody of the prisoner is required by other legal process, a		
7		prisoner held pursuant to an order issued under this subsection shall be		
8		released upon the first of the following conditions:		
9		a. The passage of 48 hours from receipt of the detainer and administrative		
10		warrant.		
11		b. <u>Immigration and Customs Enforcement of the United States</u>		
12		Department of Homeland Security takes custody of the prisoner.		
13		c. The detainer is rescinded by Immigration and Customs Enforcement		
14		of the United States Department of Homeland Security.		
15	<u>(b2)</u> No S	tate or local law enforcement officer or agency shall have criminal or civil		
16	liability for actio	n taken pursuant to an order issued under subsection (b1) of this section.		
17	(c) Nothi	Except as provided in subsection (b1) of this section, nothing in this section		
18	shall be construed to deny bond to a prisoner or to prevent a prisoner from being released from			
19	confinement who	en that prisoner is otherwise eligible for release.		
20				
21		nning October 1, 2024, and annually thereafter, the administrator or other person		
22		a county jail, local confinement facility, district confinement facility, or satellite		
23	•	se unit within the State shall report to the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee		
24				
25	-	ng July 1 to June 30:		
26	<u>(1)</u>	The number of times the facility made a query of Immigration and Customs		
27		Enforcement of the United States Department of Homeland Security.		
28	<u>(2)</u>	The number of times Immigration and Customs Enforcement of the United		
29		States Department of Homeland Security responded to a query.		
30	<u>(3)</u>	The number of times Immigration and Customs Enforcement of the United		
31		States Department of Homeland Security sent a detainer request for a prisoner.		
32	<u>(4)</u>	The number of times a prisoner was held for the full 48 hours.		
33	<u>(5)</u>	The number of times a prisoner was held then released following the		
34		rescinding of a detainer order by the Immigration and Customs Enforcement		
35	(5)	of the United States Department of Homeland Security.		
36	<u>(6)</u>	The number of times a prisoner was held who would have otherwise been		
37		eligible for release from custody.		
38	<u>(7)</u>	The number of times Immigration and Customs Enforcement of the United		
39		States Department of Homeland Security took custody of a prisoner after		
40		notification from the administrator or other person in charge of the facility		
41	OPE OF	holding the prisoner."		
42	SEC".	FION 2. This act becomes effective December 1, 2023, and applies to offenses		

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committed on or after that date.