

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA
SESSION 2025

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HOUSE PRINCIPAL CLERK

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HOUSE BILL DRH40465-MW-73

Short Title: Dynamic Symbol of Access. (Public)

Sponsors: Representative Cairns.

Referred to:

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
AN ACT TO IMPLEMENT THE USE OF THE DYNAMIC SYMBOL OF ACCESS.
The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. The Department of Administration, in consultation with any other State agency or department it deems necessary, shall implement the use of the dynamic symbol of access in place of the international symbol of access for signs indicating access for, or use by, persons with disabilities in all State buildings and parking areas. The symbol required under this section shall be a logo with a dynamic character leaning forward with a sense of movement, be readily identifiable, and be simply designed with no secondary meaning. An example of the icon is available for public use from the "The Accessible Icon Project," <https://accessibleicon.org>. The new symbol of access shall signify equivalent facilitation and accessibility as the international symbol of access. The requirement of this section applies to signs installed or replaced on or after January 1, 2026.

SECTION 2. G.S. 20-7(c) reads as rewritten:

"(c) Tests. – To demonstrate physical and mental ability, a person must pass an examination. The examination may include road tests, vision tests, oral tests, and, in the case of literate applicants, written tests, as the Division may require. The tests must ensure that an applicant recognizes the handicapped international symbol of access and the dynamic symbol of access, as defined in G.S. 20-37.5. The Division may not require a person who applies to renew a license that has not expired to take a written test or a road test unless one or more of the following applies:

- (1) The person has been convicted of a traffic violation since the person's license was last issued.
- (2) The applicant suffers from a mental or physical condition that impairs the person's ability to drive a motor vehicle.

The Division shall require sign and symbol testing upon initial issuance of a license. The Division shall require vision testing as a part of required in-person, in-office renewals of a license.

The Division may not require a person who is at least 60 years old to parallel park a motor vehicle as part of a road test. A person shall not use an autocycle to complete a road test under this subsection."

SECTION 3.1. G.S. 20-37.5 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-37.5. Definitions.

Unless the context requires otherwise, the following definitions apply throughout this Article to the defined words and phrases and their cognates:



(1) "Distinguishing license plate" means a license plate that displays the International Symbol of Access or the dynamic symbol of access, using the same color, size of plate, and size of letters or numbers as a regular plate.

(1a) Dynamic symbol of access. – The symbol of wheelchair access depicting a logo with a dynamic character leaning forward with a sense of movement as implemented for use by the Department of Administration.

(1a)(1b) Guardian. – Any of the following:

- a. Custodian. – As defined in G.S. 7B-101(8).
- b. General guardian. – As defined in G.S. 35A-1202(7).
- c. Guardian of the person. – As defined in G.S. 35A-1202(10).

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(4) "Removable windshield placard" means a two-sided, hooked placard which includes on each side:

- a. The International Symbol of ~~Access~~, Access or the dynamic symbol of access which is at least three inches in height, centered on the placard, and is white on a blue shield;
- b. An identification number;
- c. An expiration date that is visible from at least 20 feet and the month and year of expiration; and
- d. The seal or other identification of the issuing authority."

SECTION 3.2. No later than January 1, 2026, all distinguishing license plates and removable window placards issued by the Division of Motor Vehicles shall bear the dynamic symbol of access.

SECTION 4. G.S. 136-30(c) reads as rewritten:

"(c) Public Vehicular Areas. – Except as provided in this subsection, all traffic signs and other traffic control devices placed on a public vehicular area, as defined in G.S. 20-4.01, must conform to the Uniform Manual. The owner of private property that contains a public vehicular area may place on the property a traffic control device, other than a sign designating a parking space for handicapped persons, as defined in G.S. 20-37.5, that differs in material from the uniform device but does not differ in shape, size, color, or any other way from the uniform device. The owner of ~~private~~ property that contains a public vehicular area may place on the property a sign designating a parking space for handicapped persons that uses the dynamic symbol of access or the international symbol of access, as defined in G.S. 20-37.5, and differs in material and color from the uniform sign but does not differ in shape, size, or any other way from the uniform device."

SECTION 5. This act is effective when it becomes law.