GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2025

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HOUSE BILL 975

Committee Substitute Favorable 4/29/25 Senate Health Care Committee Substitute Adopted 6/17/25

Short Title:	EMS Personnel Provisions.	(Public)
Sponsors:		
Referred to:		
April 14, 2025		
DUTY, TO AN EXE EMERGE AN INJUI AT THE S	ALLOW EMERGENCY MED CARRY PEPPER SPRAY OP MPTION TO THE PRACT NCY PERSONNEL WHO REN	BE ENTITLED DICAL SERVICES PERSONNEL, WHILE ON ENLY OR CONCEALED, AND TO PROVIDE ICE OF VETERINARY MEDICINE FOR DER EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES TO AN INJURED SEARCH AND RESCUE DOG
PART I. ALLOW EMS PERSONNEL TO CARRY PEPPER SPRAY SECTION 1.(a) G.S. 131E-158 is amended by adding a new subsection to read: "(c) The North Carolina Office of Emergency Medical Services and the Commission shall adopt rules to permit emergency medical services personnel to carry, openly or concealed, any pepper spray consistent with G.S. 14-401.6(a)(7). The rules adopted may require emergency medical services personnel to complete training which shall not exceed NC Basic Law Enforcement Training standards in the use of pepper spray and obtain the approval of the affiliated EMS provider pursuant to its policy regarding use prior to carrying pepper spray and prohibit the discharge of pepper spray in the ambulance compartment during transport of the patient. For purposes of this subsection, the term "pepper spray" means a chemical irritant such as mace, oleoresin capsicum or pepper spray, or tear gas." SECTION 1.(b) This Part becomes effective July 1, 2025.		
TRANSPORT SE "§ 90-187.10. No individ license from the without having	TO INJURED POLICE K-9 CTION 2.(a) G.S. 90-187.10 re Necessity for license; certain pual shall engage in the practice one Board. No person, as defined a veterinary facility permit from this Article shall be construed to Emergency medical services.	f veterinary medicine without having a veterinary in G.S. 90-181(5), may own a veterinary facility in the Board. o prohibit: s personnel, as defined in G.S. 131E-155, except
	not be considered emergence	entialed as emergency medical dispatchers shall y medical services personnel for purposes of this ide emergency medical transport or emergency



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medical services to an injured K-9 police unit animal or an injured certified search and rescue dog deployed by or contracted to work with a federal, State, or local agency or department at the scene of an emergency."

SECTION 2.(b) Article 7 of Chapter 131E of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 131E-155.2. Emergency medical treatment for K-9 unit or search and rescue dog; limited immunity.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, emergency medical services personnel shall not be prosecuted for providing emergency medical transport or emergency medical services to an injured K-9 police unit animal or an injured search and rescue dog if the emergency medical services personnel acted in good faith when providing emergency medical transport or emergency medical services to an injured K-9 police unit animal or an injured search and rescue dog at the scene of an emergency. The immunity established by this section does not extend to gross negligence, wanton conduct, or intentional wrongdoing that would otherwise be actionable. For purposes of this section, a search and rescue dog is defined as a dog certified by any national certification organization that is deployed by or contracted to work with a federal, State, or local agency or department, and individuals solely credentialed as emergency medical dispatchers shall not be considered emergency medical services personnel."

SECTION 2.(c) This Part is effective 30 days after becoming law and applies to acts on or after that date.

PART III. EFFECTIVE DATE

law.

SECTION 3. Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes