GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2023

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SENATE BILL DRS15237-LRxf-98B

Short Title:	UI/Establish Short-Time Compensation in NC.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Senator Johnson (Primary Sponsor).	
Referred to:		
	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
	MENDING THE EMPLOYMENT SECURITY LAWS TO EST	ΓABLISH A
SHORT-TIME COMPENSATION PROGRAM IN NORTH CAROLINA.		
The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:		
	ECTION 1. Chapter 96 of the General Statutes is amended by adding	a new Article
to read:		
	"Article 6.	
"Short-Time Compensation.		
	ort-time compensation.	
	efinitions. – The following definitions apply in this section:	~ 11 · · · ·
<u>(1</u>	• • •	
	two or more employees designated by the employer to par	rucipate in a
(2	short-time compensation plan. Employer sponsored training. A training component spon	sored by an
<u>(2</u>	Employer-sponsored training. – A training component sponemployer to improve the skills of the employer's workers.	isoled by all
<u>(3</u>		week that an
<u>(3</u>	individual would regularly work for the short-time compensati	
	not to exceed 40 hours, excluding overtime.	
<u>(4</u>		<u>viduals in an</u>
	affected unit under an approved short-time compensation plan.	
<u>(5</u>		a short-time
	compensation plan in effect.	
<u>(6</u>		_
	reducing unemployment under which an affected unit shar	es the work
(1)	remaining after its normal weekly hours of work are reduced.	• •
	pproval of Plans. – An employer wishing to participate in the	
	n program must submit a signed, written, short-time plan to the I	Jivision. The
· ·	 l approve the plan if all of the following criteria are met: The plan applies to and identifies each specific affected unit. 	
<u>(1</u>		ooial coourity
<u>(2</u>	number.	ocial security
<u>(3</u>		ected unit are
<u>(3</u>	reduced by at least ten percent (10%) and by not more than	
	(40%).	101ty percent
<u>(4</u>		the aggregate
<u> </u>	reduction in work hours is in lieu of layoffs that would affect	



percent (10%) of the employees in the affected unit and that would have resulted in an equivalent reduction in work hours.

- (5) The plan applies to at least ten percent (10%) of the employees in the affected unit.
- (6) The plan is approved in writing by the collective bargaining agent for each collective bargaining agreement covering any individual in the affected unit.
- (7) The plan does not serve as a subsidy to seasonal employers during the off-season or as a subsidy to employers who traditionally use part-time employees.
- (8) The plan certifies that, if the employer provides fringe benefits to any employee whose workweek is reduced under the program, the fringe benefits will continue to be provided to the employee participating in the short-time compensation program under the same terms and conditions as though the workweek of such employee had not been reduced or to the same extent as other employees not participating in the short-time compensation program. As used in this subdivision, the term "fringe benefits" includes, but is not limited to, health insurance, retirement benefits under defined benefit pension plans as defined in the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, 29 U.S.C. § 1002(35), contributions under a defined contribution plan as defined in section 414(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, paid vacation and holidays, and sick leave.
- (9) The plan describes the manner in which the requirements of this subsection will be implemented, including a plan for giving notice, if feasible, to an employee whose workweek is to be reduced, together with an estimate of the number of layoffs that would have occurred absent the ability to participate in short-time compensation.
- (10) The terms of the employer's written plan and implementation are consistent with employer obligations under applicable federal laws and laws of this State.
- (11) The employer has filed all quarterly reports and other reports required under this Chapter and has paid all obligation assessments, contributions, reimbursements in lieu of contributions, interest, and penalties due through the date of the employer's application.

The Division shall approve or disapprove a short-time compensation plan in writing within 15 days after its receipt. If the plan is denied, the Division shall notify the employer of the reasons for disapproval. A plan takes effect on the date of its approval by the Division and expires at the end of the twelfth full calendar month after its effective date.

- (c) Revocation of Approval. The Division shall periodically monitor the employer's plan compliance and operations. Plan approval may be revoked based on good cause, including the failure to comply with assurances provided in the plan such as that the aggregate reduction in hours is in lieu of layoffs.
- (d) Eligibility Requirements for Short-Time Compensation Benefits. Except as provided in this subsection, an individual is eligible to receive short-time compensation benefits for any week only if the individual complies with this Chapter and the Division finds that (i) the individual is employed as a member of an affected unit in an approved plan that was approved before the week and is in effect for the week, (ii) the individual is able to work and is available for additional hours of work or for full-time work with the short-time employer, and (iii) the normal weekly hours of work of the individual are reduced by at least ten percent (10%) but not by more than forty percent (40%), with a corresponding reduction in wages.

The Division may not deny short-time compensation benefits to an individual who is otherwise eligible for these benefits for any week by reason of the application of any provision of this Chapter relating to availability for work, active search for work, or refusal to apply for or

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accept work from other than the short-time compensation employer of that individual. The Division may not deny short-time compensation benefits to an individual who is otherwise eligible for these benefits for any week because such individual is participating in an employer-sponsored training or a training under the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act to improve job skills when the training is approved by the department.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an individual is deemed unemployed in any week for which compensation is payable to the individual, as an employee in an affected unit, for less than the individual's normal weekly hours of work in accordance with an approved short-time compensation plan in effect for the week.

- (e) Weekly Benefit Amount. The weekly short-time compensation benefit amount payable to an individual is equal to the product of the individual's weekly benefit amount and the ratio of the number of normal weekly hours of work for which the employer would not compensate the individual to the individual's normal weekly hours of work. The benefit amount, if not a multiple of one dollar (\$1.00), is rounded downward to the next lower multiple of one dollar (\$1.00).
- (f) Total Benefit Amount. An individual may not be paid benefits under this section in an amount that is more than the individual's maximum entitlement and an individual may not be paid short-time compensation benefits in excess of that maximum.
- g) Effect of Benefit. The short-time compensation benefits paid to an individual shall be deducted from the total benefit amount established for that individual. An individual who receives all of the short-time compensation or combined reemployment assistance or unemployment compensation and short-time compensation available in a benefit year is considered an exhaustee for purposes of the extended benefits program and, if otherwise eligible under those provisions, is eligible to receive extended benefits. An otherwise eligible individual may not be disqualified from benefits for leaving employment instead of accepting a reduction in hours under an approved plan.
- (h) Allocation of Charges. Except when the result is inconsistent with the other provisions of this Chapter, short-time compensation benefits shall be charged to the employment record of employers.
- (i) Seasonal, temporary, or intermittent employees are not eligible for participation in the program. The following definitions apply in this subsection:
 - (1) Seasonal employment. Employment with an employer who experiences at least a twenty percent (20%) difference between its highest level of employment during a particular season and its lowest level of employment during the off-season in each of the previous three years as reported to the State agency, and/or employees are hired to work on a temporary basis by employers that need extra help during a particular season.
 - (2) Temporary employment. Employment where an employee is expected to remain in a position for only a limited period of time and/or is hired by a temporary agency to fill a gap in an employer's workforce.
 - (3) <u>Intermittent employment.</u> Employment that is not continuous but may consist of periodic intervals of weekly work and intervals of no weekly work."

SECTION 2. This act is effective when it becomes law.

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